

HUNTER OWNER'S MANUAL

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Welcome to **THE HUNTER MARINE FAMILY**

Congratulations on your new sailing yacht manufactured by Hunter Marine. We have engineered and constructed your boat to be as fine a yacht as any afloat. In order to get the best performance and most enjoyment from your boat you should be familiar with its various elements and their functions. For your sailing pleasure and safety, please take time to study this manual.

We stand behind the quality of your boat with a warranty, which you should review. To insure the validity of your warranty, please complete the attached card and send it to us within ten (10) days of the purchase date. Section 15 of the U.S. Federal Boat Safety Act requires registration of a boat's first owner. The warranty data should also be recorded in the space below for your own reference.

This manual has been compiled to help you operate your craft with safety and pleasure. It contains details of the craft; equipment supplied

or fitted, systems, and information on operation and maintenance. Please read it carefully, and familiarize yourself with the craft before using it. If this is your first sailboat or you are changing to a type of craft you are not familiar with, please ensure that you obtain proper handling and operating experience before you assume command of the craft. Your dealer or national sailing federation or yacht club will be pleased to advise you of local sea schools or competent instructors.

PLEASE KEEP THIS MANUAL IN A SAFE PLACE AND HAND IT OVER TO THE NEW OWNER IF YOU SELL THE CRAFT.

You should also complete the warranty cards for your engine, stove, head, electric water pump and other accessories. These are enclosed in the manufacturers' manuals that are packaged with your owner's manual.

OWNER INFORMATION CARD

HULL IDENTIFICATION NUMBER IS ON THE STARBOARD AFT SIDE OF THE HULL OR TRANSOM.
THIS NUMBER MUST BE GIVEN IN ALL NECESSARY CORRESPONDENCE.

HULL NO.

DATE DELIVERED TO OWNER

YACHT NAME

OWNER NAME

STREET ADDRESS

CITY

STATE/COUNTRY

ZIP CODE

HOME PORT

ENGINE MODEL

SERIAL NO.

PROPELLER SIZE

DEALER

PHONE

STREET ADDRESS

CITY

STATE/COUNTRY

ZIP CODE

HUNTER MARINE LIMITED WARRANTY

LIMITED ONE-YEAR WARRANTY

Hunter Marine warrants to the first-use purchaser and any subsequent owner during the warranty period, that any part manufactured by Hunter will be free of defects caused by faulty workmanship or materials

for a period of twelve (12) months from the date of delivery to the first-use purchaser under normal use and service. During this period, Hunter will repair or replace any part judged to be defective by Hunter.

LIMITED FIVE-YEAR HULL STRUCTURE AND BOTTOM BLISTER WARRANTY

Hunter warrants to the first-use purchaser and any subsequent owner during the warranty period that the hull of each boat will be free from structural defects in materials and workmanship for a period of five (5) years from the date of delivery to the first-use purchaser under normal use and service.

This limited warranty applies only to the structural integrity of the hull and supporting pan/grid or stringer system. Hulls, pan/grid or stringers modified in any way or powered with engines other than the type and size installed or specified by Hunter are not covered by this limited warranty. The obligation of Hunter under this limited warranty is restricted to the repair or replacement of hulls that are determined to be structurally defective.

Hunter also warrants to the first-use purchaser and any subsequent owner during the warranty period that the boat will be free from gel-coat blistering on underwater surfaces of the hull, excluding the keel and rudder, for a period of five (5) years from the date of delivery to the first-use purchaser

under normal use and service. During this period, Hunter will supply or reimburse an authorized Hunter dealer for all of the parts and labor required to repair a blistered underwater surface of the hull. The labor cost reimbursement will be based on the Labor Allowance Schedule established by Hunter. However, if a non-Hunter dealer performs the repair, the repair cost must be authorized by Hunter in advance and be based on a reasonable number of hours as determined by Hunter. Transportation, hauling, launching, bottom paint, storage, dockage, cradling rental, rigging and derigging, or other similar costs will not be paid by Hunter. We recommend that the repair be done during a seasonal haul out for service or storage.

The bottom blister warranty is **void** under the following circumstances:

- (1) If the gel-coat has been sanded, sandblasted, or subjected to abrasion or impact.
- (2) If the instructions provided in the Hunter Owner's manual regarding bottom preparation techniques are not followed.

RESTRICTIONS APPLICABLE TO WARRANTIES

These limited warranties **do not cover** the following:

(1) Paint, window glass, gel-coat, upholstery, engines, engine parts, bilge pumps, stoves, blowers, pressure water pumps, propellers, shafts, rudders, controls, instruments, keels and equipment not manufactured by Hunter. Any warranty made by the manufacturer of such items will be, if possible, given on to the first-use purchaser.

(2) Problems caused by improper maintenance, storage, cradling, blocking,

normal wear and tear, misuse, neglect, accident, corrosion, electrolysis or improper operation.

THIS WARRANTY IS EXPRESSLY IN LIEU OF ANY AND ALL OTHER REMEDIES AND WARRANTIES EXPRESSED AND IMPLIED, INCLUDING THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS. SOME STATES OR COUNTRIES DO NOT ALLOW LIMITATIONS ON HOW LONG AN IMPLIED WARRANTY LASTS, SO THE ABOVE LIMITATION MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU. THE PURCHASER

HUNTER MARINE LIMITED WARRANTY

ACKNOWLEDGES THAT NO OTHER REPRESENTATIONS WERE MADE TO HIM ANY CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES THAT MAY BE INCURRED ARE EXCLUDED AND JUDGED DEFECTIVE BY HUNTER. SOMESTATES OR COUNTRIES DO NOT ALLOW THE EXCLUSION OF INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, SO THE

OR HER WITH RESPECT TO THE QUALITY AND FUNCTION OF THE BOAT. ABOVE LIMITATION OR EXCLUSION MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU. THIS WARRANTY GIVES YOU SPECIFIC LEGAL RIGHTS, AND YOU MAY ALSO HAVE OTHER RIGHTS THAT VARY FROM STATE TO STATE OR COUNTRY TO COUNTRY.

WARRANTY REGISTRATION

These limited warranties shall not be effective unless the Hunter Warranty Registration Form and Pre-Delivery Service Record, which are furnished with each new boat, are filled out completely and returned to Hunter within fifteen (15) days of delivery. Responsibility for sending the completed Registration Form remains with the dealer.

It is critical that the Warranty Registration Form is signed by both the dealer and the owner and returned to Hunter. Warranty coverage cannot be initiated until Hunter receives the completed form. All repairs and/or

replacements will be made by an authorized Hunter dealer, or at the option of Hunter, at the Hunter plant. If the repairs are of such a nature that the warranty work must be performed at the Hunter plant, the owner shall pay transportation costs to and from the Hunter plant. The labor cost reimbursement will be based on a labor allowance schedule established by Hunter and where not applicable, on a reasonable number of hours as determined by Hunter. An authorized Hunter service representative must approve any repairs and replacements in advance.

TRANSFER OF LIMITED WARRANTIES

Limited warranties will be transferred to a subsequent purchaser of the boat if:

(1) The subsequent purchaser gives Hunter written notice of transfer of ownership within thirty (30) days of the transfer.

(2) The notice shall include the name, address and telephone number of the

subsequent purchaser, the date of purchase, the hull number, and the name of the seller of the boat.

Hunter will mail notice of expiration dates of the limited warranties to the subsequent owner. The transfer of the ownership of the will not extend the expiration dates of the limited warranties.

EPOXY BARRIER COAT

Should a customer wish to have an epoxy barrier applied to the hull, (ex. Interlux Interprotect 1000/2000, West Systems, VC Tar), this will not void the five-year blister warranty. This refers to epoxy barrier coatings as mentioned above, not epoxy primer paints.

If an epoxy barrier coat is applied to a Hunter vessel, it must be registered with the Warranty Department **prior** to application of the product. If the dealer applies bottom paint only, sanding **will not** be allowed and the no sanding system must be used.

CUSTOMER SATISFACTION SURVEY

During the first year of ownership, the first purchaser will receive two Customer Satisfaction Surveys: the first (CSS #1) will be received shortly after taking delivery and focuses on the customer's experience with the dealer and commissioning of the boat, and the owner's initial satisfaction. The

second survey (CSS #2) is given nine to ten months into ownership, and primarily gives the customer an opportunity to evaluate dealer service capability and the boat's functional systems and characteristics. Both surveys are contingent upon receipt of the first purchaser's Warranty Registration form.

HUNTER MARINE'S OWNER AND FOUNDER WARREN R. LUHRS

BRIEF BACKGROUND

Warren Luhrs was born in East Orange, New Jersey in 1944 into a family with an established tradition in the maritime and transportation industries. His great-grandfather, Henry, was a railroad and clipper-shipping pioneer in America, while his great-uncle John helped build the famous St. Petersburg to Moscow railroad for Czar Alexander II.

Henry Luhrs owned shares in twenty-two different ocean-going vessels – barks, brigs, and schooners - and was the principal owner of the bark *Sophia R. Luhrs*, named for his wife. He was also a partner with Albert Sprout, who managed the shipyard where the *Sophia R. Luhrs* was built in Melbridge, Maine.

Warren Luhrs' father Henry worked at a small boat manufacturer in Morgan, New Jersey, and later started his own company, continuing the Luhrs' family sea tradition during the great depression. During World War II he repaired boats and installed ice sheathing on their bows for the Coast Guard.

After the War, Henry built 27-foot fishing boats and in 1948 began to construct custom-built pleasure craft. He then turned to skiffs and in 1952 incorporated as Henry Luhrs Sea Skiffs, where he constructed lapstrake sea skiffs using assembly-line techniques. Henry personally "shook down" his prototypes on family trips up the Hudson River to Lake Champlain.

The sea skiff is a class of boat that has been very popular, owing to its seaworthiness. It features a sharp bow, which reduces pounding in surf or

choppy seas, and a hull whose forward section is rounded below the waterline to increase stability in rough water or a following sea. Such skiffs can either be smooth sided or of a lapstrake construction.

Inspired by Henry Ford, Henry Luhrs' aimed to give the average man the opportunity to enjoy the luxury of boating by building an affordable and reliable boat. He was both designer and engineer, and his progressive new models exhibited his talent for innovation. He successfully changed the line of the bow from straight to curved at a time when the industry trend was a straight square effect, and he is believed to be the first designer-builder to popularize a small boat with a fly bridge.

In 1960, Luhrs acquired the Ulrichsen Boat Company of Marlboro, New Jersey. It was here that Luhrs' Alura fiberglass division was located. In 1965, Henry sold his company to Bangor Arrostock Railroad, which was to become the recreational conglomerate Bangor-Punta. It was also during this period that Silverton of Tom's River, New Jersey was purchased by John and Warren Luhrs.

Today, Warren R. Luhrs and his brother John own the Luhrs Group of marine manufacturers, which consists of Silverton Marine, Mainship Motor Yachts, and Luhrs Fishing Boats with its Alura division, as well as Hunter Marine, which exclusively manufactures sailboats.

In January of 1996, the Luhrs family transferred a portion of the Luhrs Group to its employees through an ESOP program.

GLOSSARY OF SAILING TERMS

A

Aback: describes a sail when the wind strikes it on the lee side.

Abaft: towards the boat's stern.

Abeam: at right angles to the *center-line* of the boat.

Aft: at or near the stern.

Amidships: the center of the boat, *athwartships* and fore and aft.

Anti-fouling: a poisonous paint compound used to protect the underwater part of a hull from marine growths.

Apparent wind: The direction and speed of the wind felt by the crew. It is a combination of *true wind* and that created by the movement of the boat.

Astern: behind the boat; to go astern is to drive the boat in reverse.

Athwartships: at right angles to the fore and aft line of the boat.

B

Back: when a wind backs, it shifts anticlockwise.

Back a sail: to sheet it to windward so that the wind fills on the side that is normally to *leeward*.

Backstay: a stay that supports the mast from aft and prevents its forward movement.

Ballast: extra weight, usually lead or iron, placed low in the boat or externally on the keel to provide stability.

Ballast keel: a mass of ballast bolted to the keel to increase stability and prevent a keel boat from capsizing.

Batten: a light, flexible strip fed into a batten pocket at the *leech* of the sail to support the *roach*.

Beam: 1, the maximum breadth of a boat; 2, a transverse member that supports the deck; 3, on the beam means that an object is at right angles to the centerline.

Bear away: to steer the boat away from the wind.

Bearing: the direction of an object from an observer, measured in degrees true or magnetic.

Beat: to sail a *zigzag course* towards the wind, *close-hauled* on alternate *tacks*.

Delay: to make fast a rope around a *cleat*, usually with a figure-of-eight knot.

Bend: 1, to secure a sail to a spar before hoisting; 2, to moor a boat; 3, a sleeping place on board.

Bight: a *bend* or loop in a rope.

Bilge: the lower, round part inside the hull where the water collects.

Block: a pulley in a wooden or plastic case, consisting of a *sheave* around which a rope runs. It is used to change the direction of pull.

Boot-topping: a narrow colored stripe painted between the bottom paint and the *topside* enamel.

Bottlescrew: see Rigging screw.

Broach: when a boat *running* downwind slews broadside to the wind and *heels* dangerously. It is caused by heavy following seas or helmsman's error.

Broad reach: the point of sailing between a beam *reach* and a *run*, when the wind blows over a quarter.

Bulkhead: a partition wall in a boat normally fitted *athwartships*

C

Caulk: to make the seams between wooden planks watertight by filling with cotton, oakum or a compound.

Cavitation: the formation of a vacuum around a propeller, causing a loss in efficiency.

Center-board: a board lowered through a slot in the *keel* to reduce *leeway*.

Center-line: center of the boat in a fore and aft line.

Center of effort (COE): the point at which all the forces acting on the sails are concentrated.

Center of lateral resistance (CLR): the underwater center of pressure about which a boat pivots when changing *course*.

Chain pawl: a short lug which drops into a toothed rack to prevent the anchor chain running back.

Chain plate: a metal plate bolted to the boat to which the *shrouds* or *backstays* are attached.

Chart datum: reference level on a chart below which the tide is unlikely to fall. Soundings are given below

chart datum. The datum level varies according to country and area.

Chine: the line where the bottom of the hull meets the side at an angle.

Cleat: a wooden, metal or plastic fitting around which rope is secured.

Clevis pin: a locking pin through which a split ring is passed to prevent accidental withdraw.

Clew: the after, lower center of a sail where the foot and *leech* meet.

Close-hauled: the *point of sailing* closest to the wind; see also *beat*.

Close reach: the *point of sailing* between *close-hauled* and a beam reach, when the wind blows forward of the *beam*.

Close-winded: describes a boat able to sail very close to the wind.

Coaming: the raised structure surrounding a hatch, cockpit, etc., which prevents water entering.

Cotter pin: soft, metal pin folded back on itself to form an eye.

Course: the direction in which a vessel is steered, usually given in degrees; true, magnetic or compass.

Cringle: 1, a rope loop, found at either end of a line of reef points; 2, an eye in a sail.

D

Dead run: running with the wind blowing exactly aft, in line with the *center-line*.

Deviation: the difference between the direction indicated by the compass needle and the magnetic *meridian*; caused by object aboard.

Displacement: 1, the weight of water displaced by a boat is equal to the weight of the boat; 2, a displacement hull is one that displaces its own weight in water and is only supported by buoyancy, as opposed to a planning hull which can exceed its hull, or displacement, speed.

Downhaul: a rope fitted to pull down a sail or spar.

Draft: the vertical distance from the waterline to the lowest point of the keel.

Drag: 1, an anchor drags when it fails to hold; 2, the force of wind on the sails, or water on the hull, which impedes the boat's progress.

GLOSSARY OF SAILING TERMS

Drift: 1, to float with the current or wind; 2, US the speed of a current (rate UK); 3, UK: the distance a boat is carried by a current in a given time.

Drogue: a sea anchor put over the stern of a boat or life raft to retard *drift*.

Drop keel: a retractable *keel* which can be drawn into the hull, when entering shallow waters and recovering on to a trailer.

E

Eye of the wind: direction from which the true wind blows.

F

Fair: well-faired line or surface is smoother with no bumps, hollows or abrupt changes in directions.

Fairlead: a fitting through which a line is run to alter the lead of the line.

Fathom: the measurement used for depths of water and lengths or rope. 1 fathom = 6 ft. or 1.83m.

Fid: a tapered tool used for *splicing* heavy rope and for sail-making, often hollow.

Fiddle: a raised border for a cabin table, chart table etc., to prevent objects falling off when the boat *heels*.

Fix: the position of the vessel as plotted from two or more position lines.

Forestay: the foremost stay, running from the masthead to the stemhead, to which the headsail is hanked.

Freeboard: vertical distance between the *waterline* and the top of the deck.

G

Genoa: a large headsail, in various sizes, which overlaps the mainsail and is hoisted in light to fresh winds on all points of *sailing*.

Gimbals: two concentric rings, pivoted at right angles, which keeps objects horizontal despite the boat's motion, e. g. compass and cooker.

Go about: to turn the boat through the *eye of the wind* to change tack.

Gooseneck: the fitting attaching the boom to the mast, allowing it to move in all directions.

Goosewing: to boom-out the headsail to windward on a run by using a

whisker pole to hold the sail on the opposite side to the mainsail.

Ground tackle: general term used for anchoring gear.

Guard rail: a metal rail fitted around the boat to prevent the crew falling overboard.

Gudgeon: a rudder fitting. It is the eye into which the *pintle* fits.

Guy: a steadying rope for a spar; a spinnaker guy controls the fore and aft position of the spinnaker pole; the foreguy holds the spinnaker pole forward and down.

Gybe: to change from one *tack* to another by turning the stern through the wind.

H

Halyard: rope used to hoist and lower sails.

Hank: fitting used to attach the *luff* of a sail to a stay.

Hatch: an opening in the deck giving access to the interior.

Hawes pipe: see *Navel pipe*.

Head-topwind: when the bows are pointing right into the wind.

Headfoil: a streamlined surround to a *forestay*, with a groove into which a headsail *luff* slides.

Heads: the toilet.

Headway: the forward movement of a boat through the water.

Heave-to: to *back* the jib and lash the tiller to *leeward*; used in heavy weather to encourage the boat to lie quietly and to reduce *headway*.

Heaving line: a light line suitable for throwing ashore.

Heel: to lean over to one side.

I

Isobars: lines on a weather map joining places of equal atmospheric pressure.

J

Jackstay: a line running fore and aft, on both sides of the boat, to which safety harnesses are clipped.

Jury: a temporary device to replace lost or damaged gear.

K

Keel: the main backbone of the boat to which a *ballast keel* is bolted or

through which the *centerboard* passes.

Kicking strap: a line used to pull the boom down, to keep it horizontal, particularly on a reach or run.

L

Lanyard: a short line attached to one object, such as a knife, with which it is secured to another.

Leech: 1, the after edge of a triangle sail; 2, both side edges of a square sail.

Leehelm: the tendency of a boat to bear away from the wind.

Lee shore: a shore on to which the wind blows.

Leeward: away from the wind; the direction to which the wind blows.

Leeway: the sideways movement of a boat off its *course* as a result of the wind blowing on one side of the sails.

Lifeline: a wire or rope rigged around the deck to prevent the crew falling overboard.

Limber holes: gaps left at the lower end of frames above the *keel* to allow water to drain to the lowest point of the *bilges*.

List: a boat's more or less permanent lean to one side, owing to the improper distribution of weight, e.g., *ballast* or water.

Log: 1, an instrument for measuring a boat's speed and distance traveled through the water; 2, to record in a book the details of a voyage, usually distances covered and weather.

Luff: the forward edge of a sail. To luff up is to turn a boat's head right into the wind.

Luff groove: a groove in a wooden or metal spar into which the *luff* of a headsail is fed.

Lurch: the sudden roll of a boat.

M

Marlin spike: a pointed steel or wooden spike used to open up the strands of rope or wire then splicing.

Mast Step: the socket in which the base of the mast is located.

Measured mile: a distance of one nautical mile measured between buoys or *transits/ranges* ashore, and marked on the chart.

GLOSSARY OF SAILING TERMS

Member: a part of the skeleton of the hull, such as a *stringer* laminated into fiberglass hull to strengthen it.

Meridian: an imaginary line encircling the Earth that passes through the poles and cuts at right angles through the Equator. All lines of longitude are meridians.

Mizzen: 1, the shorter, after-mast on a *ketch* or *yawl*; 2, the fore and aft sail set on this mast.

N

Navel pipe: a metal pipe in the foredeck through which the anchor chain passes to the locker below.

Noon Sight: a vessel's latitude can be found, using a sextant, when a heavenly body on the observer's *meridian* is at its greatest altitude. The sight of the sun at noon is the one most frequently taken.

O

Off the wind: with the sheets slacked off, not *close-hauled*.

On the wind: *close-hauled*.

Out haul: a rope used to pull out the foot of a sail.

Overall length (LOA): the boat's extreme length, measured from the foremost part of the bow to the aftermost part of the stern, excluding bowsprit, self-steering gear etc.

P

Painter: the bow line by which a dinghy, or *tender*, is towed or made fast.

Pintle: a rudder fitting with a long pin that fits into the *gudgeon* to form a hinged pivot for the rudder.

Pitch: 1, the up and down motion of the bows of a boat plunging over the waves; 2, the angle of the propeller blades.

Point of sailing: the different angles from which a boat may sail; the boat's *course* relative to the direction of the wind.

Port: the left-hand side of the boat, looking forward (opp. of *starboard*).

Port tack: a boat is on a port tack when the wind strikes the port side first and the mainsail is out to *starboard*. A boat on the port tack

gives way to a boat on a starboard tack.

Position line/ Line of position: a line drawn on a chart, as a result of taking a bearing, along which the boat's position must be i.e. Two position lines give a fix.

Pulpit: a metal *guard rail* fitted at the bows of a boat to provide safety for the crew.

Pushpit: a metal *guard rail* fitted at the stern.

Q

Quarter: the portion of the boat midway between the stern and the beam; on the quarter means about 45 degrees *abaft* the beam.

R

Rake: the fore and aft deviation from the perpendicular of a mast or other feature of a boat.

Range: 1, see *transit*; 2, of tides, the difference between the high and low water levels of a tide; 3, the distance at which a light can be seen.

Rating: a method of measuring certain dimensions of a yacht to enable it to take part in handicap races.

Reach: to sail with the wind approximately on the *beam*; all sailing points between running and *close-hauled*.

Reef: to reduce the sail area by folding or rolling surplus material on the boom or *forestay*.

Reefing pennant: strong line with which the *luff* or leech *cringle* is pulled down to the *boom* when reefing.

Rhumb line: a line cutting all *meridians* at the same angle; the *course* followed by a boat sailing in a fixed direction.

Riding light to anchor light: an all-around white light, usually hoisted on the *forestay*, to show that a boat under 50 ft. (15m.) is at anchor. It must be visible for 2 mls. (3 km.).

Rigging screw: a deck fitting with which the tensions of standing rigging, e.g. stays, shrouds, etc. are adjusted.

Roach: the curved part of the *leech* of a sail that extends beyond the direct line from head to *clew*.

Run: to run with the wind *aft* and with the *sheets* eased well out.

Running rigging: all the moving lines, such as *sheets* and *halyards*, used in the *setting* and *trimming* of sails.

S

Scope: the length of rope or cable paid out when mooring or anchoring.

Scuppers: 1, holes in the toe rail that allow water to drain off the deck; 2, drain cockpit through hull.

Seacock: a valve that shuts off an underwater inlet or outlet passing through the hull.

Seize: to bind two ropes together, or a rope to a *spar*, with a light line.

Serve: to cover and protect a *splice* or part of a rope with twine bound tightly against the lay.

Serving mallet: tool with a grooved head, used when serving a rope to keep the twine at a constant and high tension.

Set: 1, to hoist a sail; 2, the way in which the sails fit; 3, the direction of tidal current or steam.

Shackle: a metal link with a removable bolt across the end; of various shapes: D, U.

Sheave: a grooved wheel in a *block* or *spar* for a rope to run on.

Sheet: the rope attached to the *clew* of a sail or to the boom, enabling it to be controlled or *trimmed*.

Shrouds: ropes or wires, usually in pairs, led from the mast to the *chain plates* at deck level to prevent the mast falling sideways; part of the standing rigging.

Sloop: a single-masted sailing boat with a mainsail and one head sail.

Spar: a general term for any wooden or metal pole, e.g., mast or boom, used to carry or give shape to sails.

Spindrift: spray blown along the surface of the sea.

Spinnaker: a large, light, balloon shaped sail set when *reaching* or *running*.

Splice: to join ropes or wire by unlaying the strands and interweaving them.

Split pin: see *cotter pin*.

GLOSSARY OF SAILING TERMS

Spreaders: horizontal struts attached to the mast, which extends to the *shrouds* and help to support the mast.

Stall: a sail stalls when the airflow over it breaks up, causing the boat to lose way.

Stanchion: upright metal post bolted to the deck to support guardrails or lifelines.

Standing part: the part of a line not used when making a knot; the part of a rope that is made fast, or around which the knot is tied.

Standing rigging: the shrouds and stays that are permanently set up and support the mast.

Starboard: right-hand side of a boat looking forward (opp. of *port*).

Starboard tack: a boat is the starboard tack when the wind strikes the starboard side first and the boom is out to the *port*.

Stay: wire or rope which supports the mast in a fore and aft direction; part of the *standing rigging*.

Steerage way: a boat has steerage way when it has sufficient speed to allow it to be steered, or to answer the helm.

Stem: the timber at the bow, from the keel upward, to which the planking is attached.

Sternway: the backward, stern-first movement of a boat.

Stringer: a fore and aft member, fitted to strengthen the frames.

T

Tack: 1, the lower forward corner of a sail; 2, to turn the boat through the wind so that it blows on the opposite sides of the sails.

Tacking: working to windward by sailing *close-hauled* on alternate *courses* so that the wind is first on one side of the boat, then on the other.

Tack pennant: a length of wire with an eye in each end, used to raise the tack of a headsail some distance off the deck.

Tackle: a purchase system comprising of rope and *blocks* that is used to gain mechanical advantage.

Tang: a strong metal fitting by which *standing rigging* is attached to the mast or other *spar*.

Tender of dinghy: a small boat used to ferry stores and people to a yacht.

Terminal fitting: fitting at the end of a wire rope by which a *shroud* or stay can be attached to the mast, a *tang* or a *rigging screw/turnbuckle*.

Tide: the vertical rise and fall of the oceans caused by the gravitational attraction of the moon.

Toe rail: a low strip of metal or molding running around the edge of the deck.

Topping lift: a line from the masthead to a spar, normally the boom, which is used to raise it.

Topsides: the part of a boat's hull that is above the waterline.

Track: 1, the course a boat has made good; 2, a fitting on the mast or boom into which the slides on a sail fit; 3, a fitting along which a traveller runs, used to alter the angle of the sheets.

Transit: two fixed objects are in transit when seen in line; two transit give position fix.

Traveller: 1, a ring or hoop that can be hauled along a *spar*; 2, a fitting that slides in a *track* and is used to alter the angle of the *sheets*.

Trim: 1, to adjust the angle of the sails, by means of *sheets*, so that they work most efficiently; 2, to adjust the boat's load, and thus the fore and aft angle at which it floats.

True wind: the direction and speed of the wind felt when stationary, at anchor or on land.

Turnbuckle: see *Rigging screw*.

U

Under way: a boat is under way when it is not made fast to shore, at anchor or aground.

Uphaul: a line used to raise something vertically, e.g., the spinnaker pole.

V

Veer: 1, the wind veers when it shifts in clockwise direction; 2, to pay out anchor cable or rope in a gradual, controlled way.

W

Wake: the disturbed water left *astern* of a boat.

Waterline: the line along the hull at which a boat floats.

Waterline length (WL): the length of a boat from *stem* to *stern* at the *waterline*. It governs the maximum speed of *displacement hull* and effects a boat's *rating*.

Weather helm: (opp. of *lee helm*).

Weather side: the side of a boat on which the wind is blowing.

Wetted surface: the area of the hull under water.

Whisker pole: a light pole used to hold out the *clew* of a headsail when *running*.

Winch: a mechanical device, consisting usually of a metal drum turned by a handle, around which a line is wound to give the crew more purchasing power when hauling taut a line, e.g. a *jib sheet*.

Windage: those parts of a boat that increase *drag*, e.g., rigging, spars, crew, etc.

Windlass: a *winch* with a horizontal shaft and a vertical handle, used to haul up the anchor chain.

Windward: the direction from which the wind blows; towards the wind (opp. of *leeward*).

Y

Yaw: a two masted boat with a mizzen stepped aft of the rudder stock/ post.

EXPLANATION OF SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

This manual contains safety precautions that must be observed when operating or servicing your boat.
Review and understand these instructions.

DANGER

Denotes an extreme intrinsic hazard exists which would result in high probability of death or irreparable injury if proper precautions are not taken

WARNING

Denotes a hazard exists which can result in injury or death if proper precautions are not taken

CAUTION

Denotes a reminder of safety practices or directs attention to unsafe practices which could result in personal injury or damage to the craft or components

SAFE BOATING TIPS

BE PREPARED

Take a safe boating course. In the U.S., contact your local Boating Industry for details.

Carry all safety equipment required by the laws that apply to your area. Requirements are generally available from the Coast Guard or your local boating industry.



WARNING

As the owner of the craft, obtaining and maintaining necessary safety equipment is your responsibility. For more information about equipment required, contact local boating authorities

MINIMUM RECOMMENDED SAFETY EQUIPMENT

- Required life saving equipment, including life vests and throwables
- Required fire extinguishing equipment
- First Aid kit
- Emergency Position Indicating Radio Beacon (EPIRB)
- Manual bailing device
- Anchor with sufficient line and/or chain
- Flashlight with good batteries
- Binoculars
- VHF radio
- Appropriate navigational charts
- Flares
- Fog bell
- Noise emitting device
- Radar reflector
- Sufficient food and water provisions
- Auxiliary starting battery
- Spare fuses and bulbs
- Sunglasses and block
- Blanket

The legally required on-board safety equipment may vary by region or body of water. Please check with local authorities prior to departure for a safety examination.

LIFE JACKETS

A life jacket may save your life, but only if you wear it. Keep jackets in a readily accessible place – not in a closed compartment or stored under other gear. Remove them from any packaging, and keep throwable floatation devices ready for immediate use.



WARNING

It is very important that children, handicapped people, and non-swimmers wear lifejackets at all times. Make sure all passengers are properly instructed in use of life saving gear

FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

Approved fire extinguishers are required on most boats, local authorities can provide details. All passengers should know the location and operating procedure of each fire extinguisher. Fire extinguishers are normally classified according to fire type. Be familiar with the type of fire extinguishers you have on board.

Your boat has been equipped with an Automatic Fire Extinguisher. In the event of a fire in your engine compartment, this unit will automatically discharge. Please read your SEA-FIRE manual for operating instructions, maintenance and precautionary information.

SAFE BOATING TIPS

FLARES

Most boats operating on coastal waters are required to carry approved visual distress signals, therefore check with your local authorities as to which types are required.

 WARNING
FIRE/EXPLOSION HAZARD; Pyrotechnic signaling devices can cause injury and property damage if not handled properly. Follow manufacturer's directions regarding the proper use of signaling devices.

DRUGS AND BOATING

Consumption of alcohol while boating is not recommended. The combination of noise, sun, wind, and motion act to produce fatigue on the water, and can exaggerate the effects of alcohol.

 WARNING
IMPAIRED OPERATION HAZARD Operating any boat while is intoxicated or under the influence of drugs is both dangerous and illegal. Impaired vision or judgment on the water can lead to accidents and personal injury

BEFORE GETTING UNDERWAY

- Leave a float plan (example on p. 13)
- Perform a pre-departure checklist (example on p. 12)
- Check the weather. Do not venture out if the weather is, or will be, threatening.

WHILE UNDERWAY

- Keep a good lookout. Keep a watch to the leeward under the headsail. Keep away from swimmers, divers, and skiers.
- Know and obey local boating laws.
- Respect bad weather, and be prepared for quickly changing conditions.

 WARNING
COLLISION HAZARD Use extra caution in shallow water or where underwater/floating objects may be present. Hitting an object at speed or severe angle can seriously injure people and damage your boat

PRE-DEPARTURE CHECKLIST

- Check bilge for extra water
- Check weather conditions and tides
- Check food supply
- Foul weather gear
- Linen, sleeping bags
- Fuel
- Water
- Sunscreens and sunglasses
- Tools
- Docking and anchor gear
- Check radio operations
- Navigation charts and instruments
- Float plans to a friend or Coast Guard** (*see next page*)
- Fuel for stove
- Cooking and eating utensils
- Check battery water level
- Oil level, tight Vp-belts
- Check for loose electrical connections in engine compartment
- Secure tools or any loose equipment in engine compartment so as not to get fouled in engine
- AC systems off; electrical cord stowed
- Doors and drawers secured
- Check steering lock to lock
- Check mast for rigging irregularities and tightness
- Halyards and sheets are clear and ready to run
- No lines or other obstructions near propeller or bow
- Anchor ready to run
- Check lifelines for tightness
- Turn on fuel and waterlines
- Stow all loose gear
- Open engine cooling water intake thru-hull valve

FLOAT PLAN

1. Name of person reporting and telephone number:

2. Description of boat

NAME	TYPE	
MAKE	LENGTH	REGISTRATION#
HULL COLOR	STRIPE COLOR	DECK COLOR
OTHER DISTINGUISHING MARKS		

3. Number of Persons aboard

NAME	AGE	PHONE #
ADDRESS		
NAME	AGE	PHONE #
ADDRESS		
NAME	AGE	PHONE #
ADDRESS		

4. Engine

TYPE	H.P.	FUEL CAPACITY
------	------	---------------

5. Safety equipment

PFDs	<input type="checkbox"/>	Flares	<input type="checkbox"/>	Mirror	<input type="checkbox"/>	Flashlight	<input type="checkbox"/>
Food	<input type="checkbox"/>	Water	<input type="checkbox"/>	EPIRB	<input type="checkbox"/>	Raft/Dinghy	<input type="checkbox"/>

6. Radio

TYPE	FREQUENCIES
------	-------------

7. Trip Expectations

DEPARTURE TIME	DATE	FROM
DESTINATION	RETURN DATE	NO LATER THAN

8. Automobile:

LICENSE #	STATE	MAKE
COLOR	PARKED AT	

9. If not returned by-

Contact the Coast Guard or-

CALL -	AT-
--------	-----

AFTER SAILING CHECKLIST

When leaving your Hunter at the dock for more than a short time, it is a good idea to review the following checklist to make sure everything is in order. This

will help protect the various parts of your boat and add considerably to their attractiveness and usable life.

- Flake or furl mainsail and cover, or remove and bag.
- Remove and stow all portable deck hardware such as snatch blocks, winch handles, etc.
- Secure the boom to the topping lifts and set it firmly amidships with the main sheet purchase. (It is also a good idea to rig a line from the steering wheel or tiller to a convenience cleat to keep the rudder from swinging back and forth with the motion of the water or employ the wheel brake if so equipped.)
- Attach the shackle ends of all halyards to convenient fittings and take up slack. Find a location leading away from the mast to keep the halyard from slapping the mast.
- Coil and stow all lines in line lockers
- Cover the winches and steering pedestal when leaving the boat for several days or more
- Close all fuel lines and seacocks
- Switch off the electrical system
- Pump out the bilge
- Check air vents, secure ports and hatches, swab the deck, and clean deck stainless, particularly if you have operated in saltwater.
- Make a final check of mooring lines, chafing gear, fenders, etc.

SAFE BOATING TIPS

DOCKING

Docking your boat should be handled carefully to avoid potential damage. Under normal wind and water conditions, the following considerations should be made:

1. Whenever possible, your approach should be made against the prevailing wind and current to assist in stopping the boat. Where these conditions are contrary, the strongest should be used to determine approach.
2. Approaching the dock: dock lines should be at ready, loose gear stowed and decks cleared. Determine the direction of the wind and current and when you decide which side of the boat will be against the dock, rig dock lines and fenders on the appropriate side.

One dock line should be attached to the bow cleat, another to the stern cleat opposite the side that will lie against the dock. *NOTE: If the boat is to lie against a piling, rig a fender board across two or more pilings.*

3. Tying up: attach bow and stern lines to dock, hauling boat in with fenders against dock. Rig crossing spring lines to limit motion forward and aft. Be sure to allow some slack in all lines to compensate for tidal activity if present. Never use bow rail, stern rail, or stanchions to secure a vessel, even for brief periods. For other types of moorings, or for abnormal wind or water conditions, consult an approved boating guide.

ANCHORING

Your Hunter comes with an on deck anchor well and a Danforth type anchor as standard equipment. The anchor is selected to suit the size and weight of your boat under normal anchoring conditions, and is most effective in muddy or sandy bottoms.

When anchoring, pay particular attention to the scope of your anchor rode (the relationship between of the water and the length of the rode). A good rule of thumb is to allow a scope of about 7:1 (a rode seven times as long as the vertical distance from the bow to the bottom). A helpful aid is to mark the rode every 20 feet or so with knots or other types of indicators. Before dropping anchor, make sure the bitter end is secured to the cleat in the anchor well. Also, be sure to consider wind direction, currents,

mean low tide depths and other local conditions when anchoring, as well as positions of any boats already anchored nearby.

To weigh anchor, motor or sail (under main only) forward slowly. When at a point directly above the anchor, a quick tug should free it from the bottom. Take care not to damage the topsides when hauling.



WARNING

Anchoring in unusual water/ and or weather conditions will require additional precautions. Consult an approved guide for suggestions

SAFE BOATING TIPS

DIESEL ENGINE

An engine owner's manual is supplied with your boat and should be read thoroughly. It contains technical specifications, running instructions and a maintenance schedule on lubricants and fluids. For long engine life, follow routine maintenance schedules.

You should check engine oil, transmission fluid and coolant levels. Water, rust, scale and dirt will cause serious damage to the injectors on diesel engines. You should check your filters frequently and change when necessary. Check fuel line connections for proper tightness.

 WARNING
EXPLOSION/FIRE HAZARD – Fuel system connections that are too loose or too tight can leak, resulting in fuel loss, environmental pollution and explosion/fire hazard.

FUELING YOUR DIESEL ENGINE

 WARNING
EXPLOSION/FIRE HAZARD <ul style="list-style-type: none">•Store flammable material in safety-approved containers. Keep containers in a locker designed by the boat manufacturer for that purpose. Never store flammable material in a non-vented space.•Observe “No-Smoking” while fueling.•Run exhaust blower at least 4 minutes before starting engine. Check bilge and engine compartments for fumes.•Keep ventilation system free of obstructions. Never modify the vent system.•Fill less than the rated capacity of the tank. Allow for fuel expansion.•If fuel enters bilge, do not start engine. Determine cause and severity. Contact a knowledgeable marine service to remove fuel. Do not pump overboard. Contact Coast Guard for additional advice (See Environmental Considerations Fuel & Oil Spillage.)• Inspect fuel system regularly for leaks.

 DANGER
EXTREME HAZARD: carbon monoxide gas (CO) is colorless, odorless and extremely dangerous. All engines and fuel burning appliances produce CO as exhaust. Direct and prolonged exposure to CO will cause BRAIN DAMAGE or DEATH. Signs of exposure to CO include nausea, dizziness and drowsiness. Refer to BOATING SAFETY for more information.

When you start your engine, run it a minimum of 15 minutes to bring it up to operating temperature. This insures that any condensation is evaporated. Your engine should “run out” at $\frac{3}{4}$ throttle at least once a month to clean out carbon buildup and moisture.

 CAUTION
Follow engine manufacturer's recommendations for types of fuel and oil. Use of improper products can damage the engine and void the warranty.

Notice: Use fresh fuel. Fuel that has been in a tank too long can form gum and varnish, which may affect performance.

Inspect diesel fuel filters regularly. Diesel fuel must be kept as clean as possible. Keep fuel tank full.

SAFE BOATING TIPS

STARTING YOUR DIESEL ENGINE

1. Visually check engine compartment to see that the throttle linkage, shifting controls, electrical connections and fuel lines are properly secured.
2. **Before each start** check oil in engine and transmission.
3. Insure that the engine shut-off cable is properly secured and operating.
4. Place the shift lever in the neutral position. Pull out the button beside the shift lever to disengage the shift. On single lever controls, lift the collar under the shift lever knob and move the lever forward to advance the throttle for neutral warm-up.
5. Insert the starter key and turn to the "on" position.
6. Press the starter button and hold until engine starts, then release. The buzzer and/or light should then go off. **Press the starter button no longer than 5 seconds continuously.**
7. Allow cold engine to warm up a minimum of five minutes.
8. When warm-up is completed, return the hand lever to neutral position, and push

the button back to re-engage the shift. The shift is ready for shift and throttle operation.

9. Check that the lube oil pressure warning light and the charge lamp go off. If any of the warning lamps do not go off above 1,000 rpm, the engine is malfunctioning and should be stopped immediately. Consult your nearest engine dealer.

NOTE: The H386 and below are equipped with an "engine stop" pull lever. When pulled all the way out, this will stop the engine at any time.



CAUTION

Follow engine manufacturer's recommendations for types of fuel and oil. Use of improper products can damage the engine and void the warranty.

MOTERING YOUR DIESEL ENGINE

Before departure, remember to unplug the shore power. When the engine is warm, but prior to releasing the dock lines, move the shift lever to forward and to reverse to insure that it is working properly. To increase RPMs, push throttle lever forward and pull back to decrease RPMs. **IMPORTANT:** When sailing, it is best to start the engine before the sails are lowered. This way, it is possible to maneuver if the engine should not start.



CAUTION

Your rigging will conduct electricity. Always check for overhead high tension wires before proceeding. Once clear, you may increase your speed in a reasonable and safe manner as desired.

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

Your Hunter is fitted with an electrical system designed for both AC and DC. While in port, you can operate any tool, appliance or other device designed to function on regular house current simply by plugging your dockside power cord into a convenient outlet on shore and turning your AC main breaker on.



WARNING

ELECTROCUTION HAZARD: If polarity is reversed, **DO NOT** use the shore power source. Immediately turn off the power source and disconnect the shore power cord. Reversed polarity is a dangerous and potentially lethal condition that may cause shock, electrocution, or death.

SAFE BOATING TIPS

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM (continued)

To minimize shock hazard, connect and disconnect cable as follows:

1. Turn off the boat's shore power connection before connecting or disconnecting shore power cable.
2. Connect shore power cable at the boat first.
3. If polarity warning indicator is activated, immediately disconnect cable and have the fault corrected by a qualified electrician.
4. Disconnect shore power cable at shore outlet first.
5. Close inlet cover tightly.

DO NOT ALTER SHORE POWER CABLE CONNECTORS.

Storage: Your shore power cable set is intended for use outdoors. To prolong the life of the set, store indoors when not in use.

General: The metallic parts of your cable set are made to resist corrosion. In a salt-water environment, periodically wiping the exposed parts with fresh water, drying and spraying with a moisture repellent can increase life of the product.

A soiled cable can be cleaned with a grease cutting household detergent. A periodic application of vinyl protector to both ends will help to maintain cables original appearance.

In case of salt water immersion, rinse plug end and/or connector end thoroughly in fresh water, shake or blow out excess water and allow to dry. Spray with moisture repellent before re-use.

 WARNING
Do not allow your dockside power cord to come in contact with the water. Never operate any AC power tool or other electrical equipment while you or the device are in contact with the water, as this may cause electrocution resulting in shock or death.

When leaving port, disconnect the dockside power cord and turn the main DC breaker on. This allows you to use the ship's lights and other equipment designed to operate on direct current. Keep in mind that your DC power source is a 12-volt battery, just as with your automobile, and it must be charged regularly by operating the engine (or by running the battery charger, if you have that option installed). Unless a state of charge is maintained, there may not be enough power to operate the starter motor. Dangerous situations can result if the engine cannot be started when needed.

Make a regular visual check of batteries to insure proper water level and inspect terminals for signs of corrosion. If your boat sits for long periods without use, it is often a good idea to remove the batteries and attach them to a trickle charger to keep them fully charged and ready to use.

 WARNING
EXPLOSION/FIRE HAZARD – ensure adequate ventilation of battery to prevent buildup of gases, especially hydrogen.

 WARNING
WHEN CHARGING THE BATTERY: <ul style="list-style-type: none">•Battery electrolyte contains sulfuric acid. Protect your eyes, skin and clothing. In case of contact, flush thoroughly with water and get prompt medical attention, especially if your eyes are affected.•Batteries generate hydrogen gas that can be highly explosive. Do not smoke or allow flames or sparks near a battery, especially during charging.•Charge the battery in a fully ventilated place.

SAFE BOATING TIPS

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM (continued)

Hunter Marine recommends that on all boats with either/both a house and start battery, the cables be disconnected during winter storage or any time the boat is out of the water for an extended period of time. Because of the continuous electrical drain placed on the 12 volt system by certain electrical components such as stereos and CO monitors you will be preserving your batteries life expectancies.

We recommend that owners who leave their boats in the water during the sailing season charge the boats internal batteries at least once every seven days during the sailing season (we do not recommend leaving power connected to

the boat if it is unattended). Completely depleting a batteries internal charge can drastically shorten its life span. This includes gel cell and glass mat batteries.

For owners who live aboard or wish to leave their boat battery switches in the on position while unattended (again, we do not recommend this) should consider installing a N20504W Nicro Solar vent to reduce the chances of the CO monitor's sounding. Only exchanging the air inside the boat on a regular basis or leaving the battery switches in the off position totally eliminates the false sounding of the monitors while 12-volt systems are operating.

COOKING STOVE

 WARNING
EXPLOSION/FIRE/ASPHYXIATION HAZARD
<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Open flame cooking appliances consume oxygen. This can cause asphyxiation or death.•Maintain open ventilation.•Liquid fuel may ignite, causing severe burns.•Use fuel appropriate for type of stove.•Turn off stove burner before filling.•Do not use stove for comfort heating.•Use special care with flames or high temperatures near urethane foam. Once ignited, it burns rapidly, producing extreme heat, releasing hazardous gasses and consuming a large amount of oxygen.

Carefully read and understand the manufacturer's instructions prior to operating your stove. Save the instructions for review, and also to pass on to any subsequent owners.

Use only the fuel recommended by the manufacturer, and store the fuel in an approved container.

Do not smoke while working with fuel.

Immediately clean up any spilled fuel.

SAFE BOATING TIPS

TOILET

IMPORTANT: When not in use, lever must be left in the “dry” position to prevent flooding.

Before using, place the lever in the “wet” position and pump slowly to partly fill and wet the inside of the bowl. Return to the “dry” position.

After using, return the lever to the “wet” position for flushing and pump until the bowl is thoroughly cleaned. Continue with several more full strokes to flush discharge lines. Return lever to “dry” position and pump slowly until bowl is empty.

- There is a possibility of being fined for having an operable direct overboard discharge of waste in some waters. Removing seacock handle, in closed position, or other means must be used to avoid fine.

- It is illegal for any vessel to dump plastic trash anywhere in the ocean or navigable waters of the United States.

 CAUTION
Do not place facial tissue, paper towels or sanitary napkins in head. Such material can damage the waste disposal system and the environment.

OPENING HULL PORTS

If your boat is equipped with opening hull ports, they must remain closed and secured while under sail. Your boat could take on water when it heels, causing damage to the interior due to flooding or even possible sinking of your vessel.

 CAUTION
All hull ports must remain closed and secure while sailing.

PUMPS

All pumps should be checked frequently to insure proper operation. This is an especially important regular maintenance item since a properly operating pump could save your vessel from serious damage.

Inspect all bilge pump hoses for chafing and dry rot. See that all hose clamps are tight. Check that the bilge pump impeller area is clean and free of obstructions. Inspect electrical wiring for corrosion. Ensure that the float switch functions properly.

 CAUTION
Run pump only as long as necessary to remove water. Dry running can damage the pump motor

 WARNING
SINKING HAZARD – Ensure proper bilge pump operation.

SAFE BOATING TIPS

WATER SYSTEM OPERATION

Fill fresh water tank at deck fill. The tank filler cap will be marked "water". When tank is full, water will back up through the vent hose and exit through a vent located on the side of the hull. Use tank gauge for filling. D.C. main should be turned on first.

To activate the water system, turn on D.C. main, flip the "water pressure" switch on the electrical panel. This will start the pump and pressurize the system. When the pressure builds, the pump will shut off. With continued use of fresh water the pressure in the system is reduced, automatically restarting the pump. Make sure there is water in the system while pump is in operation to prevent damage to the motor. The pump will also run if a leak develops in the system.

NOTE: Intermittent operation of the freshwater pump while all faucets are closed usually indicates a leak somewhere in the lines. Trace the lines to locate the leak and repair.

 CAUTION
Run pump only as long as necessary to remove water. Dry running can damage the pump motor

The water heater operates either on 120 or 240 volts AC or when the engine is running. To obtain hot water from the engine, it must run a minimum of one-half hour.

Pressure water pumps are the demand type. Once the circuit breaker switch is on, opening the faucet will produce water flow.

To operate shower, turn on hot and cold faucets until desired temperature is reached, while the showerhead is retracted at sink. Pull the showerhead out and use. The faucets must be turned off to prevent system drainage.

Opening the faucet will allow the pump to empty the tank. Flushing the tank and lines will be necessary for winterization. Refer to Maintenance & Winterization section for more information.

 WARNING
SINKING HAZARD –To ensure the safety of your vessel, always disconnect shore water and power connections when leaving your boat unattended.

WASTE DISCHARGE

The Hunter is equipped with a head waste holding tank, hose lines, and thru-fittings for either overboard discharge, using the standard equipped hand pump, deck pump out at dockside or Macerator Pump. Tank levels will be indicated on the gauge located below the main electrical panel. Familiarize

yourself with the locations of the deck pump out, overboard discharge thru-hull, and vent locations pictured in the Waste Water System section, as well as your local boating regulations concerning the overboard discharge of raw sewage.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS

FUEL AND OIL SPILLAGE

The spilling of fuel or oil into our waterways contaminates the environment and is dangerous to wildlife. Never discharge or dispose of fuel or oil into the water. It is dangerous and unlawful. Two common types of accidental discharge are overfilling the fuel tank and pumping contaminated bilge water into the sea.

 WARNING
EXPLOSION/FIRE/POLLUTION HAZARD: Fill fuel tank to less than rated capacity. Overfill forces fuel out the tank vents, which can cause explosion fire, or environmental pollution. Also allow for fuel expansion

DISCHARGE AND DISPOSAL OF WASTE

Waste means all forms of garbage, plastics, recyclables, food wood, detergents, sewage, and even fish parts in certain waters. We recommend that you bring back everything you take out with you for proper disposal ashore.

Your marine holding tank (if so equipped) must, in many areas, be pumped out by an approved pump-out facility normally found at marinas.

EXHAUST EMISSIONS

Hydrocarbon exhaust emissions pollute our water and air. Keep your engine

properly tuned to reduce emissions and improve performance and economy.

ANTI-FOULING PAINTS

The use of anti-fouling paints is common for boats kept in water. Be aware of environmental regulations that may govern your paint choice. These regulations may affect which paint may be used, and also the application or removal. Contact your local boating authorities for more information

 WARNING
EXPLOSION/FIRE/HAZARD: Ventilate when painting or cleaning. Ingredients may be flammable and/or explosive.

CLEANING CHEMICALS

Cleaning chemicals should be used sparingly and not discharged into waterways. Never mix cleaners and be sure to use plenty of ventilation in enclosed areas. Do not use products that contain phosphates, chlorine, solvents, non-biodegradable or petroleum-based products.

Common households cleaning agents may cause hazardous reactions. Fumes can last for hours, and chemical ingredients can attack people, property and the environment.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PREPARATION FOR BOTTOM PAINTING

WARNING!

Do not use any sanding, sandblasting or other abrasive repair of the bottom, as this will

void your hull blistering warranty. See the warranty information at the beginning of this manual.

BOTTOM PAINTING

Choose a bottom paint system that suits the environment in your area. Follow the procedure recommended by the manufacturer of the paint, while making sure not to void the Hunter Hull Blistering Warranty. The

procedure for preparing and painting the bottom varies between paint manufacturers, but should always include dewaxing, etching and sometimes priming of the surface.

EPOXY BARRIER COAT

Sanding of the gel coat bottom surface will be permitted should a customer wish to have an epoxy barrier coat applied to the hull, (example Interlux Interprotect 1000, 2000, West System or VCTar). This will not void the Five-Year Blister Warranty.

Hunter Marine refers to epoxy barrier coatings as mentioned above, not epoxy primer paints.

If an epoxy barrier coat is applied to a Hunter vessel, it must be registered with the Warranty

Department prior to application of the product. If the dealer applies bottom paint only, sanding **will not** be allowed and the no sanding system must be used.



WARNING

Cleaning agents and paint ingredients may be flammable and/or explosive, or dangerous to inhale. Be sure to use adequate ventilation, and appropriate safety clothing.
(gloves, safety glasses, respiration, etc)

ENGINE, TRANSMISSION & DRIVETRAIN

ENGINE

Follow the fuel and lubrication requirements in the Engine Manual. Check the engine oil level before and after operation and use a quality motor oil (refer to Engine Manual). Be certain the proper amount of oils is in the crankcase at all times

Engine Alignment: the engine should be aligned by experienced marine service personnel. Final alignment should be done after launching, with all normal gear aboard. A description of the procedure follows:

The coupling flanges must come together evenly at all points, a feeler gauge is used to check the gap. If adjustment is necessary, the engine is tilted up or down and/or side-to-side until the flanges meet evenly. Severe vibration will result from misalignment and can cause strut bearing and shaft damage. Alignment should be checked again after several weeks of use. Routine checks of coupling bolts are a must to ensure they are tight.

Shaft Alignment:

1. Separate the coupling, move the shaft end back to clear the pilot in the center.

2. Establish the shaft in the center of the shaft log by raising the shaft until it touches the top of the log – note position – lower the shaft until it touches the bottom of the log – note position – repeat sideways and locate shaft in the center; block shaft in this position, using a block of wood under the shaft packing gland.

3. Now, adjust the engine mounts to allow the pilot on the coupling halves to slip together without moving shaft up down or sideways.

4. Adjust the engine mounts as necessary until a .004" feeler gauge will not enter anywhere along the edge of the flange between the faces.

5. Tighten the locks on the adjustable mounts

6. Recheck coupling with feeler, readjust if necessary.

7. Check stuffing box (allow to drip 3 to 5 drops per minute).

Any questions or problems concerning the engine, please contact the U.S. distributor, Mastery Marine at (727) 522-9471, or your local Yanmar service agent.

TRANSMISSION

Follow the lubrication requirements of the engine manual. The oil level should be

checked immediately after operation.

STUFFING BOX

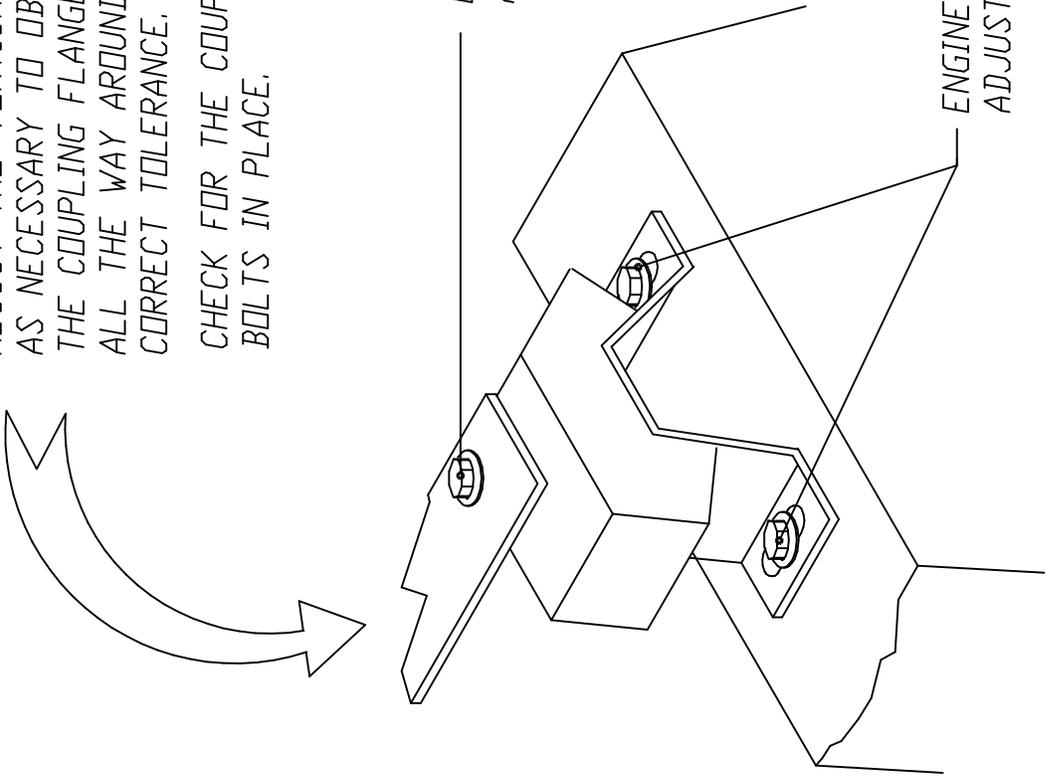
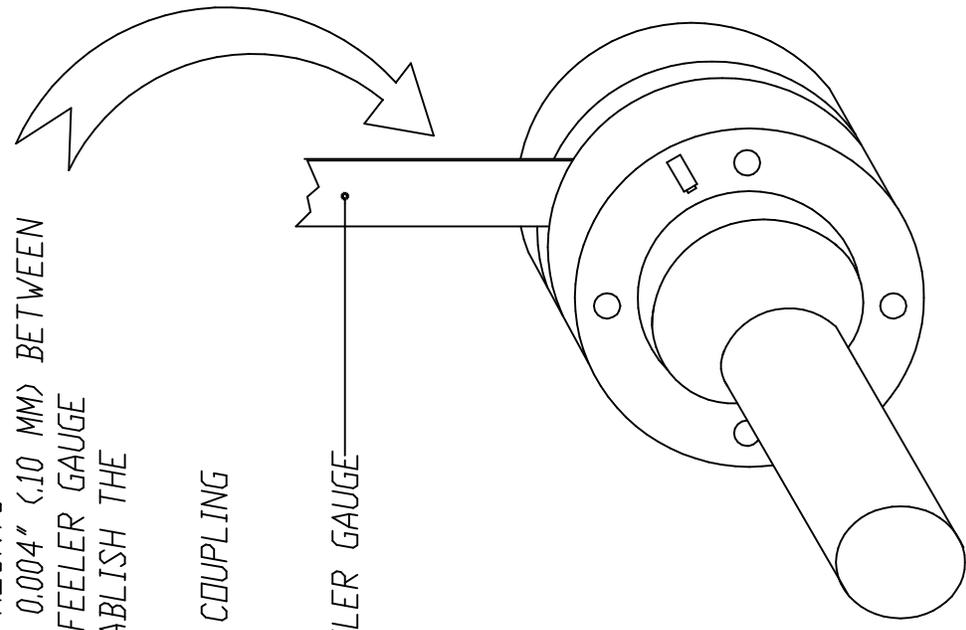
The stuffing box is held to the stern bearing by a rubber hose secured with hose clamps. (See the Shaft and Propeller section). The clamps should be tight and no water should leak from this location. While underway a slight drip from the stuffing box at the shaft exit is necessary (three to five drops a minute) and is normal. To adjust, loosen the locknut, tighten the gland nut one-quarter

turn, a retighten the locknut. If excessive water flow persists after adjustment, replace the packing with 3/16" (or 5mm) square flax packing and then adjust as above.

NOTE: Some models use a packless sealing system. Page 56 or Pages 56A, B, C, reflects the type of stuffing box used on this model.

ADJUST THE VERTICAL & HORIZONTAL ENGINE MOUNTS AS NECESSARY TO OBTAIN A MAXIMUM GAP OF 0.004" (.10 MM) BETWEEN THE COUPLING FLANGE FACES. USE A 0.004" FEELER GAUGE ALL THE WAY AROUND THE COUPLING TO ESTABLISH THE CORRECT TOLERANCE.

CHECK FOR THE COUPLING GAP WITHOUT THE COUPLING BOLTS IN PLACE.



MAINTENANCE

COMPASSES

A boat compass rarely exists in an environment that is completely free from magnetic materials or influences.

The compass on your boat should be adjusted by a certified compass adjuster and have a deviation table made for it.

If you must depend solely on your compass for navigation, make a quick check for any objects near the compass that may cause additional, unmeasured deviation. Typical objects that may fall in this category include: knives, small radios, flashlights or other tools.

STEERING

Refer to the manufacturer's instruction for maintaining pedestal steering system. Routinely inspect steering system components.

 WARNING
CONTROL HAZARD – Inspect and maintain steering system regularly. An improperly maintained system may fail, causing sudden loss of steering control, resulting in personal injury and property damage.

ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

The electrical system is a 12-volt, negative ground installation, plus a shore power system of either 120v or 220v. The owner should inspect batteries, terminals and cables weekly for signs of corrosion, cracks, and electrolyte leakage. Battery terminals are to be kept clean and greased. Refer to separate instructions on batteries, wiring diagram, and electronics.

 WARNING
SHOCK/FIRE HAZARD Replace breaker or fuse with the same amperage device. Never alter over current protection.

 WARNING
SHOCK/FIRE HAZARD <ul style="list-style-type: none">•Disconnect electrical system from its power source before performing maintenance. Never work on the electrical system while it is energized.•Electrical appliances must be within the rated amperage of the boats circuits.•Observe boat carefully while the electrical components that can be left unattended are the automatic bilge pump, fire protection and alarm circuits.•Only a qualified marine electrical technician may service the boat's electrical system.

 CAUTION
<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Turn off engine before inspecting or servicing battery.•Disconnect battery cables before working on electrical system to prevent arcing or damage to alternator.

MAINTENANCE

PLUMBING SYSTEMS

All pumps should be checked frequently to insure proper operation. This is an especially important regular maintenance item since proper functioning of a pump could save your vessel from serious damage in the future.

Inspect all hoses for chafing and deterioration. See that hose clamps are tight. Check that the pump impeller area is clean and free of obstructions.

Inspect electrical wiring for corrosion. Make sure float switches move freely and are making an electrical connection.

The owner should become familiar with the layout of the water and waste

systems by walking through the boat with the diagrams provided in this manual. It is especially important that the owner knows all the thru-hull valve locations and inspects for leaks frequently. Refer to plumbing diagrams in Specifications and Technical section of this manual.

General Thru-hull Lists (varies from boat to boat---see diagrams in Systems and Circuits section).

- 1) Engine cooling system
- 2) Galley sink
- 3) Head sink
- 4) Head toilet (water intake)
- 5) Holding tank discharge
- 6) Scupper drains

FUEL SYSTEMS

The owner should inspect the condition of fuel lines for cracks or leaks. A primary source of fuel-related problems is water in the system. The owner should use only well maintained fueling facilities and make sure fuel fill caps are tightly secured after filling. Check and maintain fuel filters periodically. Refer to

your Engine Manual for additional information. Periodically, add biocide to prevent bacteria and fungi from contaminating diesel fuel that may contain some water. Carefully follow manufacturer's instructions and clean filter regularly.

MAINTENANCE

CLEANING FIBERGLASS SURFACES

Fiberglass surfaces should be cleaned regularly. Normal accumulations of surface dirt can be removed simply by occasional rinsings with water. If you operate your boat in salt water, more frequent rinsing will be required. To remove stubborn dirt, grease or oil, use a mild detergent and a soft brush. Rinse with fresh clean water. Avoid the plexiglass companionway slider, windshield, deck hatches and fixed ports when using a deck brush, since these surfaces can scratch.

It is a good idea to wax the fiberglass once or twice a year to maintain a deep, glossy appearance. Your local marine supply should be able to provide an appropriate wax.



WARNING

EXPLOSION/FIRE HAZARD

Cleaning agents and paint ingredients may be flammable and/or explosive, and dangerous to inhale. Be sure to use adequate ventilation, and appropriate safety clothing (gloves, safety glasses, respirator, etc.)

CLEANING ACRYLIC

Use only mild soap and water to clean acrylics. Do not use products containing solvents such as ammonia, which is found in many window cleaners.



CAUTION

Use care when cleaning acrylic. Dry cloth and many glass cleaners will scratch. Solvents will attack the surface.

SAIL CARE

Sunlight is a sail's worst enemy, so **cover the mainsail when not in use.** An ultraviolet guard, fitted down the leech of a roller headsail will protect the exposed part from the weathering effect of the sun and from dirt and grit.

Mildew, can be prevented by storing sails dry and by hand washing twice a season. Check all sails regularly for chafe, particularly where they chafe on deck fittings

or rigging, at reef points, batten sleeves and the foot of the headsail. Sail batten pockets should be inspected on a regular basis.

To stow the mainsail, start at the leech and flake it onto the boom, left and right, in about 18-in. (46 cm) folds, while pulling the leech aft. Secure with a sail tie and continue to the luff. Lash to the boom with sail ties or shock cord.

GENERAL HARDWARE MAINTENANCE

Check all fittings regularly to be sure screws are tight. Occasionally lubricate (use silicone lubricants) all moving parts on such fittings as blocks, turnbuckles and cam cleats, as well as the locking pins of snatch blocks, track slides, spinnaker poles, etc. Inspect cleat and fairleads for roughness and smooth with

fine-grained emery paper if necessary. Also, replace any missing or damaged cotter pins in turnbuckles and shackles, and either tape them or use them or use protective covers manufactured for that purpose. Grease winches a minimum of once yearly.

WINCH MAINTENANCE

Follow the maintenance instructions prescribed by winch manufacturer.

We recommend a minimum of an annual cleaning and light greasing.

VINYL CARE

These patterns, like all upholstery fabrics and vinyl, require a regularly scheduled cleaning program. A thorough cleaning should be administered on a daily, weekly or monthly basis depending on use and exposure to dirt and/or staining agents. It is important to begin treatment of a stain as soon as possible after a spill. It is important that efforts begin immediately after a spill to remove any potential staining agent. It is advisable to clean these products as soon as the first signs of dinginess occur, otherwise, delaying clean up will require a much greater effort to restore the product to its original appearance.

Regular cleaning requires the use of a mild cleaner such as Murphy's Oil soap and water. In situations where the vinyl has not been washed regularly and there is a build up of dirt, stronger vinyl cleaners such as Simonize's Tuff Stuff or Turtle Wax's vinyl/fabric cleaner are recommended. We do not recommended the use of any other cleaners. The use of cleaners other than

those recommended may result in irreparable damage to the product.

In order for the above listed cleaning solutions to work effectively on stubborn stains, please allow time for the cleaning solution to soak in thoroughly. Be sure to remove the cleaning solution before it has time to dry. Regardless of the type of cleaner used, it is necessary to finish up with a thorough rinse using fresh water on a clean sponge or rag. A soft bristled nylon or natural fiber brush can be used to remove built-up dirt and staining agents.

Finally, please remember that all our fabric grain vinyls require a greater cleaning effort to maintain than comparable smooth grain vinyls. These products will provide an attractive and durable alternative to conventional fabrics and vinyls if properly maintained. One must realize that the proper installation and use of our fabric grain vinyls require additional attention to the establishment and maintenance of a well thought out cleaning program.

CAUTION

Do not use acetone or other harsh cleaners on the vinyl soft headliner. Use soapy water or other mild detergent to avoid damage to the vinyl.

FABRIC CARE

Vinyl: Clean with mild soap and water. Wipe with vinyl or upholstery cleaner monthly, and especially before and after storage.

Leather: Mild soap water. Blot dry. Do not scrub as this will stretch and scratch. Wipe with leather cleaner/oil to preserve and help prevent cracks before and after storage.

Fabric: Blot dry. Do not machine wash. Use only mild soap and water. Wipe with a clean white cloth. If stain persists, dry clean. Be sure to treat cleaned surfaces with scotch guard. Stretched or loose covers may be

steam cleaned. If foam is removed, it will restuff more easily if wrapped with thin plastic.

Storage: Cover with airflow fabric to reduce dust build up. Do not use plastic, as this will cause cushions to sweat and mildew.

Cushions: If wet, prop cushions vertically to promote airflow around each cushion. Cushions can be cleaned by most dry cleaners. **Dry clean only.**

REPAIR OF POLYURETHANE (MINWAX) FLOORS

Surface Scratches: Sand floor with 220 grit sandpaper. Remove all dust with clean cotton cloth or blow off with air. Apply one coat of minwax evenly over sanded floor. Let dry completely, at least 24 hours

Deep Scratches: Remove all blemishes by sanding floor with 220, until all minwax is removed and you have a raw floor. Remove all dust with clean cloth or blow off with air. Apply one coat evenly over floor. Let dry four to six hours. Repeat steps one and four. Apply third coat of minwax only if needed by repeating steps one and four.) After final coat, let floor dry completely at least one day.

ELECTROLYSIS AND GALVANIC PROTECTION

Salt water allows electric current to flow from anodic to cathodic material. For any two metals from two components, their relative positions in the galvanic rating table, will determine which loses material (the anode) and which remains largely undisturbed (the cathode). The distance between the two metals on the galvanic table determines the rate of wear. Thus a sacrificial zinc anode is often fitted to the underwater area of a boat to attract any destructive currents away from bronze or steel propeller shafts, for example. It is not enough to know that your boat does not suffer from electrolysis; a newcomer in the adjacent marina berth may start a too-

friendly association with metal components on it. An easy place to fit an anode is on the propeller shaft, or covering the propeller nut. The anode should not be painted; this would render it ineffective.

To prevent electrolysis in seawater, the difference between the voltages of the two adjacent metals should not exceed 0.20 V. For example, zinc and carbon steel used together risk corrosion, while lead and active stainless steel are compatible. Metals with a high voltage corrode faster and need a larger area to diffuse the electrochemical reaction.

TEAK CARE (240,260,and 270 ONLY)

Teak wood is a high quality, extremely durable wood with high oil content. In order to help you protect the original beauty of your teak interior, we have sealed the wood with a 3 to 4 coat system of high quality Seafin Teak Oil, manufactured by Dalys. This material is penetrating oil that dries to a low sheen to seal and protect the wood from

moisture and weathering. It creates a durable, nonslip surface to repel water and resist wear. It won't chip, peel or blister. It reduces work and maintenance cost because it is easy to repair and maintain and repair. With proper maintenance it will outlive urethane varnish on interior and even exterior surfaces

MAINTENENCE

When oiled surfaces require renewing, simply wipe the surface area free of loose dirt, dust or other contaminants. Dampen a cloth with the Seafin Teal Oil and wipe on. Let

stand for 5-15 minutes, then polish dry. If your dinette table has an epoxy finish, clean with furniture polish

REPAIRS

When woodwork is damaged from scrapes or abrasions that go into or thru the finish, take the following steps:

1. Take 180 to 200 grit wet/dry sand paper to smooth out rough spots.
2. Wipe clean of dust and dirt with a clean rag. Note: before applying oil, wood surface must be dry.
3. Wipe or brush on oil, allow to penetrate 5-15 minutes while surface is still wet.
4. Sand until smooth with 400A wet/dry sandpaper.
5. Wipe dry with a clean rag. Allow 8-12 hours drying time.

6. Apply second coat, sand, and repeat procedure.

This procedure may be repeated as many times as needed to bring damaged area back to its original finish. If you have trouble with getting the same sheen, you may use a soaked and wrung out cloth to apply a very light coat to get an even sheen.

For more information about the product contact:

Dalys
3525 Stoneway North
Seattle, WA 98103
(206) 633-4200

INTERIOR FURNITURE & BULKHEAD SPRAY FINISH

TEAK CARE

Teak wood is a high quality, extremely durable wood with a high oil content. In order to help you protect the original beauty of your teak, we have sealed the interior with a (3 to 4) spray coat finish, using sealer and varnish for marine cabinets. The materials are

manufactured by "Chemcraft International Inc". This material will seal and protect the wood from moisture and weathering. It is easy to maintain and reduces work and maintenance costs.

REPAIRS

When woodwork is damaged from scrapes or abrasions (that go into or through the finish), take the following steps:

- 1) Sanding with the grain, take 320 grit sand paper to smooth out rough spots. If the spot is down to the raw wood, rag (100% cotton) wipe the spot with acetone and allow to dry. (Note: acetone only needs to be applied to the raw teak).
- 2) Reseal raw wood with Mohawk Spray Sealer (aerosol can) and allow to dry.
- 3) Lightly sand with 320 grit, sanding larger than original spot.
- 4) Wipe clean of dust and dirt with a clean rag.
- 5) Using Mohawk touch up and repair supplies, use clear lacquer spray (aerosol can). Apply (1) coat on the spot evenly and allow to dry.
- 6) This process (steps 3 – 5) may be repeated as many times needed to bring damaged area back up to its original finish. On your final spraying, be sure to feather into existing finish.

SOP FOR POLYURETHANE (MINWAX) FLOORS

SURFACE SCRATCHES

- 1) Sand floor with 220 grit sandpaper until all scratches are removed.
- 2) Remove all dust with a clean cotton cloth or blow off with an air gun, then wipe down with a tack cloth.
- 3) Apply one coat of minwax evenly over the sanded area.
- 4) Let the minwax dry completely (at least one day)

DEEP SCRATCHES

- 1) Sand floor with 220 grit sandpaper until all the minwax is removed and down to raw wood, removing all blemishes.
- 2) Remove all dust with a clean cotton cloth or blow off with an air gun then wipe down with a tack cloth.
- 3) Apply one coat of minwax evenly over the floor.
- 4) Let minwax dry 4-6 hours
- 5) Repeat steps 1-4, light sand
- 6) Apply a 3rd coat if needed by repeating steps 1-4.
- 7) Let the minwax dry completely (at least one day)

Chemcraft International

Telephone: 910-723-1846

U.S. Watts: 1-800-334-8556

Mohawk Finishing Products, Inc.

U.S. Watts: 1-800-545-0047

STORAGE/WINTERIZATION

IMPORTANT

Winter storage is recommended to be done in one of the following three ways, either: 1) by blocking the boat via a cradle 2) with chained stands on level ground; or 3) by storing the boat in the water with a bubbler system to prevent icing. Damage to your boat, including engine misalignment caused by twisting, is not covered by the warranty.

SAILS

Sails should be properly folded and stowed in a dry, well-ventilated place. Many sailboat owners send their sails back to the sail manufacturer at the end of each season. The sailmaker will check the stitching and sailcloth for wear and store the sails until the start of the next season.

ELECTRICAL

Remove battery from boat (Refer to Engine Manual) and charge. It is a good idea to also remove the electronics (radio, radar, etc) and store in a safe place.

CUSHIONS

Cushions should be removed and stored at home if possible. If not, prop them vertically to promote air flow around each cushion. *Dry clean only!*

HATCHES

Tenting the deck during storage will help prevent ice from forming and damaging hatches and deck fittings. The installation of a passive vent will help with ventilation while the boat is in storage.

WATER SYSTEM

Open a faucet and allow the pump to empty the tank. Then add approximately two gallons (7.6L) of non-toxic antifreeze solution to the tank and repeat the pumping out procedure.

A second method is to disconnect the hoses at the pump, allowing

them to drain. Find the lowest point in the system and disconnect the fitting. Open all faucets to allow the lines to drain. If possible, use a short section of hose on the faucet to blow through the lines to clear all water. A diluted solution with baking soda will help freshen the system.

WATER SYSTEM

Open valve and drain fully leave valve open during lay-up time.

TOILET AND HOLDING TANK

Drain and flush toilet. Using non toxic antifreeze in a 50/50 mixture with water, pump through toilet and into holding tank.

OUTBOARD ENGINE

Take it home and store it in a safe place. Be very careful storing the gas tank as the gasoline is very flammable. Refer to Engine Manual for specific maintenance schedule.

INBOARD ENGINE

Winterizing Fresh Water Cooled Diesel Engines

1. Drain crankcase and transmission and refill with fresh lubricant as specified in Engine Manual.
2. Drain and clean all fuel filters and change elements, gaskets, and seals. Bleed all air from fuel systems.
3. Start engine and bring up to operating temperature.
4. Close the sea cock, remove the raw water pickup hose from the raw water pump and immerse one end into a 5-gallon (19L) bucket of

STORAGE/WINTERIZATION

antifreeze solution. Start engine and run until antifreeze solution comes out exhaust stack or until bucket is empty. Attach the raw water pickup hose to the raw water pump. Tighten all clamps. **NOTE: This procedure bypasses the sea strainer to prevent antifreeze from crystallizing in sea strainer, which warranty will not cover.**

5. Loosen water pump and alternator belts to lessen tension on belts during winter.

6. For engines equipped with a hand crank: pull compression release levers and turn engine slowly with the hand crank. Slowly pour about 2 ounces of engine oil into the intake pipe or manifold while hand cranking the engine. This will allow for a thin coat of oil on the valves and upper cylinder. **DO NOT USE** starter to turn engine or serious engine damage may result.

7. Tape the openings of the intake and exhaust manifolds with duct tape to help prevent corrosion of the upper cylinder during layup.

8. Scrape all rust or corrosion from exposed metal parts and surfaces. Scrub all metal surfaces with detergent and rinse thoroughly. Paint any bare metal.

9. Place a dust cover over engine. Do not leave the engine exposed to rain and sea breeze.

10. Disconnect the battery cables; remove the battery from the boat. Clean the terminal ends and battery with a solution of baking soda and water, and then rinse thoroughly with clean water. Apply a light coat of grease on the terminal end of the battery and cables. Store the battery in a cool dry place. Use a trickle charger to keep battery charged. Do

not charge battery near any open flame or a confined area.

CAUTION: Wear safety goggles and rubber gloves to protect your skin.

Winterizing Raw Water Cooled Diesel Engines

1. Drain crankcase and transmission and refill with fresh oil as specified in the engine manual. Change oil filters.

2. Close seacock, remove raw water pickup hose from water pump, attach 4-foot (1.2m) length of hose to water pump and immerse in a 5 gallon(19L) bucket of anti freeze solution. Remove hose from engine or manifold that leads to exhaust elbow. Attach about a 4-foot length of hose and immerse one end in the bucket of antifreeze solution. Start engine and run until water begins to warm up (about 3-5 min.) and the thermostat opens. Stop engine. Replace hose that leads to exhaust elbow. Start engine and let run till water comes out exhaust pipe. Stop engine, remove hose from water pump to bucket, attach hose from seacock to water pump and tighten all hose clamps. **NOTE: this procedure bypasses the sea strainer to prevent antifreeze from crystallizing sea strainer, which warranty will not cover.**

3. Loosen water pump and alternator to lessen tensions on belts during winter.

4. Drain and clean all fuel filters and change elements, gaskets and seals. Bleed all air from fuel systems.

5. Pull compression release lever and turn engine slowly with hand crank. Slowly pour about 2 ounces of

STORAGE/WINTERIZATION

engine oil into the intake pipe or manifold while engine is turning.

DO NOT USE the starter to turn engine or serious engine damage may result.

6. Tape the openings of the intake and exhaust manifolds with duct tape to help prevent corrosion of the upper cylinder during lay-up.

7. Scrape all rust or corrosion from exposed metal parts and surfaces.

Scrub all metal surfaces with detergent and rinse thoroughly. Paint any bare metal.

8. Place a dust cover over engine. Do not leave engine exposed to rain and sea breeze.

9. Disconnect the battery cables; remove the battery from the boat.

Clean the terminal ends and battery with a solution of baking soda and water and rinse thoroughly with clean water. Apply a light coat of grease on the terminal end of the battery and cables. Store the battery in a cool dry place. Use a trickle charger to keep battery charged. Do not charge battery near any open flame or in a confined area.

CAUTION: Wear safety goggles and rubber gloves to protect your eyes and skin.

DEPARTURE FROM THE BOAT

The check list for leaving a boat unattended is very important because items overlooked often will not be remembered until you are far from the boat and corrective actions are impractical or impossible.

Primary choices for this list are items relating to the safety and security of the unattended craft: turning off fuel valves, properly setting electrical switches, pumping out bilge and leaving the switch on automatic (or arrange for periodic pumping out). **It is recommended that the power be turned off when leaving the boat.** Other departure checklist items are securing ports, windows, hatches and doors.

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

Routine maintenance checklists should include items based on how much the boat is used (usually in terms of engine hours) and on calendar dates (weekly, monthly or seasonal checks). Typical of the former are oil level checks and changes, and oil and fuel filter changes.

On a calendar basis the lists should note such matters as electrolyte levels in storage batteries, pressure gauges on dry chemical fire extinguishers, and all navigation lights. Check the operation of automatic bilge alarms or pump switches by running water into the boat. Periodically close and open sea cocks several times to ensure their free and easy operation in case they are needed in an emergency. Equipment and supplies carried on board for emergencies should be inspected for any signs of deterioration.

CE CERTIFIED

Your Hunter has been manufactured in the United States and has been certified by the IMCI to be in compliance with the relevant parts of the Recreational Craft Directive 94/25/EC from the European Parliament. The CE mark means your craft meets or exceeds all current International Organization for Standardization (ISO) standards and directives in effect at time of manufacture. The builder's plate (copy provided on page 35 of this manual), affixed to your boat, describes various parameters involved in the design of your boat. Please refer to it regularly when operating your boat. Following are the Design Categories, established by the Recreation Craft Directive, which is to be considered a guideline of use application as per the Directive's criteria. Hunter Marine Corporation does NOT establish these criteria, and the category indicated is only a reference to the assigned category. The safety of the captain and crew of any vessel is not measurable by such categories, and you should not interpret these categories as an indication of your safety in such condition. The skill of your captain and crew, together with proper preparation, appropriate safety equipment for the given conditions and a well maintained vessel are critical to safe sailing.

CE CRAFT DESIGN CATEGORIES

Category A – “Ocean”: Craft designed for extended voyages where conditions may exceed wind force 8 (Beaufort Scale) and include significant wave heights of 4m, for vessels that are largely self-sufficient.

Category B - “Offshore”: Craft designed for offshore voyages where conditions include winds up to and including wind force 8 and significant wave heights up to and including 4m may be experienced.

Category C – “Inshore”: Craft designed for voyages in coastal waters, large bays, estuaries, lakes and rivers, where conditions up to and including wind force 6 and significant wave heights up to and including 4m may be experienced.

Category D – “Sheltered Waves”: Craft designed for voyages on small lakes, rivers and canals, where conditions up to and including wind force 4 and significant wave heights up to and including 0.5m may be experienced.

For additional information, contact

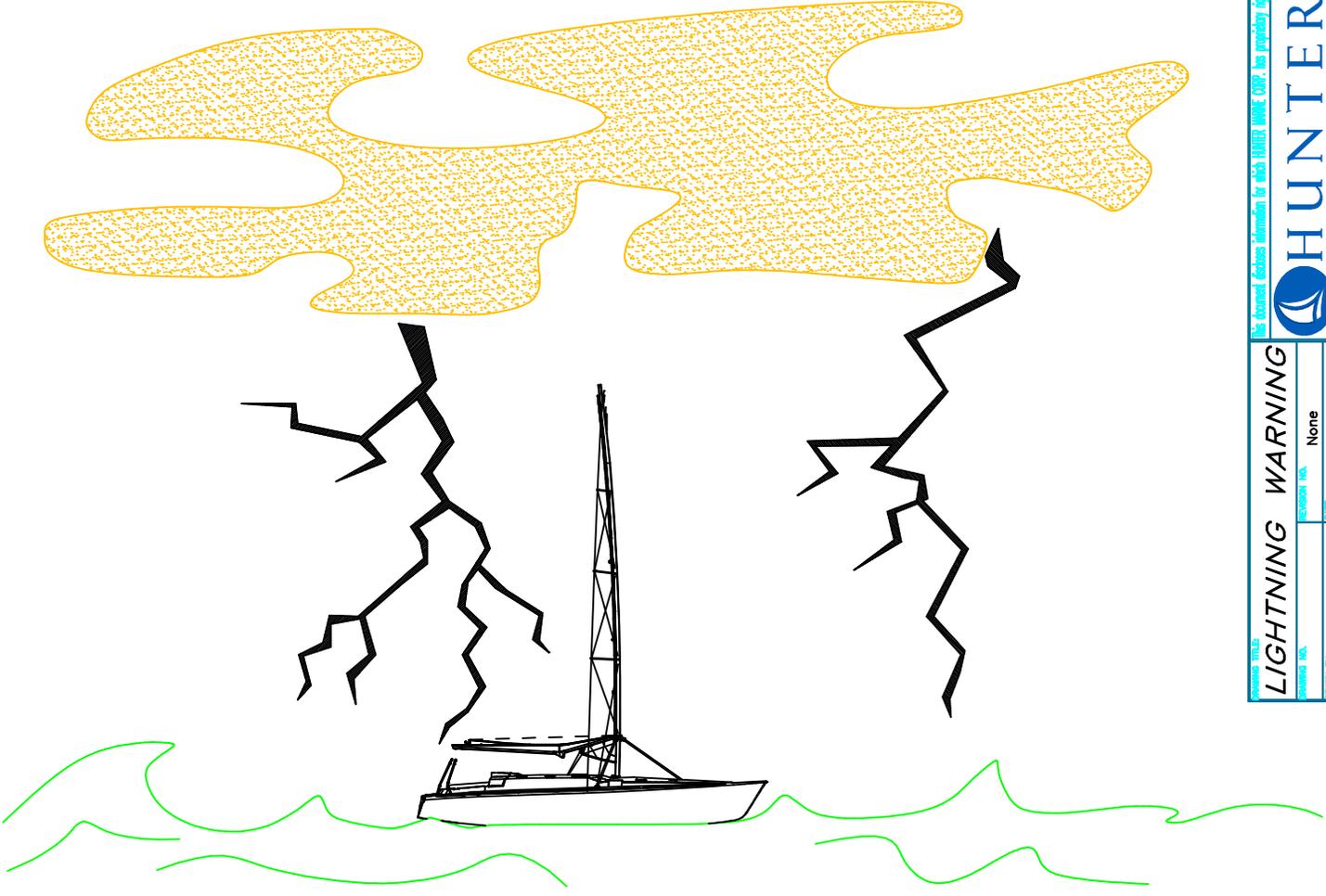
International Marine Certification Institute (IMCI)
Treves Centre, rue de Treves 45
1040 Brussels, Belgium
FX: (32) 2238-7700

NMMA CERTIFIED

Your Hunter has been judged by the National Marine Manufacturers Association (NMMA) to be in compliance with the applicable federal regulations and American Boat and Yacht Council (ABYC) standard and recommended practices in effect at the time of manufacture.

For additional information, contact:

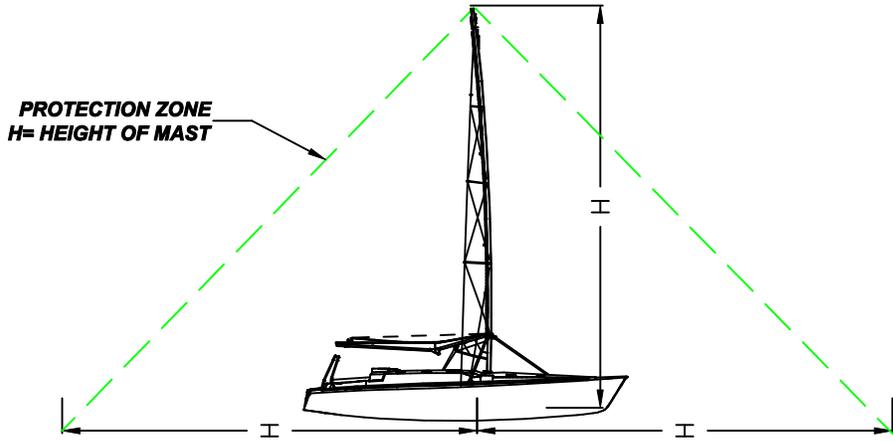
National Marine Manufacturers Association
200 E. Randolph Dr., Suite 5100
Chicago, IL 60611
PH: (1) 312-946-6200 FX: (1) 312-946-0388



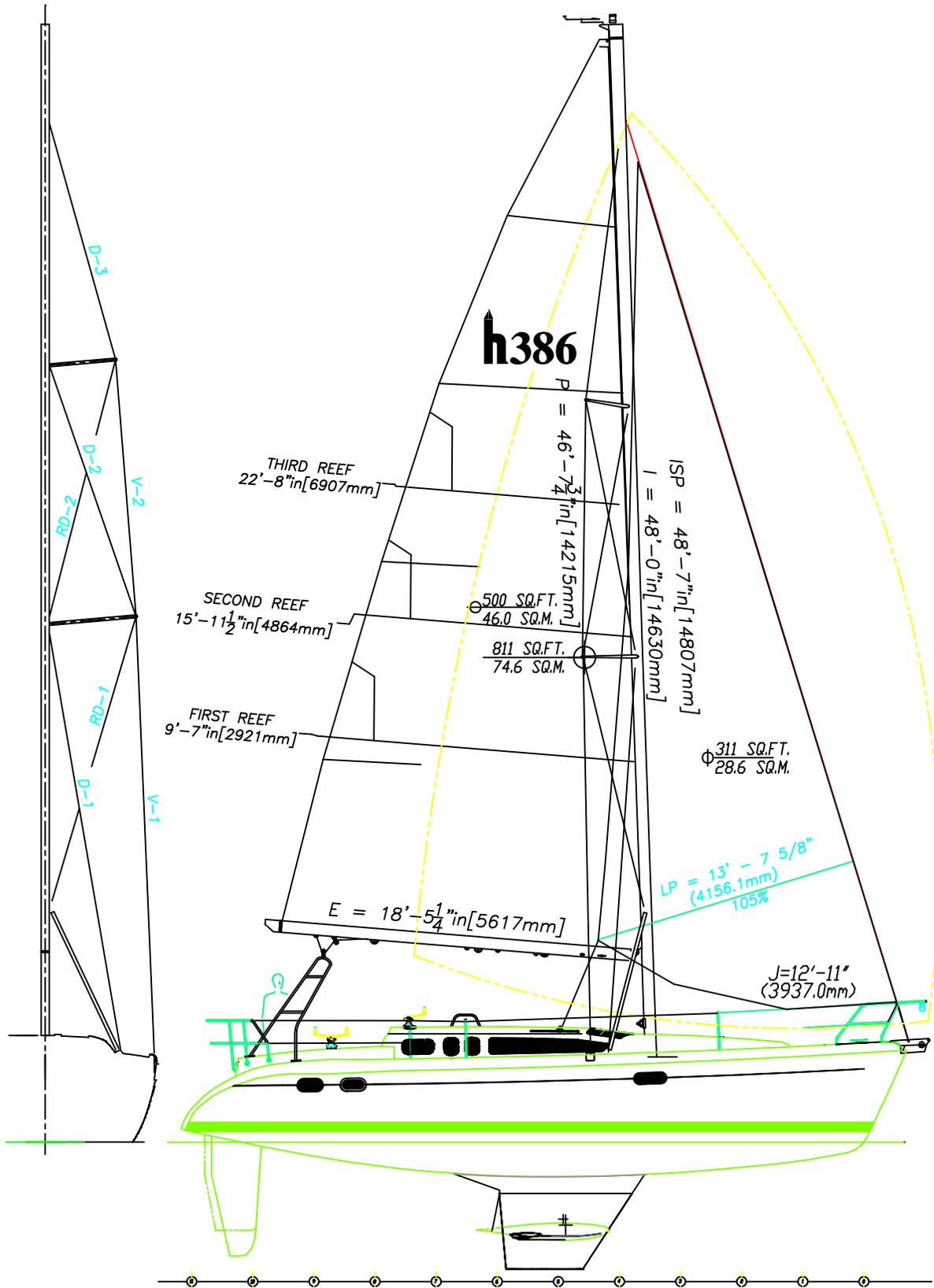
LIGHTNING STORM WARNING:

- 1. ALL WHIP ANTENNAS SHOULD BE TIED DURING STORM, UNLESS PART OF THE LIGHTNING PROTECTION SYSTEM.**
- 2. PRECAUTIONS: DURING LIGHTNING STORMS: A. THE SHIPS OCCUPANTS SHOULD TAKE SHELTER INSIDE A CLOSED AREA OF THE BOAT. EXAMPLE: BELOW DECK. B. OCCUPANTS SHOULD NOT HAVE ANY BODY PARTS IN THE WATER. C. AVOID CONTACT WITH ANY COMPONENTS OF THE L.P.S. AND D. AVOID ALL CONTACT WITH ANY METAL OBJECTS.**
- 3. SEE DIAGRAM BELOW FOR INFORMATION ON THE LIGHTNING PROTECTION ZONE.**
- 4. IF LIGHTNING SHOULD STRIKE THE SHIP, INSPECT ALL ELECTRONICS, ELECTRIC GEAR, COMPASS AND L.P.S. SYSTEM FOR POSSIBLE DAMAGE. RECALIBRATE AS NECESSARY. NOTE: BEGIN CHECKING ELECTRONICS AFTER THE THREAT OF LIGHTNING HAS PASSED.**

FAILURE TO FOLLOW PRECAUTIONS MAY RESULT IN SEVERE INJURY OR DEATH



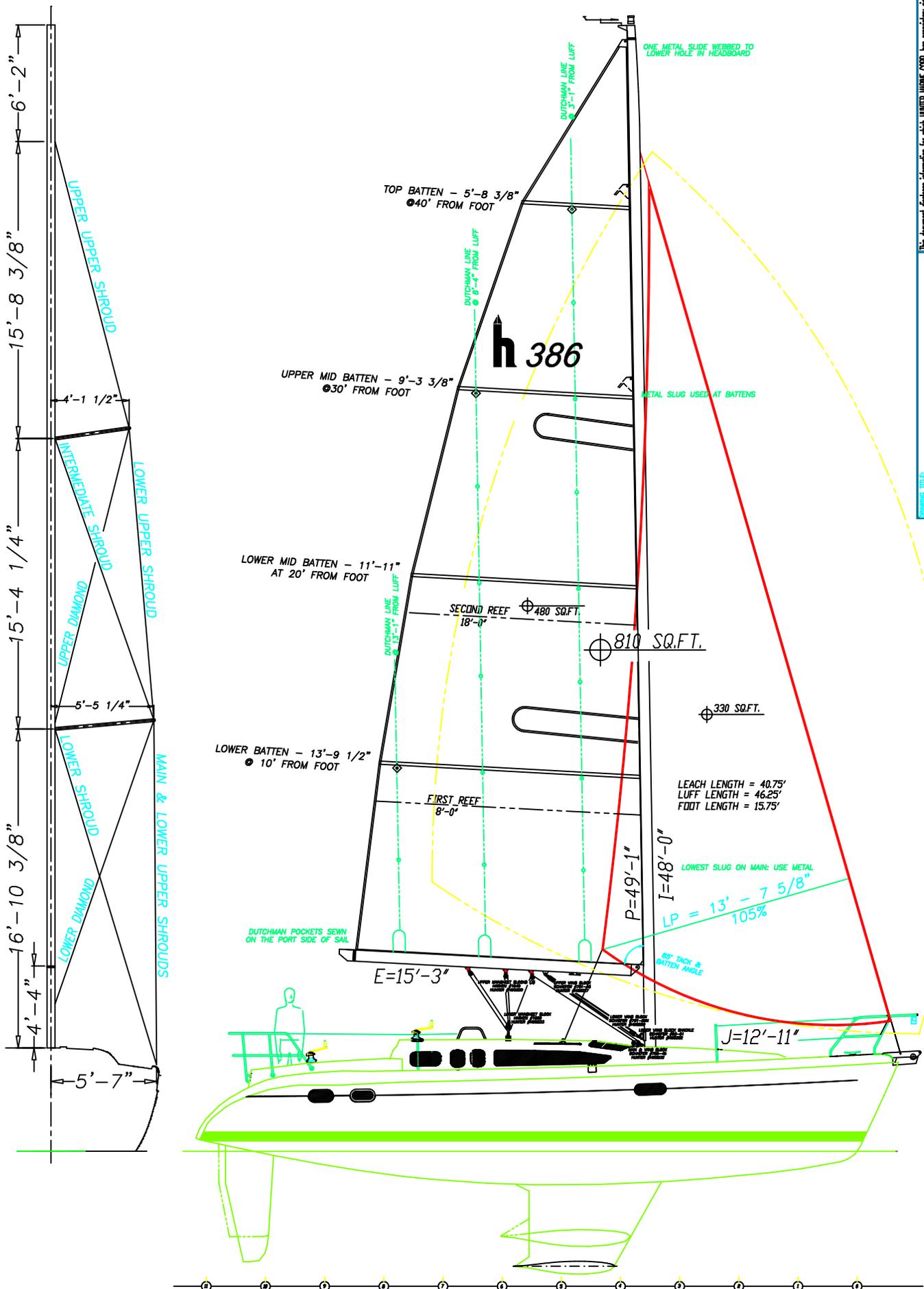
BRIDGE CLEARANCE
59'-6" in [18137mm]



This document declares information for which HUNTER MARINE CORP. has proprietary rights.



386 SAIL PLAN (STD)	
DESIGN NO.	3808036A
SCALE	NONE
DATE	5/29/98
ENGINEERING DEPT	



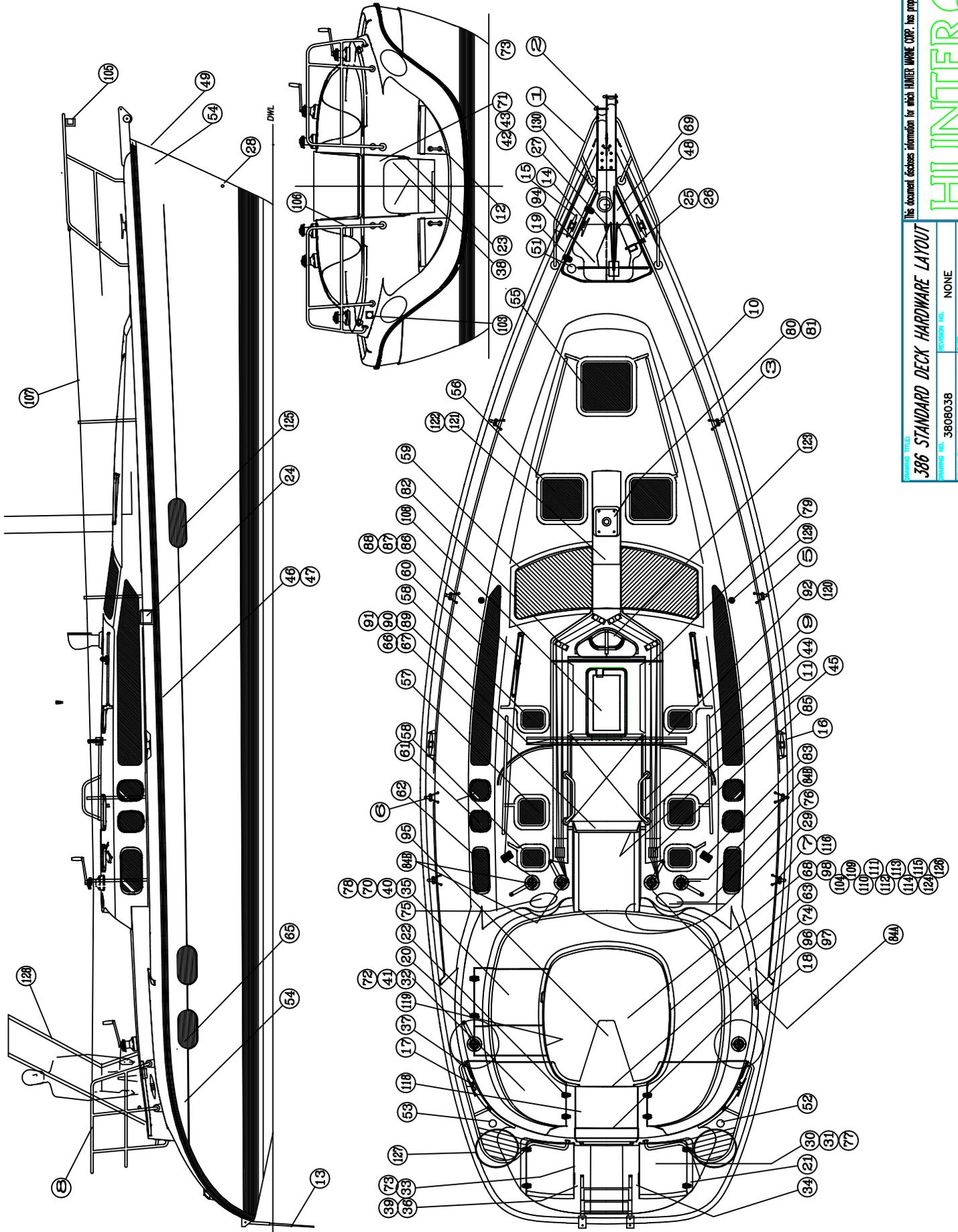
HUNTER
 386 SAIL PLAN (FURL)
 DRAWING NO. 3808036B
 SCALE NONE
 DATE 5/29/98
 ENGINEERING DEPT

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DIMENSIONS, CAPACITIES, ETC.

HUNTER 386

LENGTH OVERALL (LOA).....	38' 3"	11.66m
LENGTH OF WATERLINE (LWL).....	32' 0"	9.75m
BEAM (MAX).....	12' 7"	3.84m
DRAFT (SHOAL/DEEP).....	5' 0" (SHOAL) 6' 6" (DEEP)	1.52m 1.98m
DISPLACEMENT.....	16,000 lbs.	7264 kg
BALLAST (SHOAL KEEL).....	5,900 lbs.	2679 kg
BALLAST (DEEP KEEL).....	5,495 lbs.	2495 kg
SAIL AREA (100% TRIANGLES).....	740 sq. ft.	68.8 sq.m
SAIL AREA (ACTUAL W/STANDARD SAILS).....	811 sq. ft.	75.4 sq.m
I.....	48' 0"	14.63m
J.....	12' 11"	3.94m
P.....	46' 8"	14.22m
E.....	18' 5"	5.61m
MAST HEIGHT (FROM WATERLINE).....	59' 6"	18.14m
HEADROOM.....	6' 6"	1.98m
WATER CAPACITY.....	75 U.S. gal.	284 liters
HOLDING TANK CAPACITY.....	35 U.S. gal.	132 liters
FUEL TANK CAPACITY.....	30 U.S. gal.	113 liters
LPG TANK CAPACITY.....	20 lbs.	9.09 kg
WATER HEATER CAPACITY.....	6 U.S. gal	23 liters
BATTERY CAPACITY.....	DEALER SUPPLIED	
ELECTRICAL VOLTAGES.....	12 V.D.C.	110 A.C.
SELECT OVERSEAS MODELS 220 V		
INBOARD ENGINES.....	40 hp	29.6 kw
OPTIONAL GENERATOR.....		6 kw
MAXIMUM LOADING.....	10 PEOPLE	1655 kg
(INCLUDING LUGGAGE)		
LIFTING POINTS.....	INDICATED BY "SLING" LABELS ON HULL	



PARTS FILE #
386 STANDARD DECK HARDWARE LAYOUT
 DRAWING NO. 3808038 REVISION NO. NONE
 DRAWN BY: ENGINEERING DEPT. DATE: 2/11/98

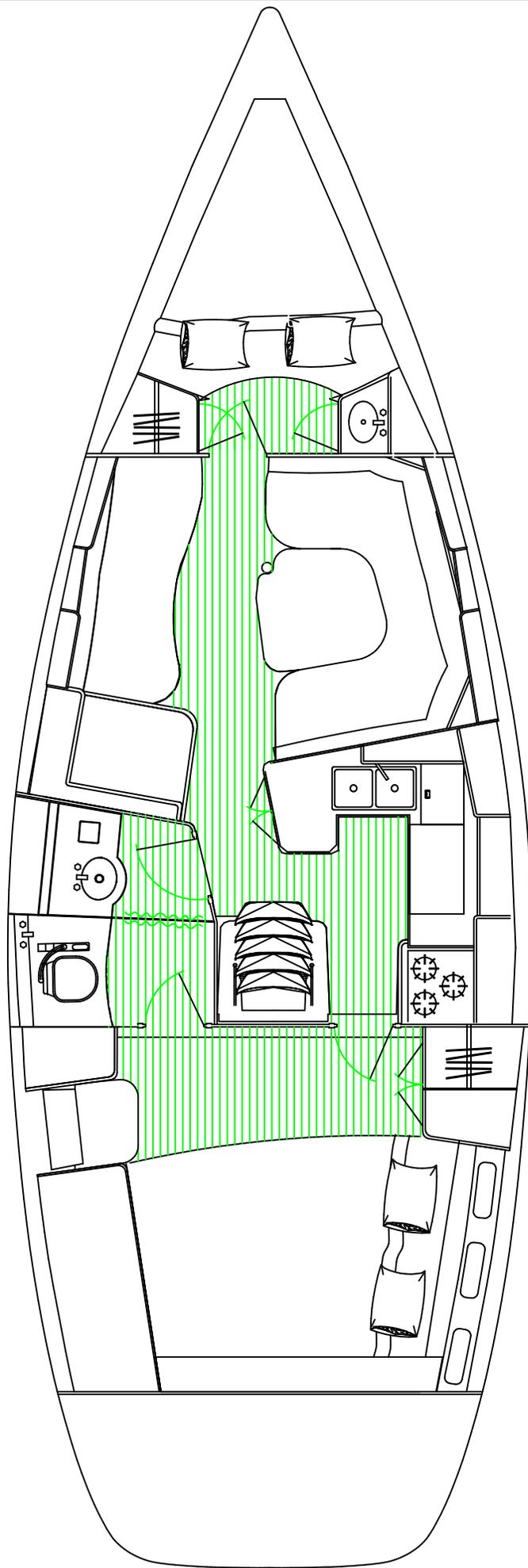


386 STANDARD DECK HARDWARE

No.	HARDWARE	MFG#	HUN#	QTY.
1	BOW RAIL		HW2408	1
2	STEM HEAD		307555	1
3	FWD STANCHIONS P&S		304332	2
5	AFT STANCHIONS P&S		305140	2
6	FWD GATE STANCHIONS P&S		304975	2
7	AFT GATE STANCHIONS P&S		304975	2
8	STERN RAIL P&S		306785	2
9	AFT HOUSE TOP HAND RAIL 48"		HW2440	2
10	FWD HOUSE TOP HAND RAIL		HW2440	2
11	COMPANIONWAY GRAB RAIL		HW2330	2
12	TRANSOM GRAB RAIL		HW2404	2
13	SWIM LADDER		308835	1
14	ANCHOR LOCKER CLEAT 10"		308835	1
15	BOW CLEATS 10"		308835	2
16	MID DECK CLEATS 10"		308835	2
17	STERN CLEATS 10"		HW0977	2
18	FURLING CLEATS 4"		HW0383	1
19	ANCHOR LOCKER HINGE		HW4172	2
20	EUROSEAT HINGE		HW4172	2
21	SWIM SEAT HINGE		HW4172	2
22	GULLWING SEAT HINGE		HW4172	2 EA.
23	HELMSMAN SEAT HINGE		304311	2 EA.
24	CHAINPLATES UPPERS		304533	2
25	ANCHOR LOCKER HANDLE		HW4479	2
26	STRIKER PLATES		HW2122	1
27	ANCHOR LOCKER DRAIN		PL1480	1
28	ANCH. LCKR. DRAIN THRU HULL		PL0840/50	1
29	ROPE LOCKER DRAIN		HW4055	1
30	PROPANE LOCKER DRAIN		PL0520	2
31	PROP. LCKR. DRAIN THRU HULL		PL0840/50	1
32	GULLWING SEAT BUMPERS		FM0283	1
33	SWIM SEAT BUMPERS		FM0283	4
34	HELMSMAN SEAT BUMPERS		FM0283	4
35	EUROSEAT BUMPERS		FM0283	4
36	SWIM SEAT LATCHES		HW4358	2
37	GULLWING SEAT LATCHES		HW4358	2
38	HELMSMAN SEAT LATCHES		HW4358	2
39	SWIM SEAT STRAP ASSEMBLY		HW4358	2
40	EURO SEAT STRAP ASSY.		HW2240	2
41	GULLWING SEAT STRAP ASSY.		HW2240	2
42	HELMSAN SEAT LANYARD		999999	1
43	HELMSMAN SEAT EYE STRAPS		HW4450	2
44	SLIDER TRACK		HW0160	1 PR.
45	ALU. COMPANIONWAY EXTRUS.		HW0146	1
46	RUB RAIL 85'		HW2460	1
47	RAIL INSERT 85'	HW2452	HW2455	1
48	ANCHOR LOCKER U BOLT		HW5512	1
49	BOW STRAP U BOLT		HW5510	1
51	FRESH WATER DECK FILL		PL1130	1
52	DIESEL DECK FILL PLATE		PL1126	1
53	WASTE DECK FILL PLATE		PL1140	1
54	TANK VENTS	503-4	PL0520	3
55	FWD HATCH COASTLINE	SIZE 60	300950	1
56	FWD MID VENT HATCH COASTLINE	SIZE 40	300260	2
57	MID CABIN TOP VENT HATCH COASTLINE			2
58	FWD/AFT CABIN TOP VENT HATCH COASTLINE	SIZE 40	300260	2
59	WINDSHEILD		HW0056	1
60	FIXED HOSE SIDE PORTS-P&S		PX0375/376	2
61	VERT OPENING HOUSE SIDE PTS		HW0043	4
62	HORIZ. OPENING HSE. PORTS	39899915	HW0084	2
63	COCKPIT OPENING PORTS	398129993	HW0049	1

386 DECK HARDWARE CONT'

No.	HARDWARE	MFG#	HUN#	QTY.
65	HULL SIDE FIXED PORTS		PX0297	4
66	PLEXI COMPANIONWAY HATCH		QF920001	1
67	PIN BOARDS		QF850001	1 SET
68	FRP STEERING CONSOLE	QA270100	QA270150	1
69	FRP ANCHOR LOCKER LID		QA270010	1
70	FRP EUROSEAT		QA270065	1
71	FRP HELMSMAN SEAT (2 PARTS)	QA270190	QA270192	1
72	FRP GULLWING SEAT P&S	QA270180	QA270185	2
73	FRP SWIM SEAT	QA270195	QA270215	2
74	FRP QUAD COVER		QA270085	1
75	FRP PORT ROPE LOCKER LINER		QA270051	1
76	FRP STBD ROPE LOCKER LINER		QA270053	1
77	FRP PROPANE LOCKER LINER		QA270295	1
78	FRP EURO SEAT LINER		QA270068	1
79	FRP SPRAY HOOD (2 PARTS)	QA270040	QA270042	1
80	MAST STEP	SELDEN	401175	1
81	COMPRESSION POST/DECK PLATE		304924	1
82	DEFLECTOR BLOCKS	504-30	HW0104	4
83	CHEEK BLOCKS	705-10	HW0277	2
84A	WINCH LEWMAR (HALYARDS, MNSHTS.)	44CST	HW2521	1
84B	JB,SHT., WINCHES, JIB SHTS	40CST	HW2520	3
85	SHEET STOPPER QUAD		304030	2
86	JIB TRACKS 24" X 1 1/4 X 3/16 SCHAEF.		HW0274	2
87	JIB TRACKS STOPS SCHAEFER	74-36G	HW0215	4
88	LEAD CARS SILVER SCHAEFER	32-98	HW0217	2
89	HARKEN CONTROL BLOCK PORT		HW0334	1
90	HARKEN TRAVELER TRACK		HW0336	1
91	HARKEN TRAVELER CAR		HW0332	1
92	HARKEN CONTROL BLOCK STBD		HW0335	1
94	ANCHOR US #22	#1209	LGO320	1
95	STEERING SHEAVES		HW3289G	1
96	STEERING QUADRANTS		HW3283	1
97	QUAD STOPS		HW3131	2
98	STEERING WHEEL 42"		HW3279	1
99A	LOWER MAINSHEET BLOCK	HARKEN 1560	HW0333	1
99B	MAINT & VANG BLOCK @ MAST STEP	SCFR SC705-45	HW0232	1
100	UPPER MAINSHEET BLOCK	HARKEN 1540	HW0330	3
101	UPPER VANG BLOCK (SCHAEFER)	SCHAEFER 701-46	HW0227	1
102A	LOWER VANG BLOCK (SCHAEFER)	SCHAEFER 701-56N	HW0229	1
102B	LOWER VANG BLOCK SHACKLE	SCHAEFER 93-61	HW0302	1
103	SHORE POWER INLET		LG0100	1
104	ENGINE PANEL YANMAR		HW3400-A	1
105	BOW LIGHT BICOLOR		EL0380	1
106	STERN LIGHT		EL0390	1
107	LIFE LINES		RL1253	2 PAIR
108	SOLAR PANEL	HW2452	EL1180	1
109	SHIFT CONTROL BOX (BERKLEY)		HW3572	1
110	COMPASS	FN-201	LG0130	1
111	COCKPIT SPEAKERS W/ GRILL, WHITE		EL0101-A	2
112	VHF RADIO	APELCO 5160	EL0119	1
113	KNOT METER AUTO HELM		EL0088	1
114	DEPTH GUAGE AUTO HELM		EL0086	1
115	FUEL GUAGE		HW3406	1
116	SPRING SWIVEL BLOCK	SCHAEFER 300-35	HW0267	1
118	COCKPIT SHOWER		PL0189	1
119	BILGE PUMP		PL0371	1
120	HARKEN TVL TRACK END STOP	HARKEN632	HW0331	2
121	HALYARD ROLLER		HW1072	1
122	HALYARD ROLLER BRKT.		HW3888	1 SET
123	DORADE VENTS		HW4856	2
124	S.S. PEDESTAL GUARD FWD.		HW2305	1
125	WINCH-MAINSHEET- JIB HALY.- JIB SHT.		HW2520	3
126	COCKPIT CONSOLE AFT RAIL		HW2121	1
127	LPG LOCKER LIDS P&S		PC030285	2
128	ARCH		PA270533	1
129	CHAINPLATES LOWERS		304311	2
130	ANCHOR WINDLASS (OPTIONAL)		999999	1

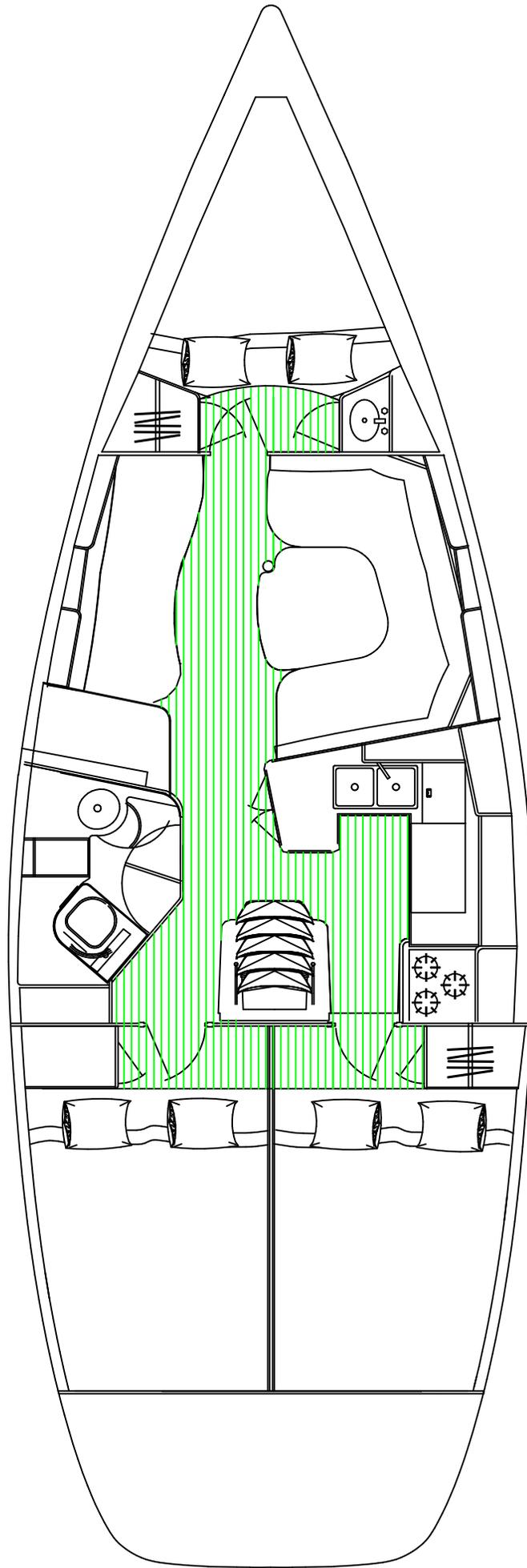


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386 ACCOMADATION PLAN (STD)

DESIGN NO.	3808041A	SCALE	NONE
DRAWN BY	ENGINEERING	DATE	2/11/98



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HUNTER

386 ACCOMMODATION PLAN (TRI-CABIN)

PROJECT TITLE	386 ACCOMMODATION PLAN (TRI-CABIN)
DESIGNER NO.	3808041B
REVISION NO.	NONE
DATE	2/11/98
ENGINEERING DEPT.	

TABLE INSTRUCTIONS

TO LOWER THE TABLE:

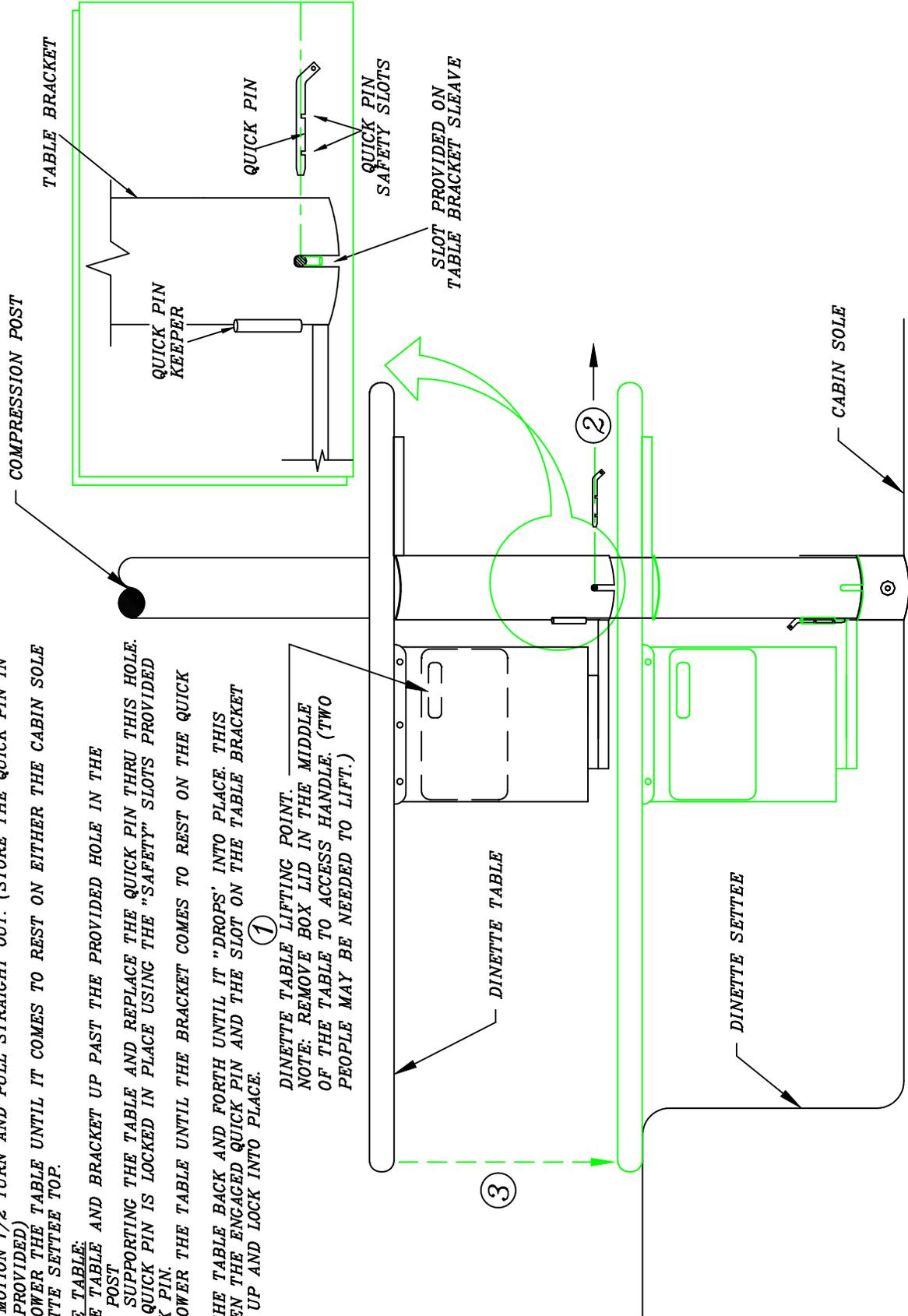
1. LIFT UP ON THE TABLE TO RELIEVE PRESSURE ON THE QUICK PIN SUPPORTING THE TABLE BRACKET.
2. CONTINUE SUPPORTING THE TABLE AND REMOVE THE QUICK PIN BY TURNING IT IN A CLOCKWISE MOTION 1/2 TURN AND PULL STRAIGHT OUT. (STORE THE QUICK PIN IN THE KEELER PROVIDED)
3. SLOWLY LOWER THE TABLE UNTIL IT COMES TO REST ON EITHER THE CABIN SOLE OR THE DINETTE SETTEE TOP.

TO RAISE THE TABLE:

1. RAISE THE TABLE AND BRACKET UP PAST THE PROVIDED HOLE IN THE COMPRESSION POST
2. CONTINUE SUPPORTING THE TABLE AND REPLACE THE QUICK PIN THRU THIS HOLE. ENSURE THE QUICK PIN IS LOCKED IN PLACE USING THE "SAFETY" SLOTS PROVIDED ON THE QUICK PIN.
3. SLOWLY LOWER THE TABLE UNTIL THE BRACKET COMES TO REST ON THE QUICK PIN.
4. ROTATE THE TABLE BACK AND FORTH UNTIL IT "DROPS" INTO PLACE. THIS HAPPENS WHEN THE ENGAGED QUICK PIN AND THE SLOT ON THE TABLE BRACKET SLEEVE LINE UP AND LOCK INTO PLACE.

DINETTE TABLE LIFTING POINT.

NOTE: REMOVE BOX LID IN THE MIDDLE OF THE TABLE TO ACCESS HANDLE. (TWO PEOPLE MAY BE NEEDED TO LIFT.)



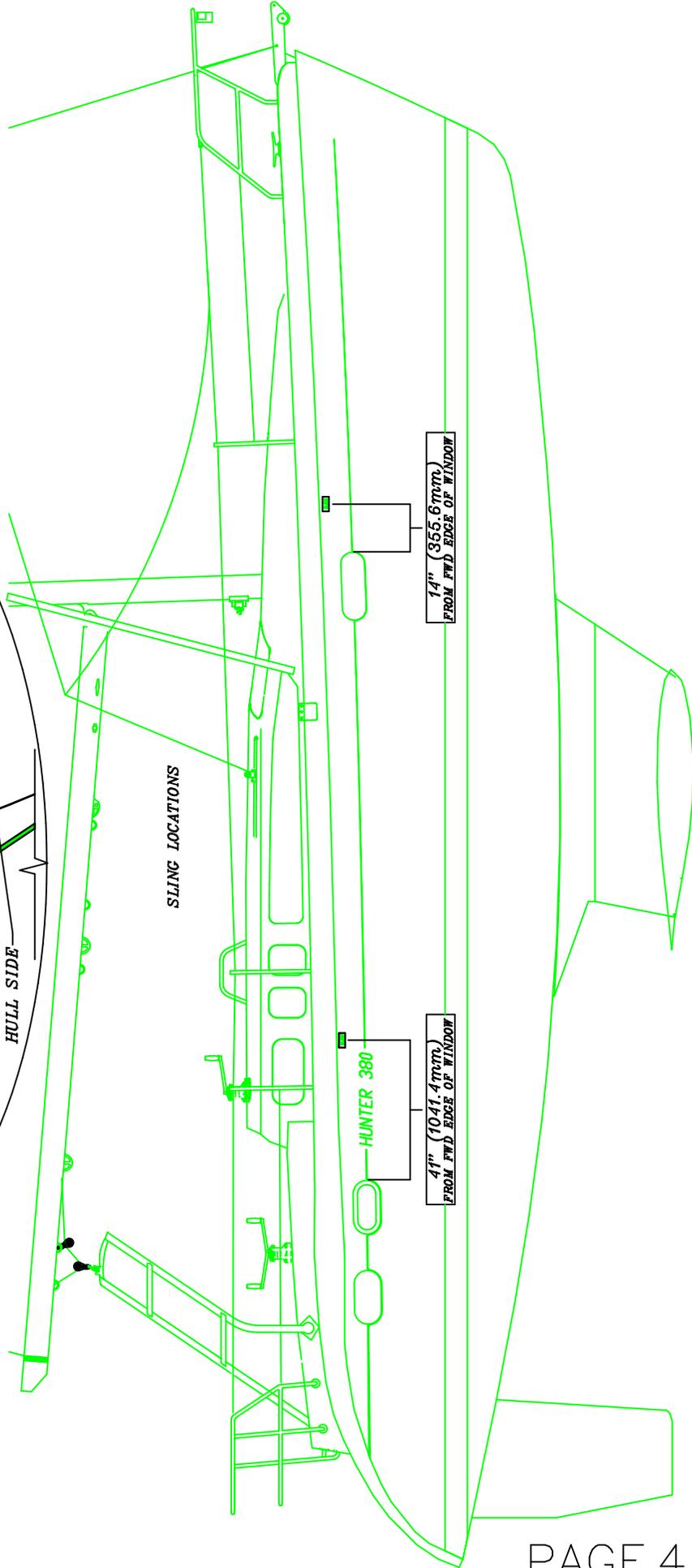
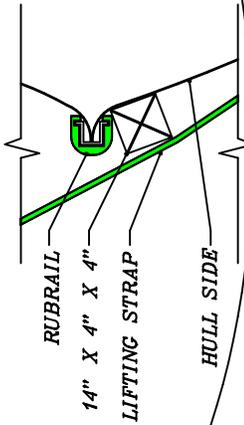
H386 DINETTE TABLE OPERATION

REVISED BY	3808041C	REVISION NO.	NONE
DATE	10/27/98	DATE	10/27/98
ENGINEERING DEPT.			

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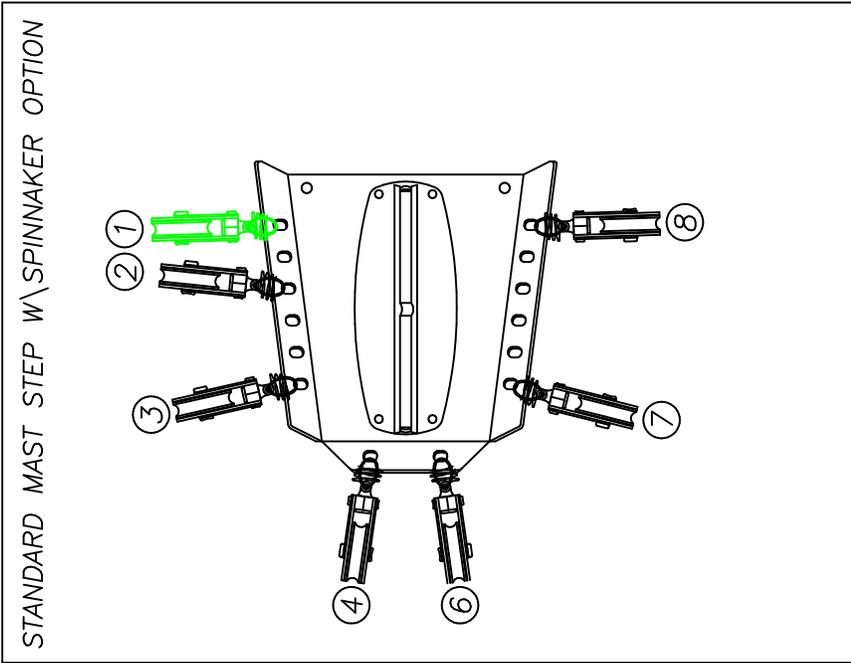
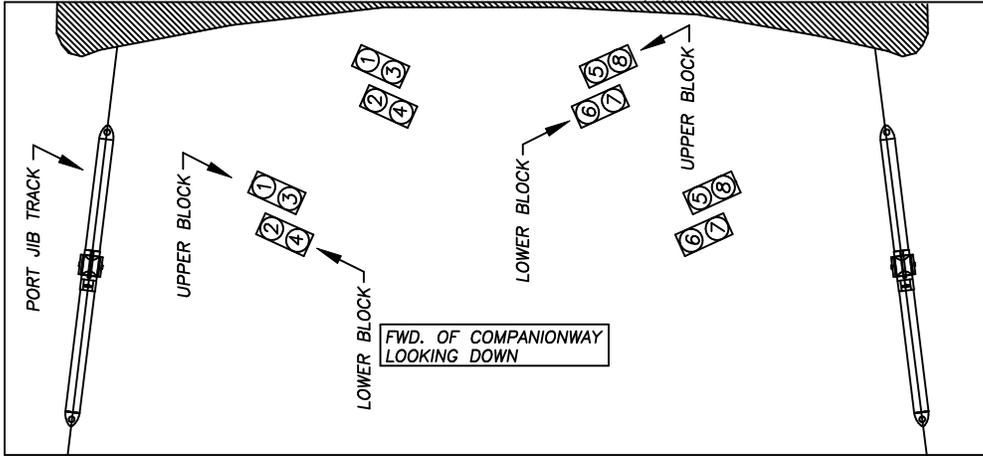
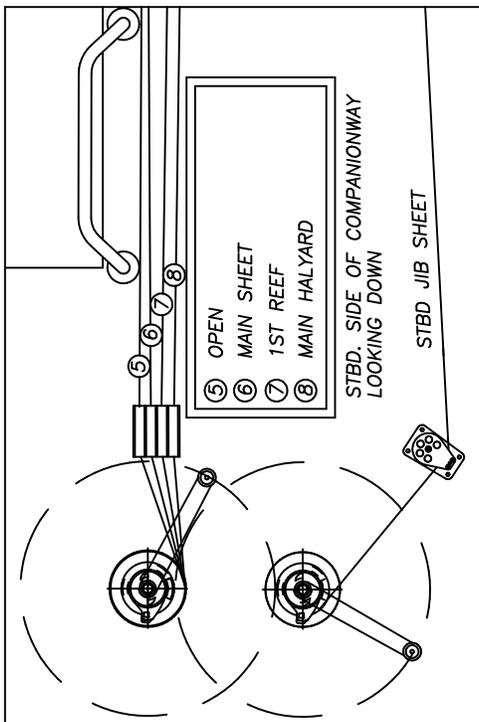
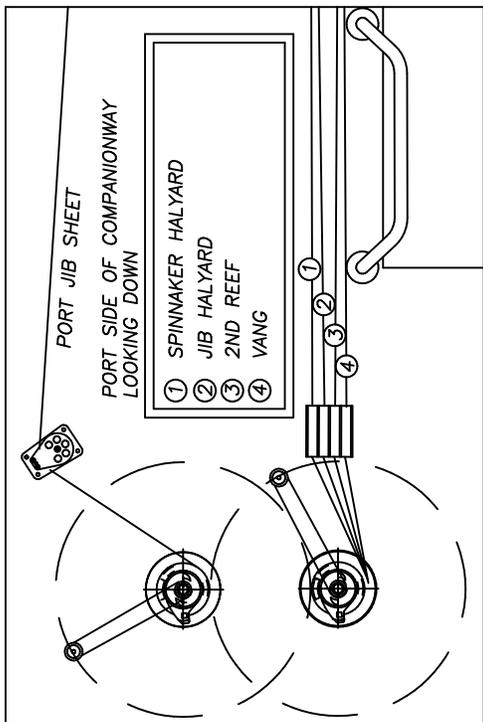
NOTE: TO AVOID DAMAGING THE RUBRAIL WHEN LIFTING THE BOAT, A 14" X 4" PIECE OF 4" X 4" WOOD SHOULD BE PLACED IN BETWEEN THE LIFTING STRAP AND THE HULL JUST BELOW THE RUBRAIL



HUNTER 380

41" (10414mm)
FROM FWD. EDGE OF WINDOW

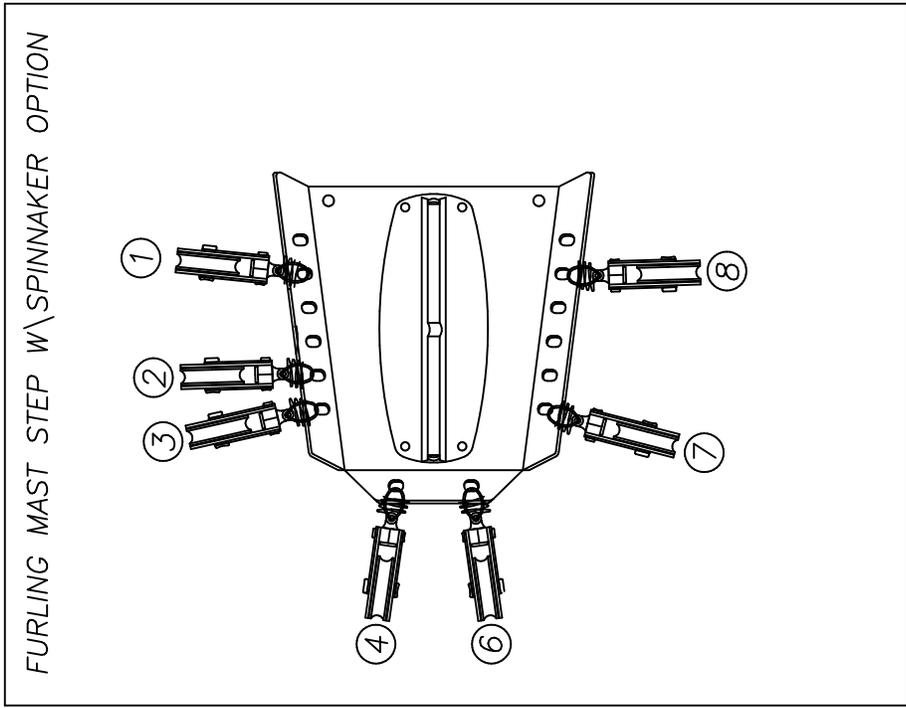
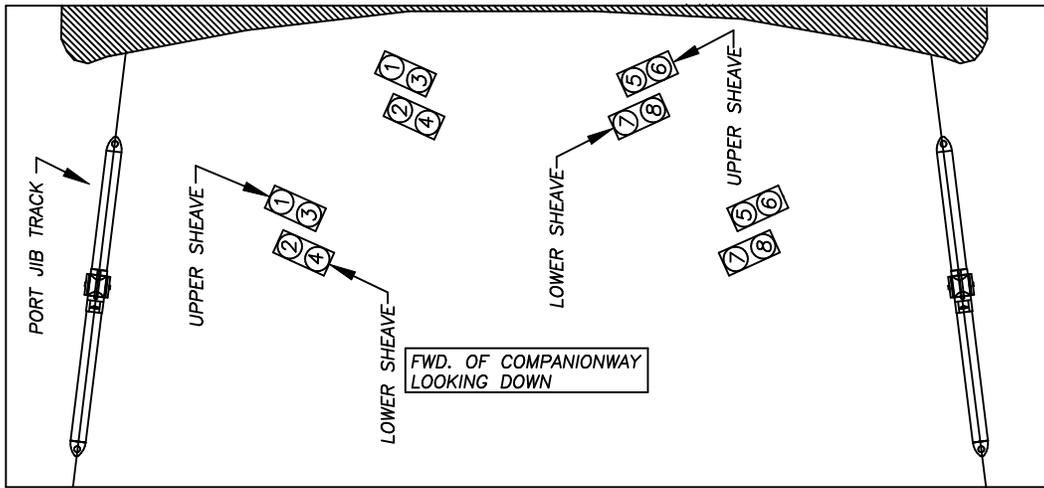
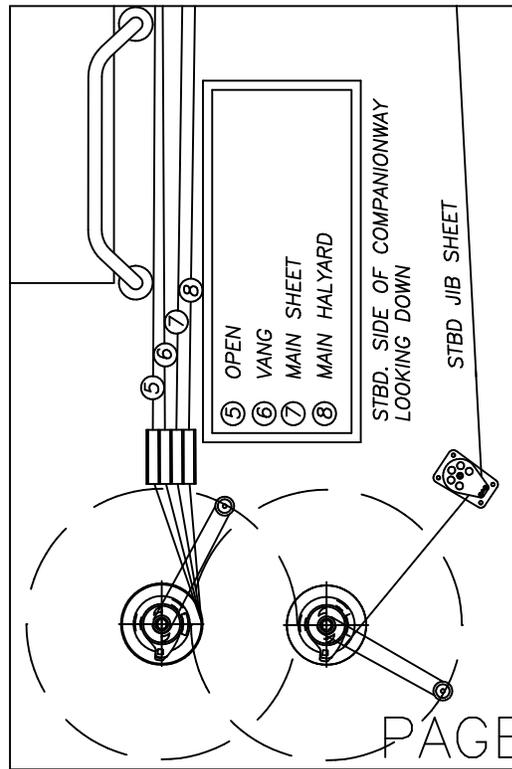
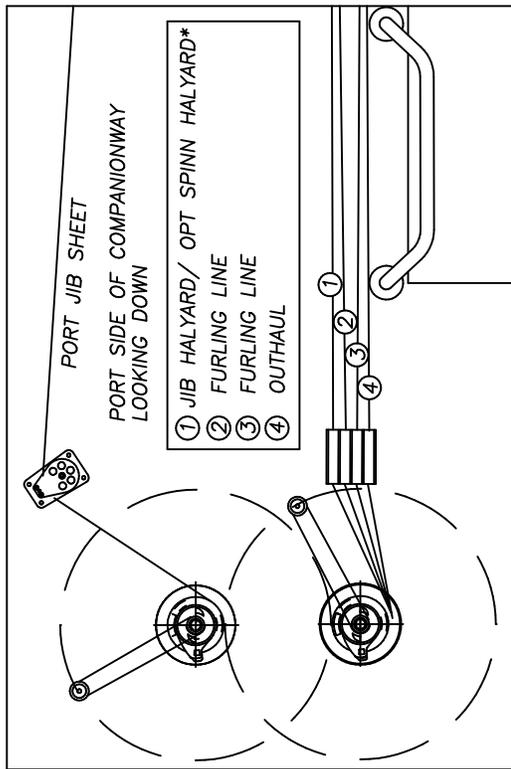
14" (3556mm)
FROM FWD. EDGE OF WINDOW



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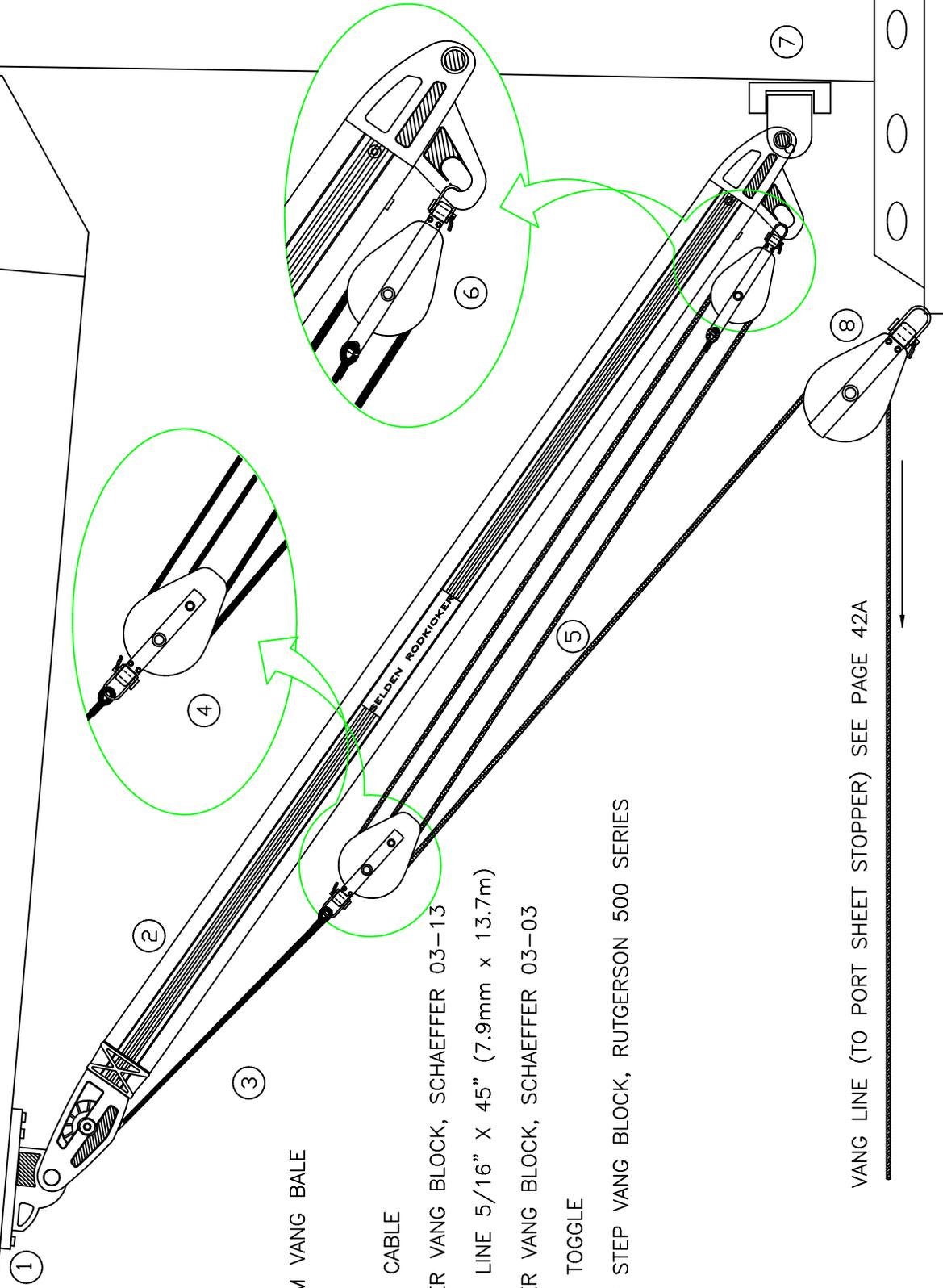
386 STD. RUN. RIG & MAST STEP DETAIL			
DESIGN NO.	386042A-1	REVISED NO.	NONE
ENGINEERING DEPT.		DATE	2/11/98



* WHEN AN OPTIONAL SPINNAKER IS USED WITH A FURLING MAST, THE JIB HALYARD IS CLEATED OFF AT THE BLOCK AND THE TAIL END OF THE LINE IS STOWED IN THE HOLE AT THE PORT SIDE OF THE MAST BASE

MAST

BOOM



- ① BOOM VANG BAILE
- ② VANG
- ③ VANG CABLE
- ④ UPPER VANG BLOCK, SCHAEFFER 03-13
- ⑤ VANG LINE 5/16" X 45" (7.9mm x 13.7m)
- ⑥ LOWER VANG BLOCK, SCHAEFFER 03-03
- ⑦ VANG TOGGLE
- ⑧ MAST STEP VANG BLOCK, RUTGERSON 500 SERIES

VANG LINE (TO PORT SHEET STOPPER) SEE PAGE 42A

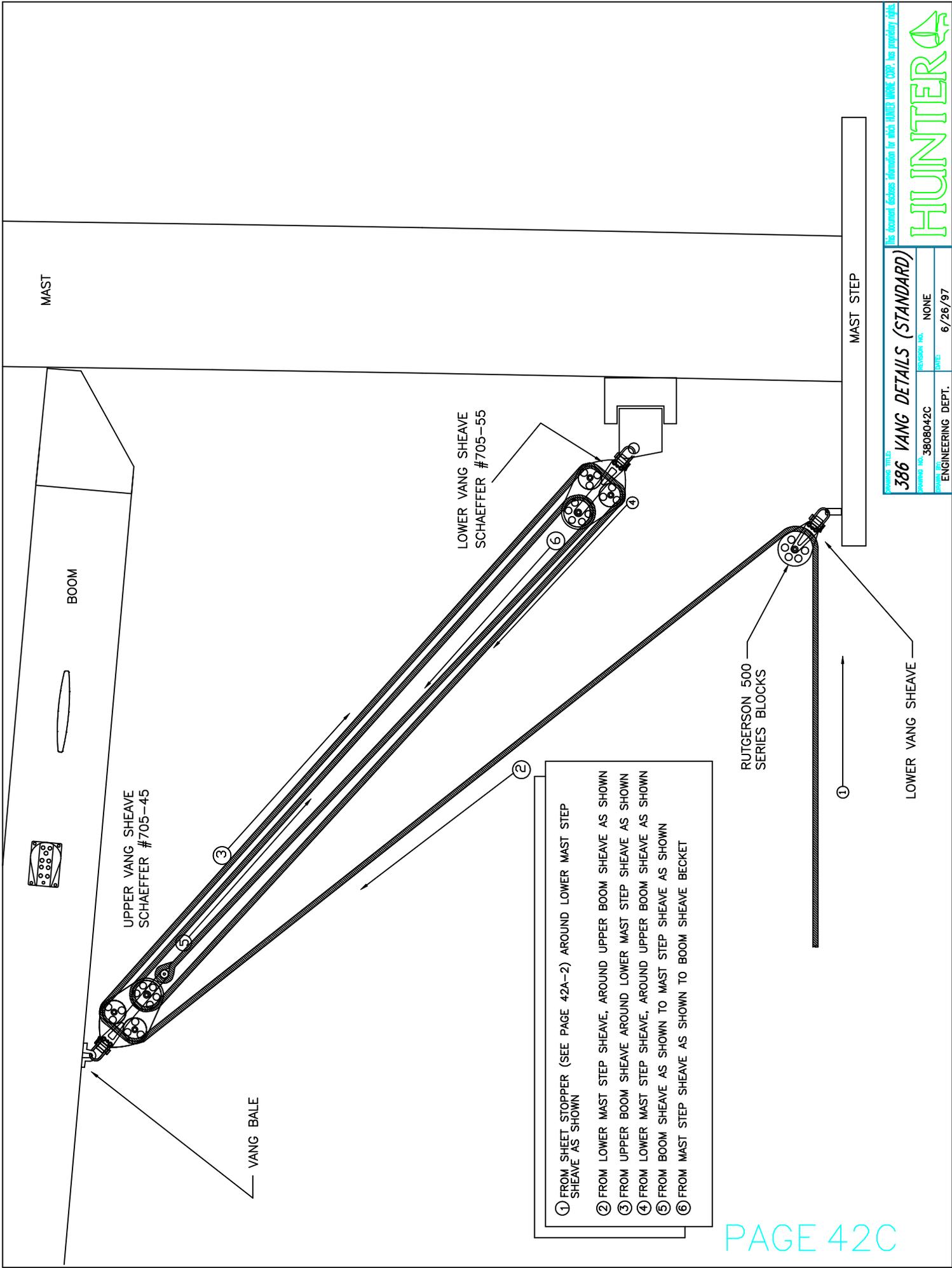
FOR VANG DETAILS SEE FOLOWING PAGES

386 RIGID VANG DETAILS FURLING/OPT.

REVISED NO.	3808042B	DATE	2/12/98
DESIGNER NO.	NONE	ENGINEERING DEPT.	

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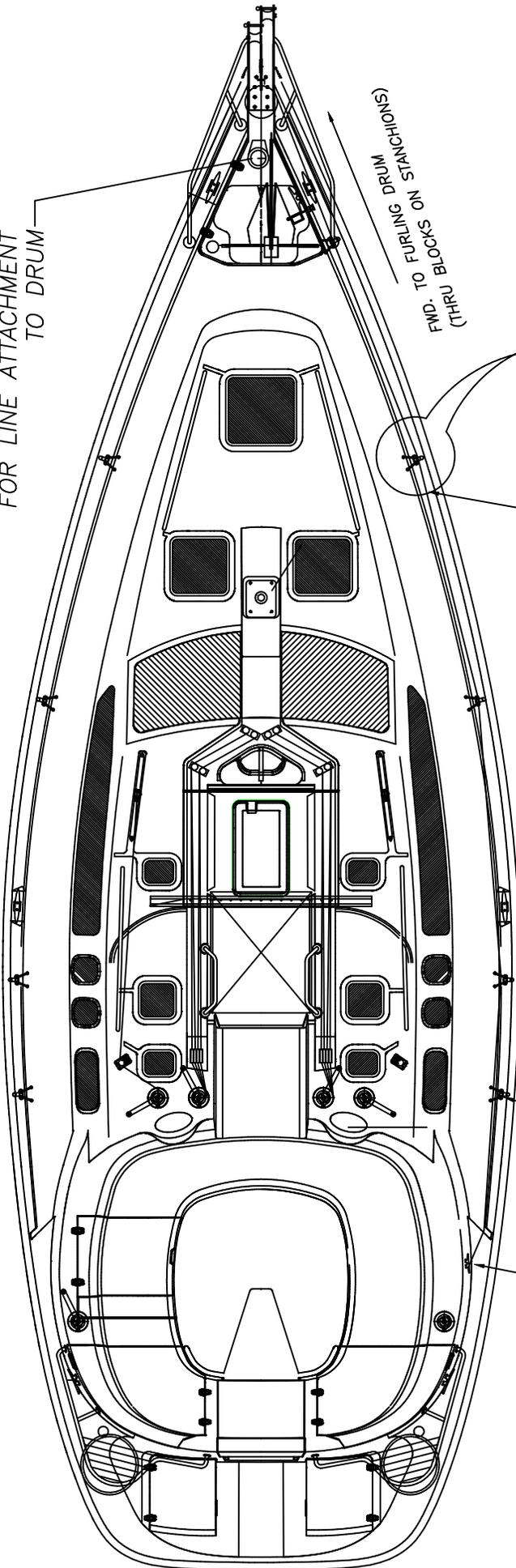


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386 VANG DETAILS (STANDARD)	
REVISED NO.	3808042C
DESIGNER	NONE
DATE	6/28/97
ENGINEERING DEPT.	

HUNTER

SEE FURLING MANUAL
FOR LINE ATTACHMENT
TO DRUM

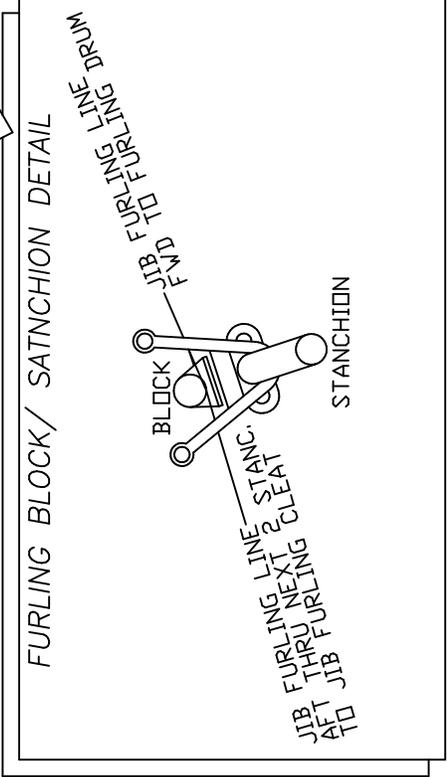


AFT TO CLEAT

SPRING BLOCK ON AFT STANCHION,
ALL OTHERS STATIONARY

JIB FURLING LINE

FWD. TO FURLING DRUM
(THRU BLOCKS ON STANCHIONS)



FURLING BLOCK/ STANCHION DETAIL

FWD TO FURLING DRUM

FURLING LINE NEXT & CLEAR
AFT JIB FURLING LINE TO
STANCHION

BLOCK

FWD TO FURLING DRUM

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386 JIB FURLING LINES LAYOUT

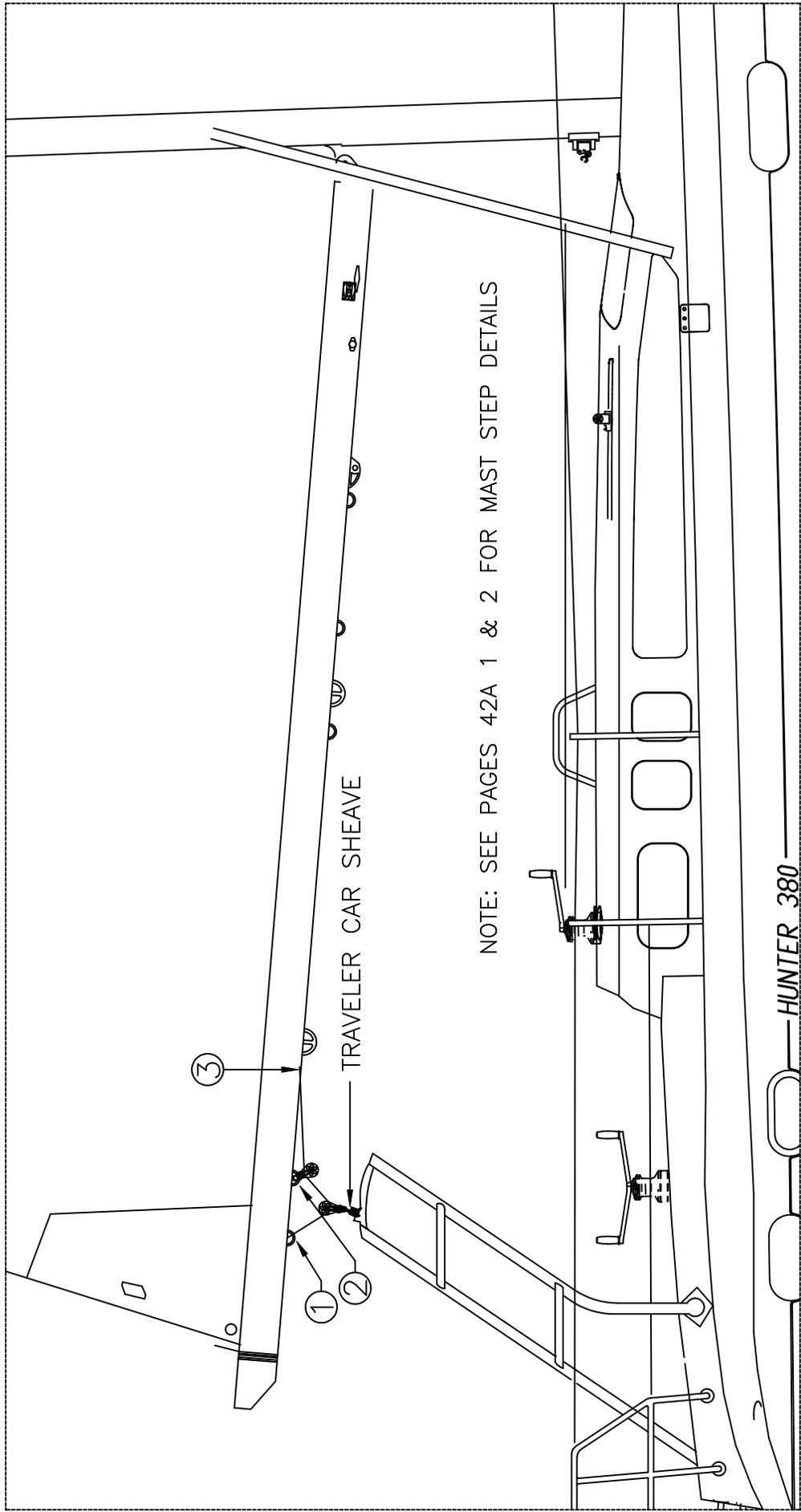


JIB FURLING SYSTEM

DESIGN NO.	3768042D	REVISED NO.	NONRE
DATE		DATE	2/12/98
ENGINEERING DEPT.			

- STANDARD MAINSHEET PURCHASE (ENDBOOM)
- ① BAIL, MAINSHEET END
 - ② BAIL, MAINSHEET BLOCK
 - ③ EXIT, MAINSHEET

NOTE:
SEE PAGE 43C FOR ENDBOOM TRAVELER DETAILS



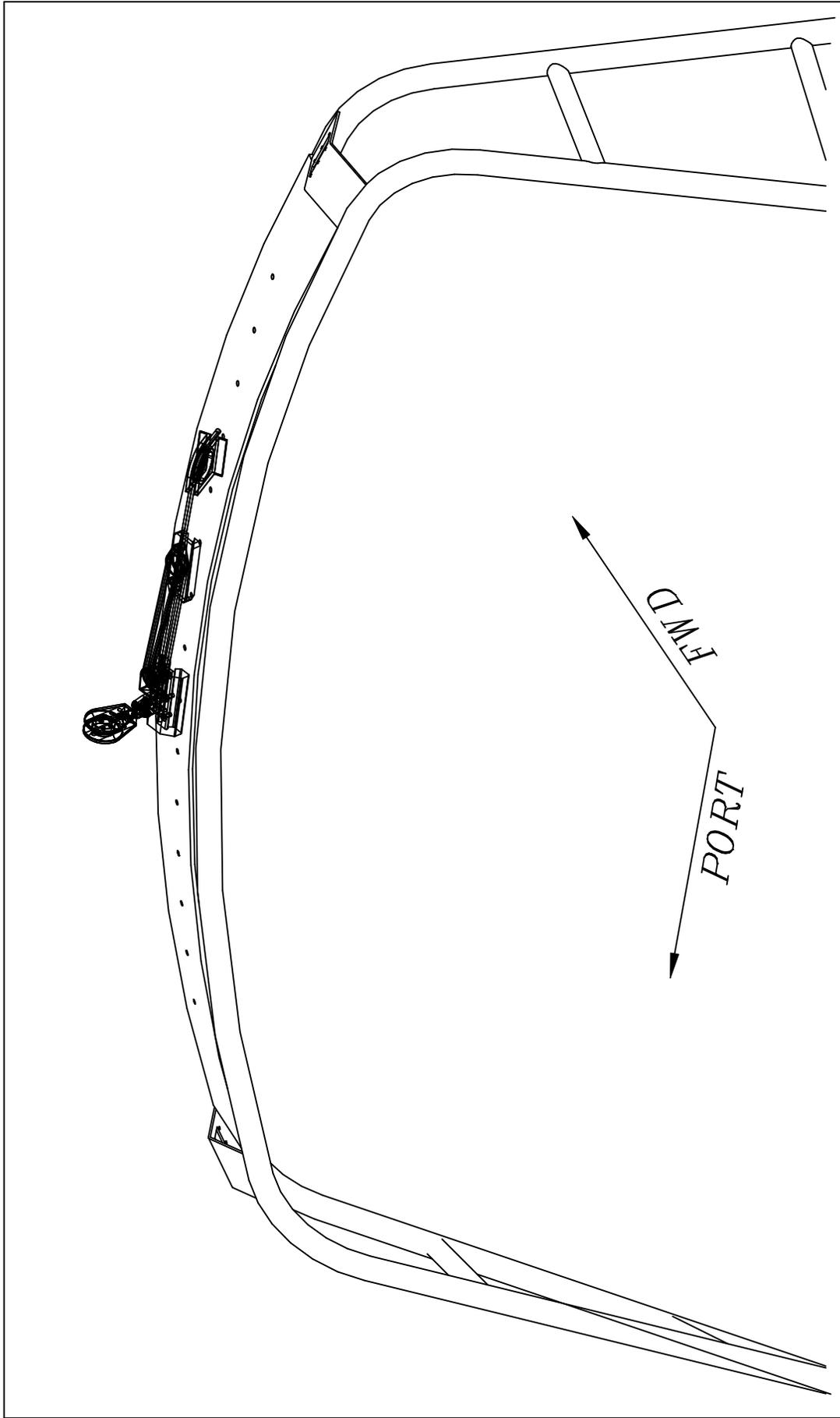
NOTE: SEE PAGES 42A 1 & 2 FOR MAST STEP DETAILS

HUNTER 380

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386 MAINSHEET PURCHASE	
REVISED NO.	3808043A
DESIGN NO.	NONE
DATE	5/28/98
ENGINEERING DEPT.	

HUNTER



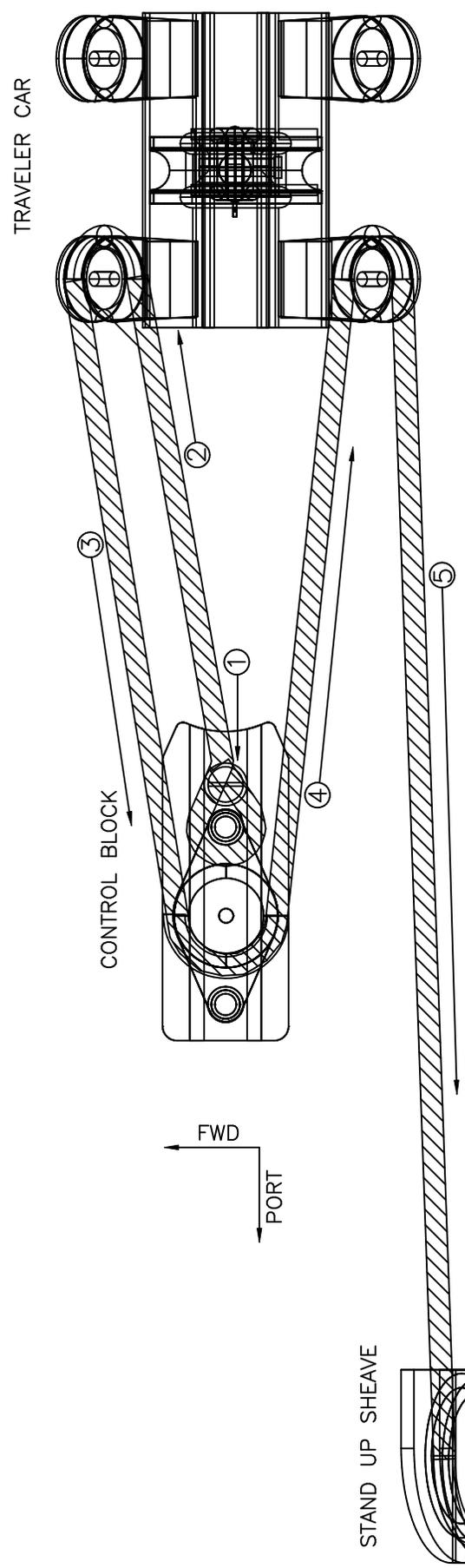
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380 TRAV. CONTROL LINE DETAILS

REVISED NO.	3808043B	REVISION NO.	NONE
DATE		DATE	2/12/98
ENGINEERING DEPT.			

NOTE:
 ARCH & TRAVELER BAR NOT SHOWN FOR CLARITY.
 PORT SIDE SHOWN, STARBOARD SIDE IS MIRROR IMAGE
 SEE FOLLOWING PAGE FOR MORE DETAILS



- ① SECURE END OF CONTROL LINE TO BECKET ON CONTROL BLOCK
- ② LEAD LINE AROUND FWD. SIDE OF AFT TRAVELER CAR SHEAVE AS SHOWN
- ③ LEAD LINE FROM AFT SIDE OF AFT TRAVELER CAR SHEAVE TO AFT SIDE OF CONTROL BLOCK SHEAVE
- ④ LEAD LINE FROM FWD. SIDE OF CONTROL BLOCK SHEAVE TO AFT SIDE OF FWD. TRAVELER CAR SHEAVE
- ⑤ LEAD LINE FROM FWD. SIDE OF FWD. TRAVELER CAR SHEAVE TO STAND UP SHEAVE
- ⑥ LEAD LINE AROUND STAND UP SHEAVE THEN DOWN THRU ARCH AND AROUND LOWER SHEAVE TO CAM CLEAT

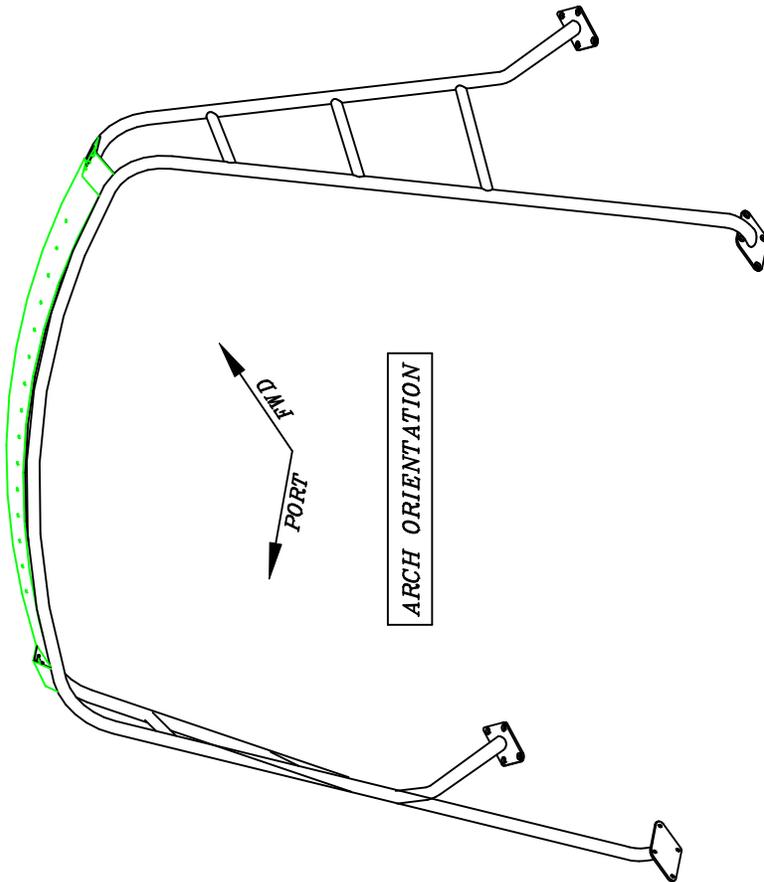
ARCH INSTALLATION: NOTES AND TOOL LIST

NOTES:

1. **IMPORTANT: COMPLETELY READ ALL OF THE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE BEGINNING.**
2. **THIS JOB REQUIRES THREE PEOPLE. IT IS IMPORTANT THAT THE ARCH CONTINUE BEING SUPPORTED ONCE IT HAS BEEN SET IN PLACE, UNTIL BEING FULLY SECURED TO THE DECK.**
3. **WHEN INSTALLING ARCH: TO AVOID POSSIBLE INJURY, ORIENT THE DIRECTION OF THE ARCH (LEANING FORWARD) PRIOR TO BEGINNING THE INSTALLATION PROCESS.**
4. **SEE BELOW FOR A LIST OF TOOLS SUGGESTED FOR THE INSTALLATION PROCESS.**
5. **IMPORTANT: REMEMBER TO CHECK ALL THE ARCH BOLTS / NUTS AFTER THE INITIAL SEA TRIAL AND RETIGHTEN AS NECESSARY**

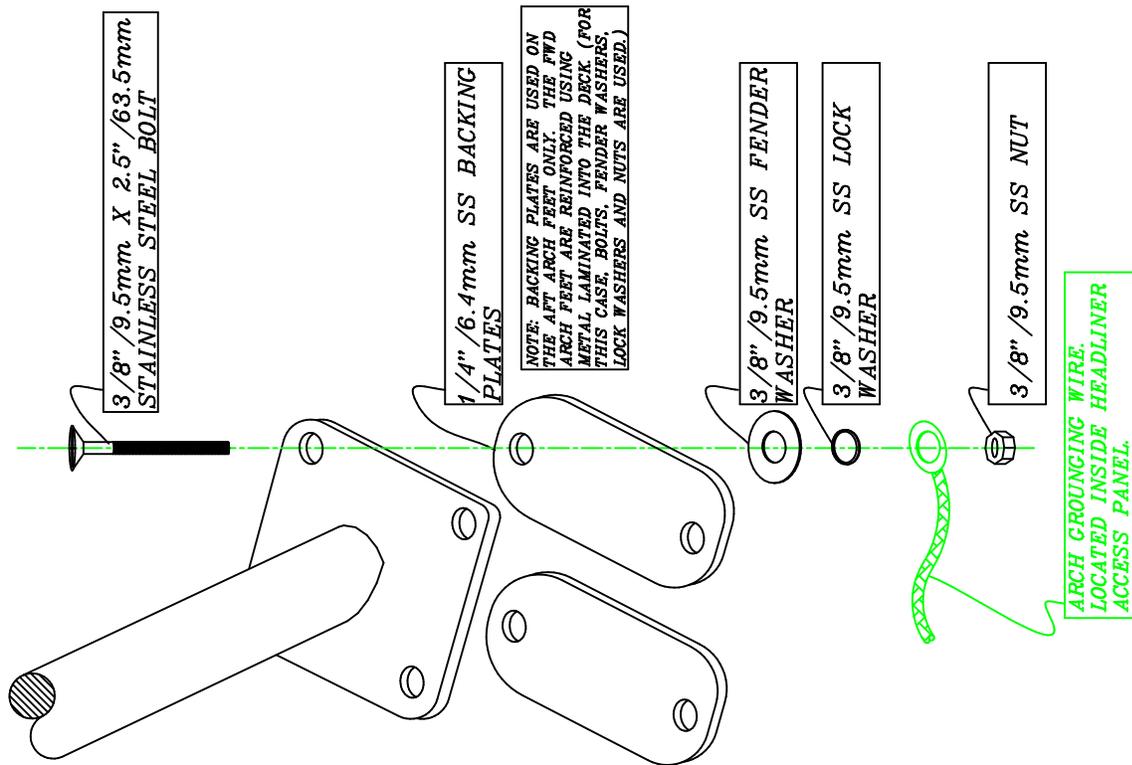
SUGGESTED TOOL LIST:

- 3/8" DRIVE RATCHET
- 6" EXTENSION
- 9/16" DEEP & REGULAR SOCKET
- 9/16" WRENCH
- SCREW DRIVER-- PHILLIPS HEAD
- RATCHET STRAP
- CAULK GUN
- TUBE OF SEALANT (3M 5200)
- NEVER SEIZE (BOLT LUBE)
- RAZOR KNIFE
- RAGS
- ALCOHOL / CLEAN UP



1. REMOVE ALL ACCESSORIES STOWED IN THE COCKPIT LOCKERS. THIS WILL ALLOW EASIER ACCESS TO FASTEN THE ARCH BOLTS.
2. REMOVE ANY SEALANT IN THE ARCH PRE DRILLED HOLES.
3. CLEAN AROUND THE MOUNTING HOLES USING ALCOHOL.
4. APPLY A GENEROUS AMOUNT OF 3M 5200 SEALANT AT THE ARCH MOUNTING FOOT DECK MOUNTING HOLE LOCATIONS.
5. TO AVOID POSSIBLE INJURY, ORIENT THE ARCH (LEANING FORWARD) PRIOR TO PLACING IT ON THE BOAT.
6. PLACE THE ARCH ON THE DECK OF THE BOAT. ALIGN THE FORWARD MOST ARCH FOOT HOLE WITH THE MATCHING PRE DRILLED FWD MOST DECK COAMING HOLE.
7. INSERT A (3.0"(76.2mm)) STAINLESS STEEL BOLT THRU THE FWD MOST ARCH FOOT INTO THE COAMING.
8. ACCESS THE UNDERSIDES OF THE DECK AT THE ARCH FOOT LOCATIONS AS FOLLOWS:
 STBD FWD: THRU ACCESS PANEL IN THE PT. SIDE AFT STATEROOM HEADLINER.
 STBD AFT: THRU PORT SIDE GULLWING LOCKER
 PORT FWD: THRU STBD. SIDE EURO LOCKER
 PORT. AFT: THRU PORT SIDE GULLWING LOCKER
9. INSTALL THE (1/4" (6.4mm)) BACKING PLATE ON THE INSIDE OF THE COAMING. THEN INSTALL THE S.S. WASHER, LOCK WASHER AND THE S.S. NUT AS WELL. (NOTE: THERE EXISTS CASES WHERE A BACKING PLATE IS NOT ABLE TO BE INSTALLED. IF THIS IS ENCOUNTERED, USE (1/4" 6.4mm.) S.S. FENDER WASHERS INSTEAD. (IT IS IMPORTANT TO APPLY A SMALL AMOUNT OF NEVER SEIZE TO THE BOLT TO PREVENT "GAULING" OF THE THREADS.)
10. COMPLETELY TIGHTEN THE FORWARD MOST BOLT.
11. REPEAT THIS PROCEDURE FOR THE REMAINING THREE FEET. INSERTING ONLY ONE BOLT AT FIRST AND COMPLETELY TIGHTENING IT DOWN STARTING WITH THE ARCH FOOT DIRECTLY ACROSS FROM THE BOLT ALREADY INSTALLED. REPEAT THIS FOR THE NEXT TWO.
12. NOTE: IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO USE A RATCHET STRAP TO "PULL" THE ARCH INTO ALIGNMENT WITH THE REMAINING MOUNTING HOLES.
13. INSERT THE REST OF THE S.S. FASTENERS INTO THE MOUNTING HOLES. INSTALL ALL THE S.S. BACKING PLATES, WASHERS AND NUTS FROM THE UNDERSIDE OF THE DECK. (AT THIS TIME, BE SURE TO INSTALL THE ARCH GROUNDING WIRE, LOCATED IN THE HEADLINER ACCESS PANEL. SEE DIAGRAM FOR INSTALLATION DETAILS.)
14. RECHECK THE ARCH FIT ONTO THE DECK.
15. SECURELY TIGHTEN ALL THE NUTS AND BOLTS USING A CROSS TIGHTENING PATTERN. (DO NOT FORGET TO USE A SMALL AMOUNT OF LUBRICANT FOR THE BOLTS).
16. CLEAN OFF THE EXCESS SEALANT AROUND THE ARCH FEET AND COAMING AREAS USING ALCOHOL.
17. RECHECK THE BOLTS AFTER THE INITIAL SEA TRIAL AND TIGHTEN AS NECESSARY.
18. SEE FOLLOWING PAGE FOR INFO ON CONNECTING THE ARCH SPEAKER POD WIRING. (NOTE: REMEMBER TO CAULK AROUND THE ARCH SPEAKER WIRE EXIT HOLE IN THE DECK.

TYPICAL ARCH FOOT



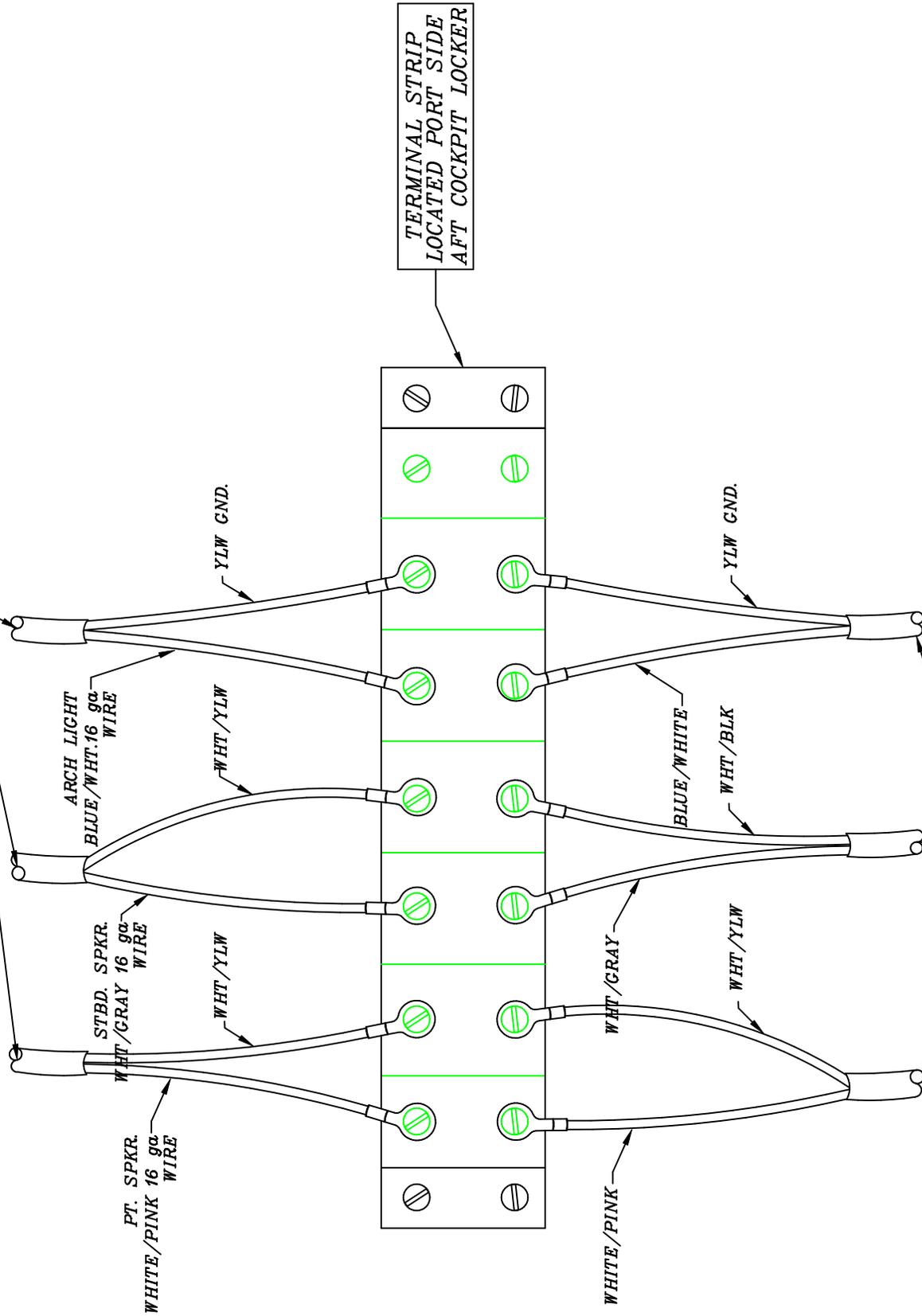
H386 ARCH INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS CONT

REVISED DATE	3808043D-2	ISSUANCE NO.	NONE
ENGINEERING DEPT.		DATE	1/28/00

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HUNTER

WIRES TO ARCH SPEAKERS
AND ARCH LIGHT



WIRES TO
HEADLINER
ALL 16 ga.

REVISED FILE: HUNTER

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H386 ARCH WIRING TERMINAL STRIP SCHEMATIC	
REVISED NO.	3808043E
SCALE	NONE
DWG	11/4/98
ENGINEERING DEPT	

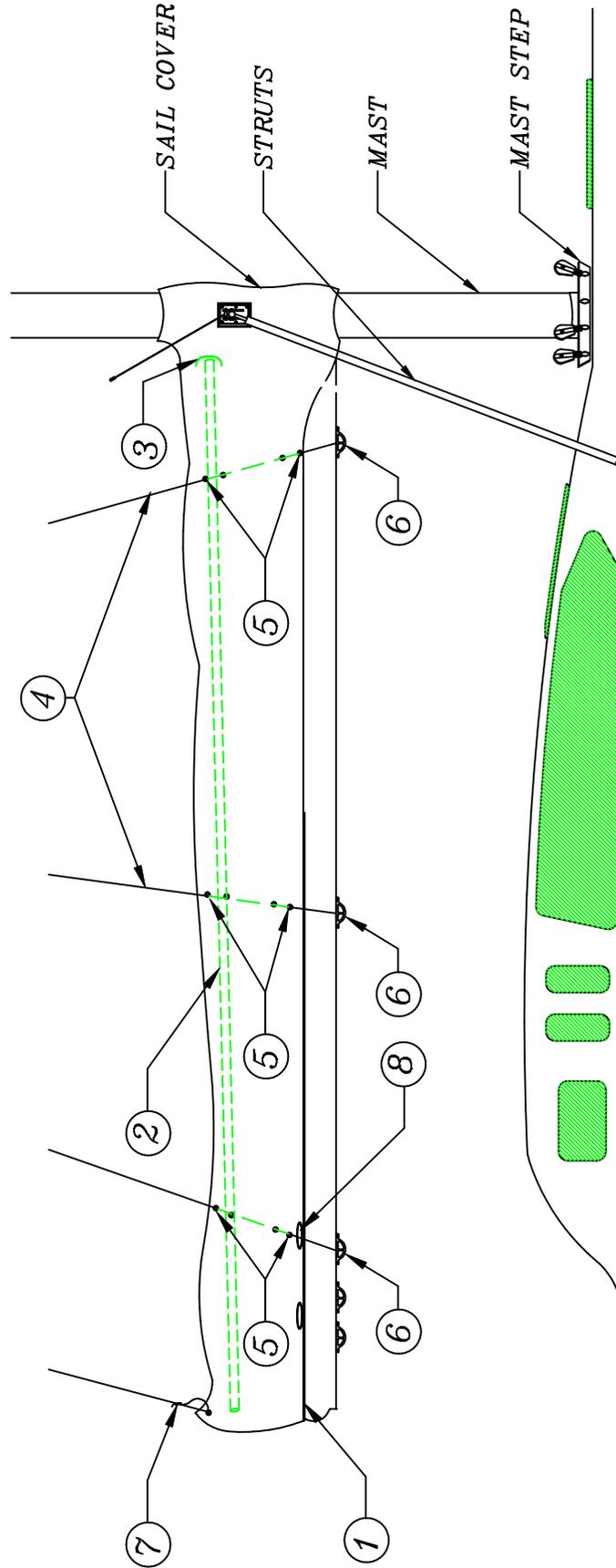


SLIDE THE BOLTROPE ON THE TWO HALVES OF THE COVER INTO THE BOLTROPE TRACKS (1) ON BOTH SIDES OF THE BOOM. START FROM THE AFT END AND MAKE YOUR WAY FORWARD.

INSTALL THE PVC BATTENS (2) INTO EACH HALF OF THE SAIL COVER. THERE ARE POCKETS (3) THAT OPEN TOWARDS THE FRONT, ON THE INSIDE OF THE COVER. SLIDE THE BATTENS INTO PLACE FROM THE FRONT, AND ROLL THE INSIDE LIP OF THE POCKET BACK IN ORDER TO HOLD THE BATTENS STATIONARY.

FEED THE LAZYJACK LINES (4) DOWN THROUGH THE GROMMETS/RINGS (5) IN THE SAIL COVER, STARTING AT THE TOP AND COMING OUT AT THE BOTTOM OF THE COVER. DEAD END THE LINES TO THE BAILS ON THE UNDERSIDE OF THE BOOM (6).

TIE THE AFT END OF THE SAIL COVER UP TO THE TOPPING LIFT LINE USING THE PIECE OF STRING PROVIDED (7). USE HALF HITCH KNOTS TO SECURE THE COVER IN PLACE AT THE OUTER END OF THE BOOM. THE REEF LINES RUN OUT THROUGH THE COVER SLOTS (8) AND TIE OFF.



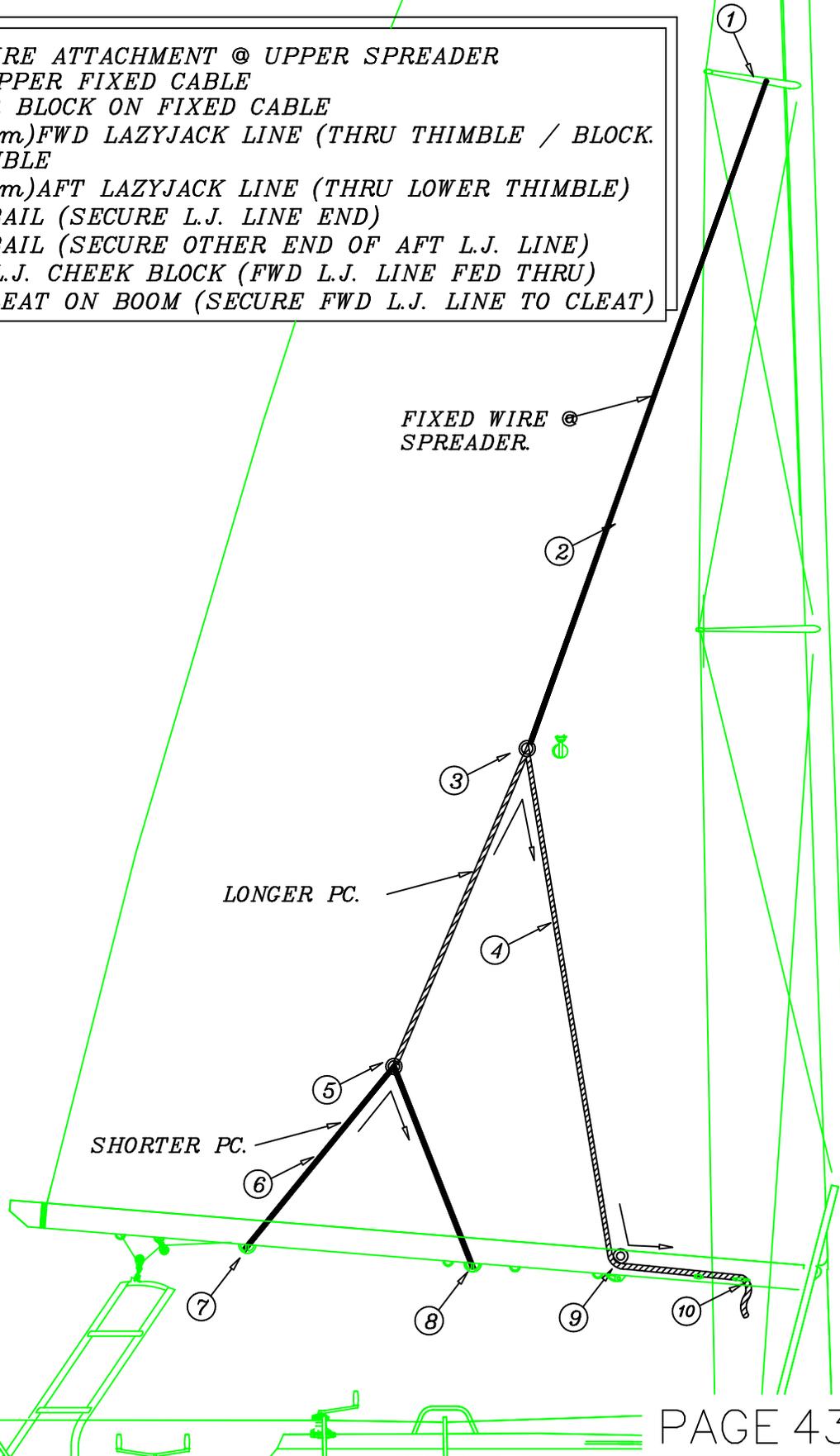
SAIL COVER ONLY OFFERED ON STANDARD MAST BOATS

PROPERTY FILE: H386 HUNTER LAZYJACK SAIL COVER
This document describes information for which HUNTER MARINE CORP. has proprietary rights.
DRAWING NO. 3808043F SCALE NONE
DATE 3/11/99
ENGINEERING DEPT

HUNTER

h386

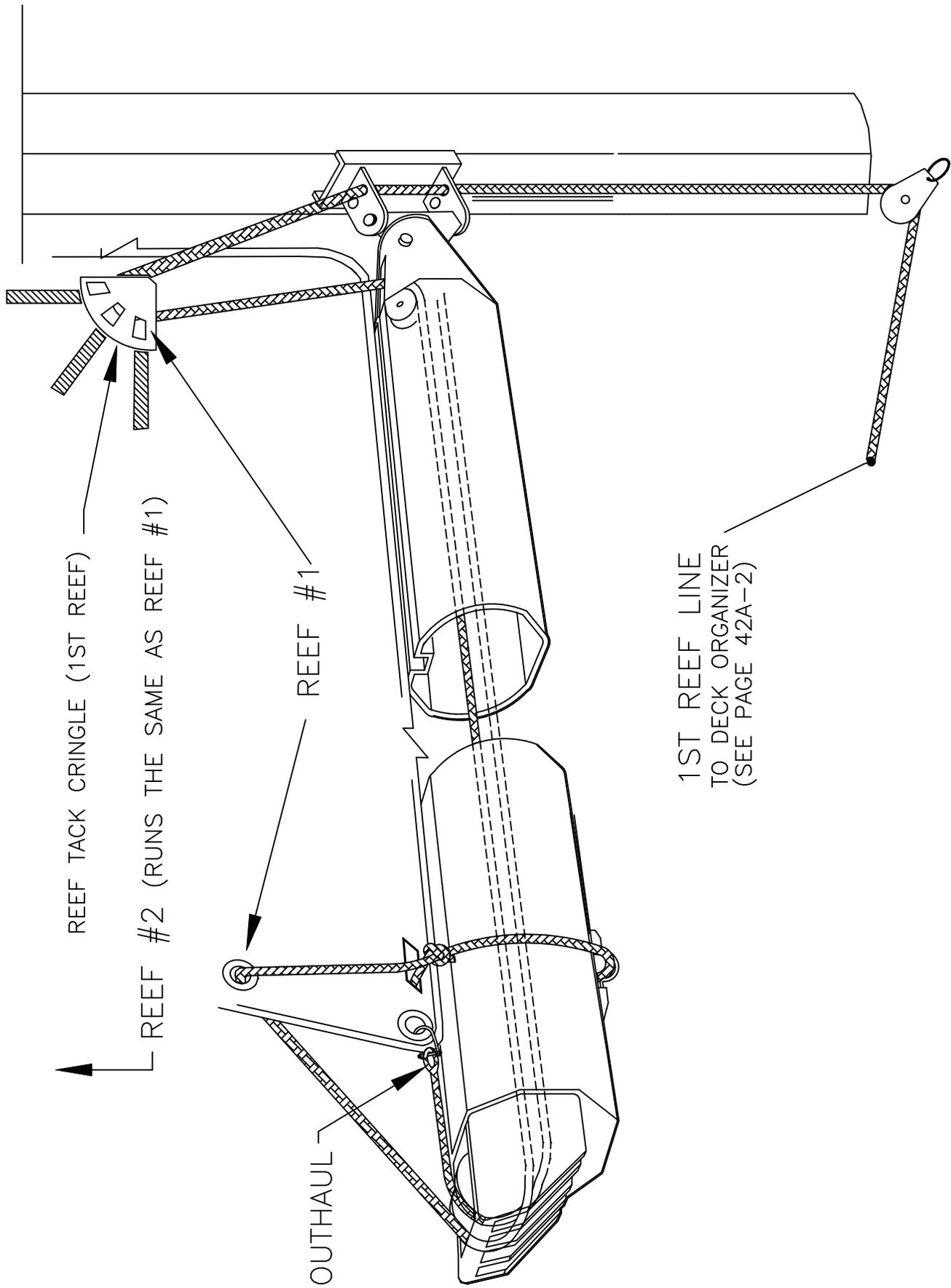
1. LAZYJACK WIRE ATTACHMENT @ UPPER SPREADER
2. LAZYJACK UPPER FIXED CABLE
3. THIMBLE OR BLOCK ON FIXED CABLE
4. 5/16" (7.9mm) FWD LAZYJACK LINE (THRU THIMBLE / BLOCK)
5. LOWER THIMBLE
6. 5/16" (7.9mm) AFT LAZYJACK LINE (THRU LOWER THIMBLE)
7. AFT BOOM BAIL (SECURE L.J. LINE END)
8. MID BOOM BAIL (SECURE OTHER END OF AFT L.J. LINE)
9. FWD BOOM L.J. CHEEK BLOCK (FWD L.J. LINE FED THRU)
10. LAZYJACK CLEAT ON BOOM (SECURE FWD L.J. LINE TO CLEAT)



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HUNTER

H386 LAZY JACKS INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS	
3808043G	SCALE NONE
ENGINEERING DEPT	DATE 5/14/99



REEF TACK CRINGLE (1ST REEF)

REEF #2 (RUNS THE SAME AS REEF #1)

REEF #1

OUTHAUL

1ST REEF LINE
TO DECK ORGANIZER
(SEE PAGE 42A-2)

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386 BOOM AND REEF LAYOUT

PROJECT FILE #	3808044A	REVISION NO.	NONE
DATE	2/12/98	ENGINEERING DEPT.	

REEFING INSTRUCTIONS

1. SHACKLE TACK REEF BLOCKS TO FIRST AND SECOND REEF TACK CRINGLES.
2. RUN BOTH REEFING LINES AS ILLUSTRATED IN THE BOOM & REEF LAYOUT. BOTH PORTIONS OF THE REEFING LINE LEADING TO THE REEF TACK BLOCK MUST RUN THROUGH THE GOOSE NECK ON THE AFT OF THE SPAR. THE SHORTER REEF LINE WILL BE USED ON THE FIRST REEF (STARBOARD SIDE, GREEN) THE LONGER REEF LINE ON THE SECOND REEF (PORT SIDE, RED).
3. RAISE THE MAIN SAIL.
4. EASE THE MAINSHEET AND VANG.
5. LOWER THE MAIN SAIL TO APPROXIMATELY THE FIRST REEF POSITION.
6. TAKE UP THE SLACK IN THE FIRST REEF LINE UNTIL THE TACK AND THE CLEW ARE DOWN TO ABOUT 2" ABOVE THE BOOM.
7. ADJUST THE MAIN HALYARD SO THAT THE TACK REEF BLOCK IS NOT CONTACTING THE GOOSE NECK ON THE FRONT OF THE SPAR AND IS APPLYING TENSION TO THE LUFF OF THE MAIN ABOVE THE REEF, NOT BELOW. THERE WILL BE AP-

PROXIMATELY 6" (150mm) OF STRECH IN THE MAIN LUFF AND MAIN HALYARD WHEN THE REEFING LINE IS TENSIONED. SO MAKE SURE THAT THIS IS ALLOWED FOR WHEN ADJUSTING THE MAIN HALYARD TO LOCATE THE TACK REEF BLOCK.

8. ALSO, TENSION THE REEF LINE WITH THE APPROPRIATE SELF-TAILING WINCH UNTIL THE CLEW REEF CRINGLE IS BROUGHT DOWN TO THE BOOM.
9. CONFIRM THAT THE TACK REEF BLOCK IS STILL CLEAR OF THE TACK SHACKLE AND THAT ONLY THE MAIN LUFF ABOVE THE REEF CRINGLE IS TENSIONED. NOT THE LUFF BETWEEN THE CRINGLE AND THE TOP STACKED SAIL SLIDE. EASE THE REEF LINE AND READJUST THE HALYARD IF NECESSARY.
10. MARK THE HALYARD AT THE STOPPER WITH A 1" (25mm) SINGLE BAND OF INDELIBLE MARKER INK. BY DROPPING THE HALYARD TO THIS MARK EVERY TIME A REEF IS REQUIRED THE HALYARD IS AUTOMATICALLY IN THE CORRECT POSITION FOR THE REEF.
11. REPEAT THE PROCEDURE FOR THE SECOND REEF, USING DOUBLE BANDS TO MARK THE HALYARD IN THE CORRECT POSITION.

REEFING PROCEDURE

1. HEAD UP INTO THE WIND.
2. EASE THE MAINSHEET AND VANG.
3. CHECK THE TOPPING LIFT FOR ADEQUATE BOOM SUPPORT.

SHAKING OUT A REEF

1. HEAD UP INTO THE WIND.
2. EASE THE MAINSHEET AND VANG. RELEASE THE TENSION ON THE TOPPING LIFT. (IF NEEDED)
3. RELEASE THE REEF STOPPER AND REMOVE REEF LINE FROM WINCH.

4. LOWER THE MAIN HALYARD TO THE APPROPRIATE MARK, AND SNUB THE LINE WITH THE STOPPER.
5. TENSION THE REEFING LINE WITH THE SELF-TAILING WINCH UNTIL THE REEF CLEW IS BROUGHT DOWN TO THE BOOM. APPLY STOPPER AND TENSION THE MAIN HALYARD BACK UP. EASE THE TOPPING LIFT. (IF NEEDED)

4. TENSION THE MAIN HALYARD TO RAISE SAIL, MAKING SURE REEF LINES RUN FREELY WHILE SAIL IS BEING RAISED. APPLY STOPPER TO MAIN HALYARD.
5. RE-TENSION VANG AND MAINSHEET. EASE THE TOPPING LIFT. (IF NEEDED)

RUNNING RIGGING SPECIFICATIONS									
Boat: HUNTER 386 CONV.					Selden Mast # RRIG-2612S				
					Date: 10/17/03				
OPT/STD	ITEM	QTY	Line Size	Line Type	Color	End 1	Length	End 2	
1 STD	MAIN HALYARD	1	12mm (1/2")	32/3 pl	BLUE	307-047 SHACKLE/KNOT	36.5 m 120ft	BARE	
2 STD	JIB HALYARD	1	12mm (1/2")	32/3 pl	RED	307-047 SHACKLE/KNOT	33 m 108ft	BARE	
3 STD	MAIN TRAVELER LINE	2	8mm (5/16")	16/16 pl	WHITE	EYE	7.9 m 26ft	BARE	
4 STD	MAINSHEET	1	12mm (1/2")	16/16 pl	BLUE	EYE	24.5 m 80ft	BARE	
5 STD	REEFING LINE #1	1	12mm (1/2")	16/16 pl	GREEN	BARE	25.9 m 85ft	BARE	
6 STD	REEFING LINE #2	1	12mm (1/2")	16/16 pl	RED	BARE	33.5 m 110ft	BARE	
7 STD	JIB SHEET	2	12mm (1/2")	16/16 pl	RED	BARE	12.3 m 40ft	BARE	
8 OPT	CRUISING SPINN. SHEET	2	12mm (1/2")	16/16 pl	BLACK	BARE	24.5 m 80ft	BARE	
9 OPT	SPINNER HALYARD	1	12mm (1/2")	16/16 pl	BLACK	307-338 Shackle/Knot	36.7 m 120ft	BARE	
10 STD	RODKICKER TACKLE	1	12mm (1/2")	16/16 pl	WHITE	EYE	15.5 m 51ft	BARE	
11 STD	LAZY JACK WIRE	2	4mm (5/32")	Plastic Covered 7x19	WHITE	307-015 SHACKLE/THIMBLE	5.5 m 18ft	THIMBLE RONSTAN BLOCK	
12 STD	FIXED LAZY JACK LINE	2	10mm (3/8")	16/16 pl	WHITE	BARE	6 m 20ft	BARE	
13 STD	BOOM TOPPING LIFT	1	10mm (3/8")	16/16 pl	WHITE	EYE, 307-013 SHACKLE/	34.2 m 112ft	BARE	
14 STD	ADJUSTABLE LAZY JACK LINE	2	10mm (3/8")	16/16 pl	WHITE	EYE/THIMBLE	8.5 m 28ft	BARE	

RUNNING RIGGING SPECIFICATIONS										
Boat: HUNTER 386 FURL.		Selden Mast # RRIC-2589S			Date: 10/17/03					
OPT/STD	ITEM	QTY	Line Size	Line Type	Color	End 1	Length	End 2		
1 STD	MAIN HALYARD	1	10mm (3/8")	Dyneema	B/W	307-020 SHACKLE/EYE	39 m	128ft	BARE	
2 STD	JIB HALYARD	1	12mm (1/2")	32/3 pl	RED	307-047 SHACKLE/KNOT	35.1 m	115ft	BARE	
3 STD	MAIN TRAVELER LINE	2	8mm (5/16")	16/16 pl	WHITE	EYE	7.9 m	26ft	BARE	
4 STD	MAINSHEET	1	12mm (1/2")	16/16 pl	BLUE	EYE	24.5 m	80ft	BARE	
5 STD	JIB SHEET	2	12mm (1/2")	16/16 pl	RED	BARE	24.6 m	81ft	BARE	
6 OPT	CRUISING SPINN. SHEET	2	12mm (1/2")	16/16 pl	BLACK	BARE	24.5 m	80ft	BARE	
7 OPT	SPINNER HALYARD	1	12mm (1/2")	16/16 pl	BLACK	307-338 Shackle/Knot	36.7 m	120ft	BARE	
8 STD	RODKICKER TACKLE	1	12mm (1/2")	16/16 pl	WHITE	EYE	9 m	30ft	BARE	
9 STD	BOOM TOPPING LIFT	1	10mm (3/8")	16/16 pl	WHITE	307-046 SHACKLE/EYE	31.9 m	105ft	BARE	
10 STD	MAINSAIL OUTHAUL	1	10mm (3/8")	16/16 pl	WHITE	EYE	21 m	69ft	BARE	
11 STD	MAINSAIL FURLING LINE	1	10mm (3/8")	16/16 pl	YELLOW	BARE	11.8	39ft	BARE	

h386 B&R RIG WITH STRUTS DESCRIPTION

The B&R rig, utilized on the Hunter 386, eliminates the need for a backstay to allow for a more efficient mainsail shape. Fixed backstays are commonly being designed out of today's performance-oriented boats to allow the mainsail to incorporate a full roach design - a more aerodynamic shape both for racing and cruising performance.

To accomplish this, the B&R rig has 30 degree swept spreaders, creating 120 degrees between each rigging point. This tri-pod arrangement has excellent strength for sailboat rigs, and has been used for years to support huge radio towers.

The latest advancement to the B&R rig is the addition of mast struts. These struts stabilize the lower section of the mast, allowing compression loads to be spread, reducing the point loading at the mast base. They also create a strong point for the boom and spinnaker pole loadings. The struts function also allow us to use a smaller mast section reducing weight aloft to decrease the heeling and pitching moments, making for a more comfortable ride. Additionally, they provide a secure handhold when going forward.

The struts perform an important structural function, **therefore never sail your boat without the struts properly fitted.** If your 386 is equipped with the in-mast furling option, the mast is a larger section size and the struts are not utilized.

Additional support is given to the B&R rig (and is unique to it) with the

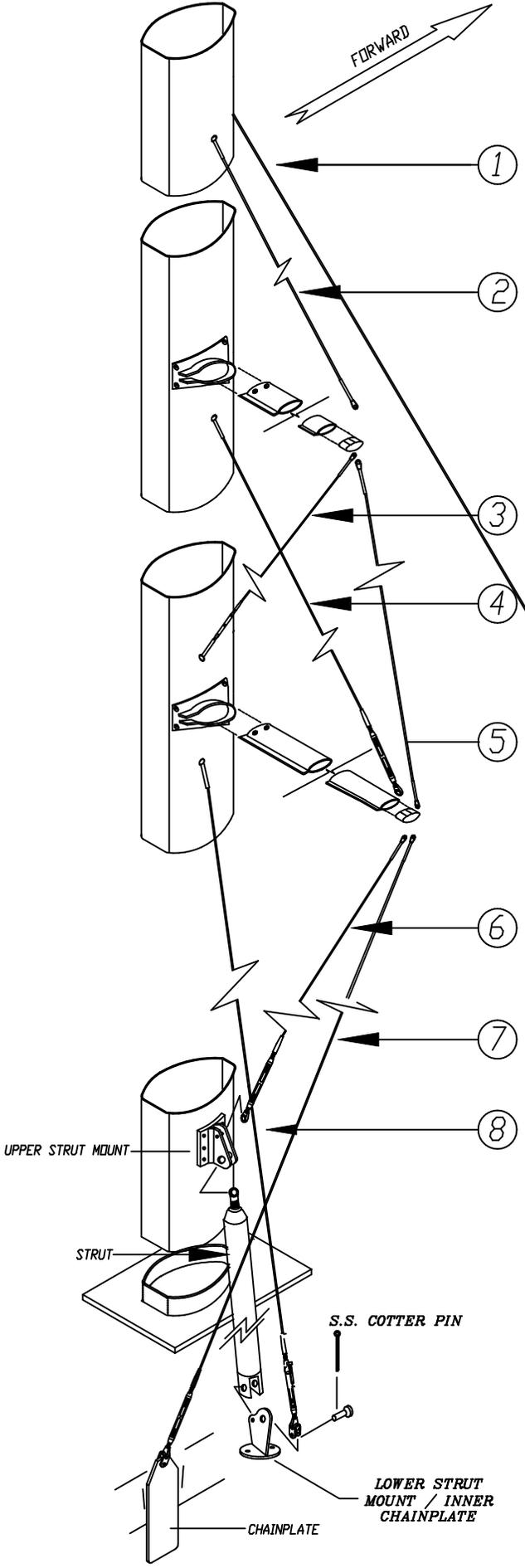
addition of reverse diagonal rigging. For example, the diagonals that you see beginning by the top of the mast strut, ending at the tip of the spreader, supports and stabilizes the upper section of the mast as it creates a triangle with the upper shroud.

The B&R rig is designed to be pre-bent to further add rigidity to the mast section and eliminate the need for adjustable rigging (like backstay adjusters). This design should prove more reliable than a rig with adjustable backstays or runners, as there is less chance for error.

The large main, small jib, sail plan on the 386 also eliminates the need for large overlapping headsails (genoas), as the driving power comes from the much improved shape and size of the mainsail. This allows for an easier tacking small jib, creating good performance and more comfortable sailing as it is less work for the crew.

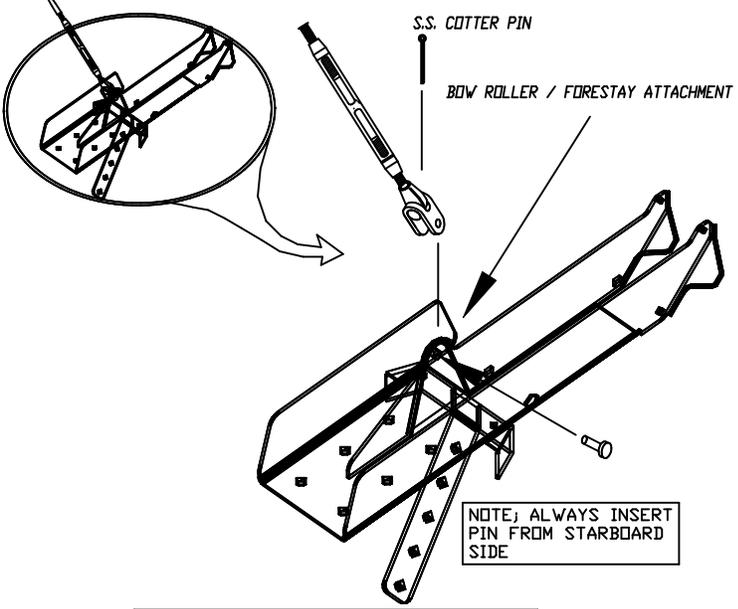
As the large main is creating additional mainsheet and leech loading, Hunter has included a cockpit arch whereby the mainsheet and leech loads are directed to the strong part of the boom (the outboard end) and is located at the heaviest loading point of the mainsail. The cockpit arch serves addition safety and comfort functions as handholds and cockpit canvas attachment points.

B&R rigs have been used on thousands of sailboats, and we are proud to incorporate this successful design on your new Hunter.



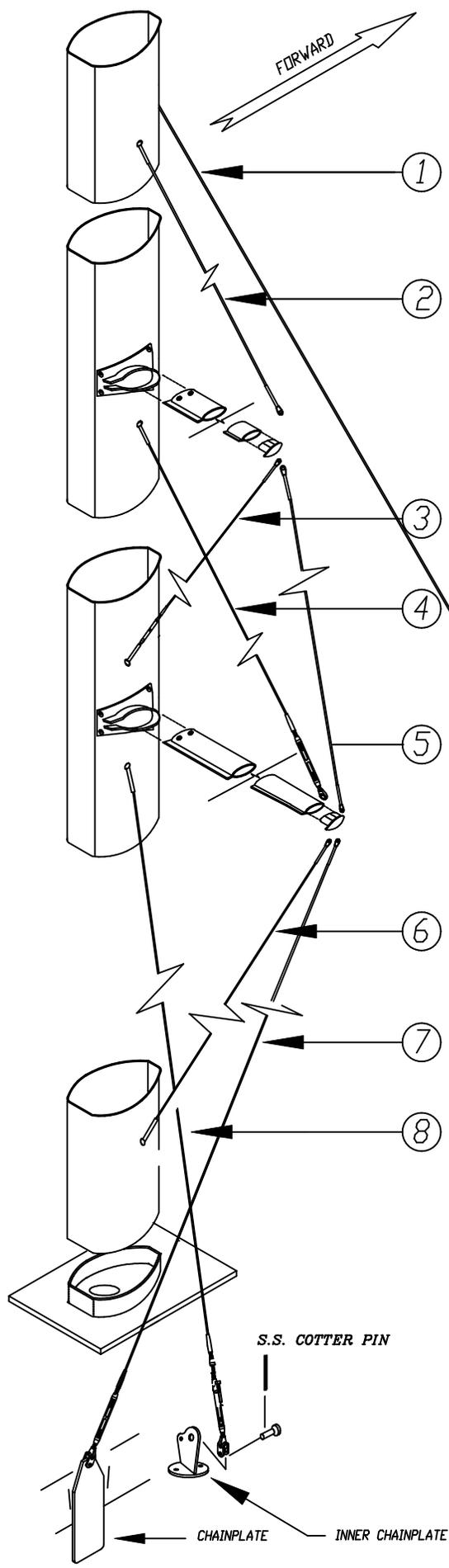
- ① FORESTAY 5/16 (7.9mm) 1 X 19
- ② D3 9/32" (7mm) 1 X 19
- ③ RD2 3/16" (4.8mm) 1 X 19
- ④ D2 7/32" (5.5mm) 1 X 19
- ⑤ V2 9/32" (7mm) 1 X 19
- ⑥ RD1 3/16" (4.8mm) 1 X 19
- ⑦ V1 5/16" (7.9mm) DYFORM
- ⑧ D1 3/8" (10mm) 1 X 19

NOTE: SEE PAGES 49A & B FOR SPREADER TIP DETAILS.
 SEE PAGE 50A FOR STANDARD RIG STANDING RIG LENGTHS.
 SEE PAGE 51 FOR FITTINGS DESC.



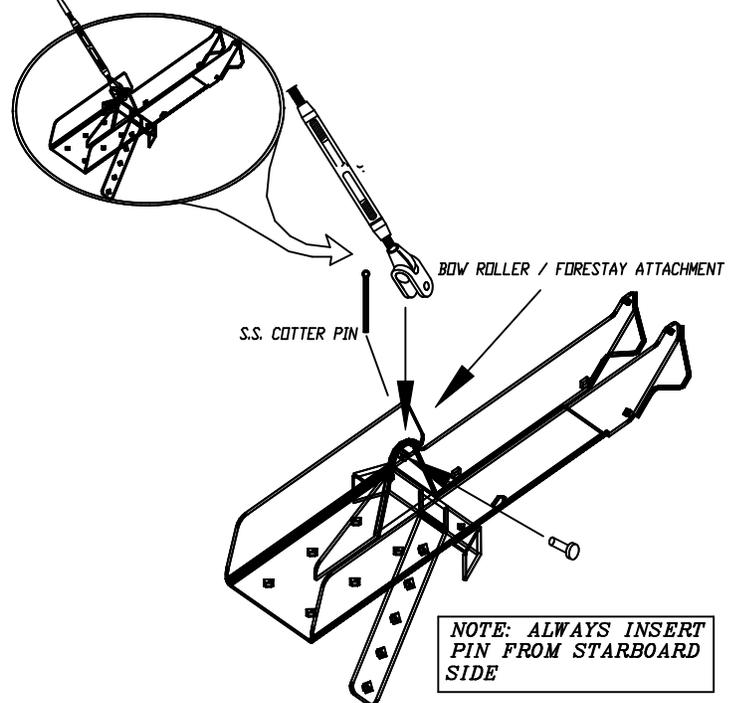
NOTE: NEVER TRY TO SAIL THE VESSEL WITHOUT THE STRUTS IN PLACE AND PROPERLY FASTENED (SEE PAGE 48B)

NOTE: IN-MAST FURLING OPTION USES A LARGER MAST SECTION AND THE STRUTS ARE NOT UTILIZED. SEE FOLLOWING PAGE



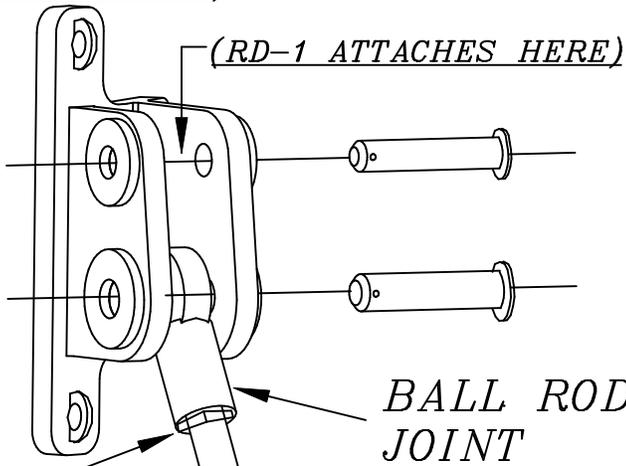
- ① FORESTAY 5/16 (7.9mm) 1 X 19
- ② D3 9/32" (7mm) 1 X 19
- ③ RD2 7/32" (5.5mm) 1 X 19
- ④ D2 9/32" (7mm) 1 X 19
- ⑤ V2 9/32 (7mm) 1 X 19
- ⑥ RD1 7/32" (5.5mm) 1 X 19
- ⑦ V1 5/16" (7.9mm) 1 X 19
- ⑧ D1 5/16" (7.9mm) 1 X 19

NOTE: SEE PAGES 49A & B FOR SPREADER TIP DETAILS.
 SEE PAGE 50B FOR FURLING RIG LENGTHS.
 SEE PAGE 51 FOR FITTINGS DESC.



NOTE: IN-MAST FURLING OPTION USES A LARGER MAST SECTION AND THE STRUTS ARE NOT UTILIZED.

(UPPER STRUT MOUNT
ON EA. SIDE OF MAST)



BALL ROD
JOINT

STEP TWO
ADJUST THREADS UNTIL BALL ROD
JOINT IS ABLE TO BE EASILY PINNED
IN STRUT BRACKET

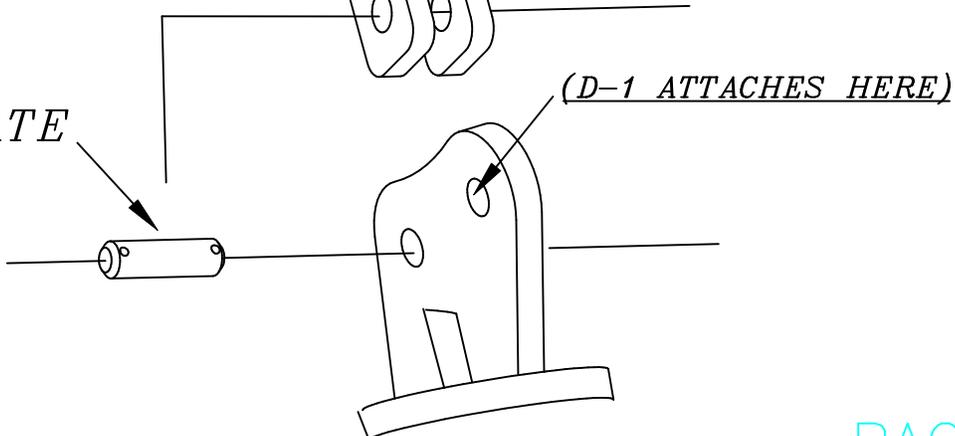
STEP THREE
PIN BALL ROD JOINT AND TIGHTEN
JAM NUT AGAINST END OF STRUT &
BALL JOINT ROD

JAM NUTS

STRUT

STEP ONE
PIN LOWER END OF STRUT TO
CHAINPLATE AND ADD SPLIT
RINGS

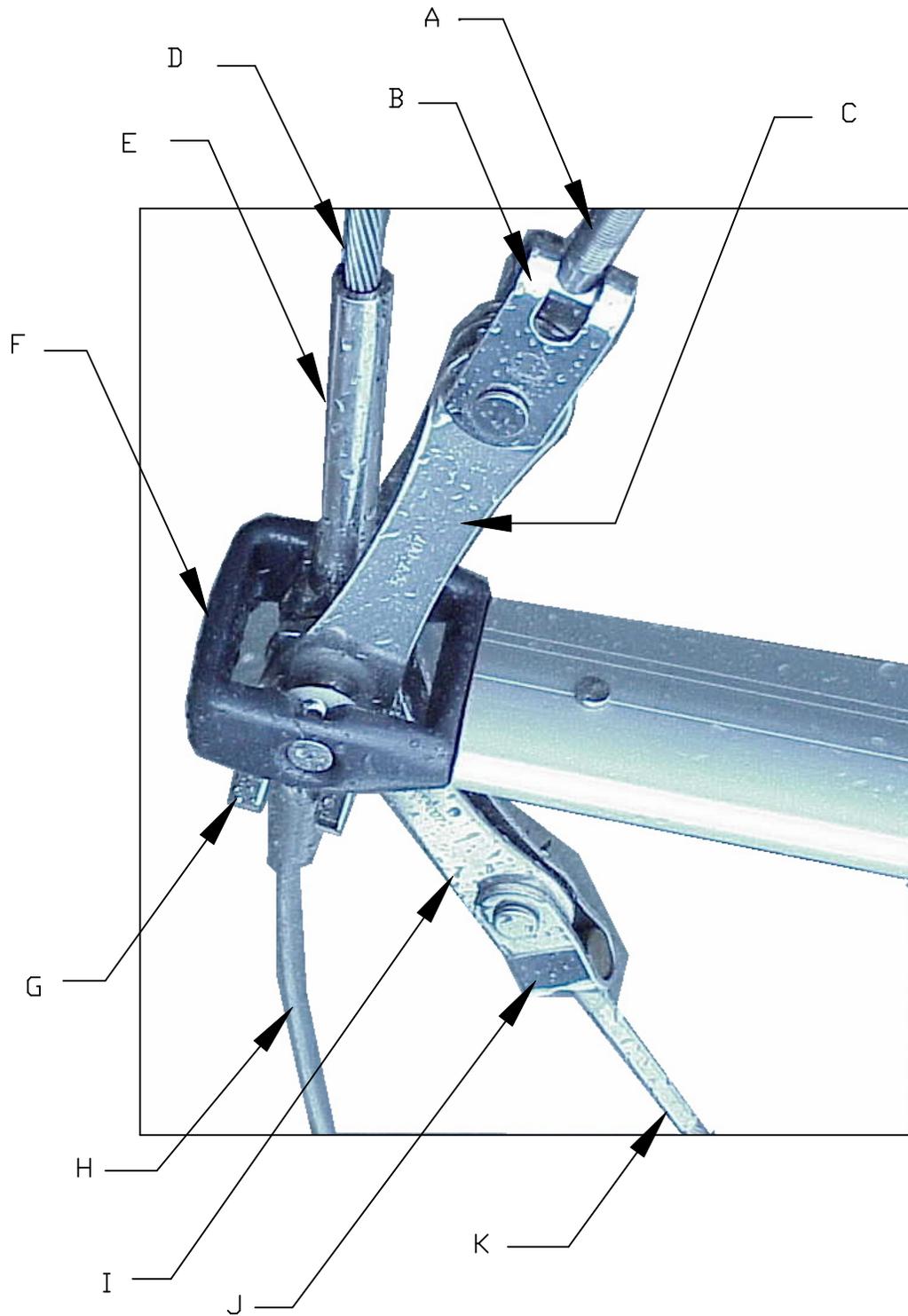
LOWERS
CHAINPLATE



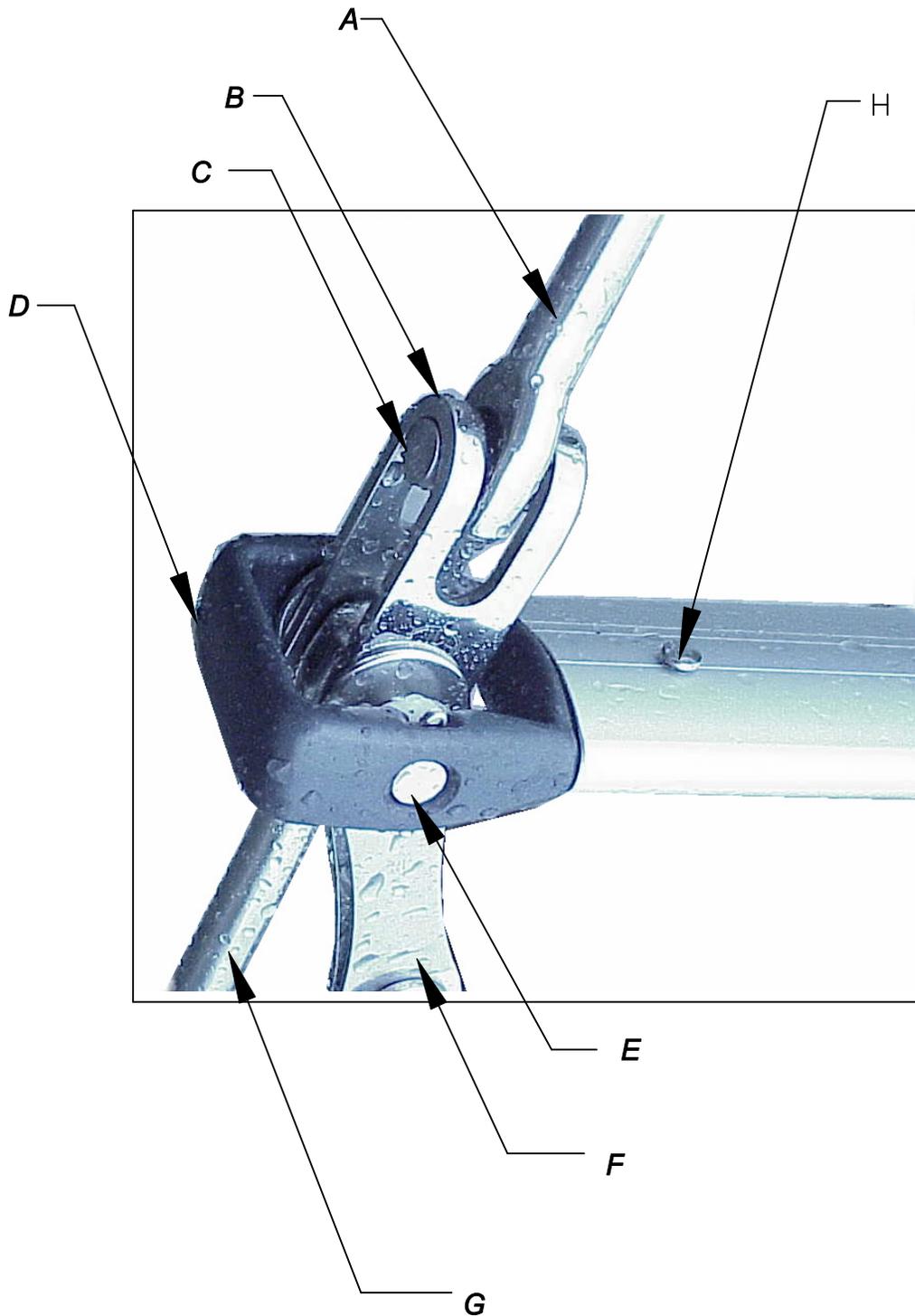
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HUNTER

H386 STRUT ASSEMBLY	
REVISED NO.	NONE
DESIGN NO.	3808048B
DATE	9/5/00
ENGINEERING DEPT.	



- | | | | |
|---|----------------------|---|-------------|
| A | D2 stem T | G | jaw toggle |
| B | jaw toggle | H | V1 |
| C | link plates | I | link plates |
| D | V2 | J | jaw toggle |
| E | marine eye | K | RD1 stem T |
| F | spreader tip casting | | |



- | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| A D3 marine eye | E 3/8" (.95cm) pin |
| B jaw toggle | F link plates |
| C 1/2" (1.27cm) pin | G marine eye stem |
| D spreader tip casting | H spreader tip casting fastener |

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386 LOWER SPREADER DETAIL

REVISED NO.	3808049B	REVISION NO.	NONE
DATE	2/13/98	ENGINEERING DEPT.	

HUNTER 386 CONVENTIONAL STANDING RIGGING

	ITEM	QTY	WIRE SIZE		FITTINGS	OVERALL LENGTH	
1	D3	2	9/32"	7 mm	T-TERMINAL 308-325	12 ft. 10 7/8"	3930 mm
					FORK 308-315-01		
2	V2	2	9/32"	7 mm	EYE 308-363	13 ft. 1 1/2"	4000 mm
					EYE 308-363		
3	D2	2	1/4"	6 mm	T-TERMINAL 308-324	12 ft. 7 1/2"	3850 mm
					STD/FORK TB 174-324-55		
4	RD2	2	3/16"	5 mm	FORK 308-313-01	12 ft. 9 1/8"	3890 mm
					STD/T TB 174-473-21		
5	V1	2	5/16"	8 mm	FORK 308-316-01	22 ft. 5 5/8"	6850 mm
					STD/TGL5/8 TB 174-326-59		
6	D1	2	5/16"	8 mm	T-TERMINAL 308-326	21 ft. 5 3/8"	6540 mm
					STD/TGL1/2 TB174-325-60		
7	RD1	2	3/16"	5 mm	FORK 308-313-01	15 ft. 2"	4620 mm
					STD/TGLE TB 174-323-59		
8	FORESTAY	1	9/32"	7 mm	FURLEX 207-15	49 ft. 4"	15040 mm
					031-21-65		
SRIG-2612H							

1. ALL ADJUSTABLE RIGGING IS DIMENSIONED WITH TURNBUCKLES 2/3 OPEN.
2. LENGTHS DO NOT INCLUDE SPREADER TIP LINKAGE.

HUNTER 386 FURL STANDING RIGGING

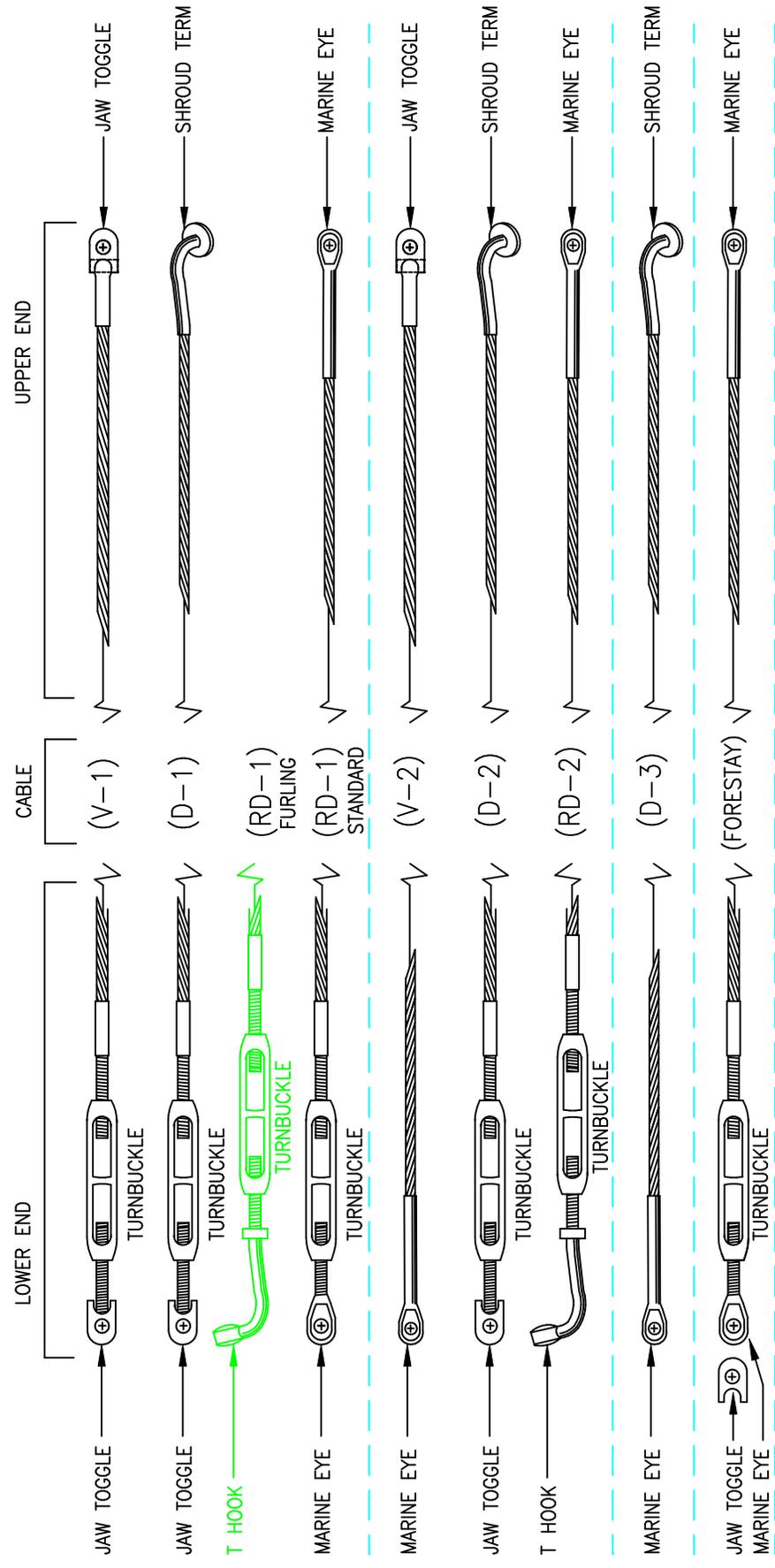
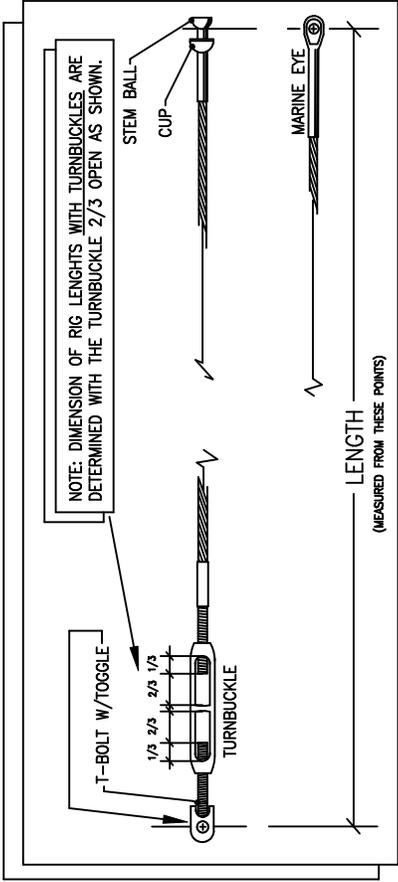
	ITEM	QTY	WIRE SIZE		FITTINGS	OVERALL LENGTH	
1	D3	2	9/32"	7 mm	T-TERMINAL 308-325 FORK 308-315-01	14 ft. 9 1/8"	4500 mm
2	V2	2	9/32"	7 mm	EYE 308-363 EYE 308-363	15 ft. 5"	4700 mm
3	D2	2	3/16"	5 mm	T-TERMINAL 308-323 STD/FORK TB 174-323-55	14 ft. 8 3/4"	4490 mm
4	RD2	2	3/16"	5 mm	FORK 308-313-01 STD/T TB 174-473-21	15 ft. 7 1/2"	4760 mm
5	V1	2	5/16"	8 mm	FORK 308-316-01 STD/TGLE TB 174-325-60	18 ft. 1 3/8"	5520 mm
6	D1	2	5/16"	8 mm	T-TERMINAL 308-326 STD/TGLE TB 174-325-60	17 ft. 2 1/8"	5235 mm
7	RD1	2	3/16"	5 mm	FORK 308-313-01 STD/T TB 174-473-21	15 ft. 5 3/8"	4710 mm
8	FORESTAY	1	9/32"	7 mm	FURLEX 207-15 031-21-65	48 ft. 4 1/8"	15040 mm
SELDEN MAST SRIG-2589H							

1. ALL ADJUSTABLE RIGGING IS DIMENSIONED WITH TURNBUCKLES 2/3 OPEN.
2. LENGTHS DO NOT INCLUDE SPREADER TIP LINKAGE.

V = VERTICAL
 D = DIAGONAL
 RD = REVERSE DIAGONAL

1 = LOWER
 2 = INTER.
 3 = UPPER

NOTE: SEE PAGES 50A & 50B FOR ACTUAL RIG LENGTHS.



TUNING THE H386 B&R RIG

The easiest method for tuning the B&R rig is to perform step one as follows before the mast is stepped, with it lying aft side down on two sawhorses. Begin with all rigging slack. If the mast is already stepped, loosen all the rigging, and then proceed to step one.

1. Start with all the rigging slack. Then induce the mast bend by tightening the reverse diagonals (diamonds). Measure the bend by tensioning a line or the main halyard between the masthead and the gooseneck. The maximum amount of bend should be no more than 8" [203mm] for the standard rig and no more than 2" [50mm] for the furling mast. Measured perpendicular from the aft face of the mast to the halyard at the deepest part of the bend. It can be less than that based on the sail shape and your own preference. The bend should also be evenly distributed along the mast to give a smooth shape. Keep in mind that bending a furling mast may make it more difficult to furl and will not do much to flatten the sail as in a standard rig. It is very important that the mast also be straight from side to side at this time. Tighten or loosen the reverse diagonals to achieve this.
2. Step the mast with all shrouds attached but with the turnbuckles completely loosened (if the mast was not already stepped).
3. Attach the jib halyard to a cleat on the bow to support the mast in a raked position (the masthead should be about 2'-0" [-600mm] behind the step). Attach the verticals and tighten them until you can just see the hole for the cotter pin in the turnbuckle. Tighten the jib halyard until you can attach the forestay. At this point the masthead should be raked so that a weight hung on the main halyard hangs about 1' behind the mast step.
4. Use the main halyard to check that the mast is centered from side to side. Pull it tight and mark the halyard next to the verticals chainplate. Now do the same to the other side to see if the marks line up. If not, tighten and/or loosen the verticals until the marks line up. Once the masthead is centered, begin tightening the verticals until the turnbuckles are approximately half closed. While tightening the verticals you may notice the bend in the mast increasing. Now you can tighten the lowers which will tend to straighten the lower part of the mast. Be sure to tighten port and starboard sides evenly.
5. Now you should tighten the headstay until it is approximately half closed as well. This should induce the appropriate amount of headstay tension. Never use anything more than a pair of wrenches to tighten your rigging. If you use an extended piece of pipe on the handle of a wrench you can over tighten the rigging and do damage to the mast or rigging.
6. On the Hunter 386 it is necessary to go up the mast in a bosun's chair to tighten the number 2 diagonal shroud (D2 or intermediate shroud). Always use caution when "going aloft". You should always use a mountain climbing harness or Bosun's Chair intended for this use. Always tie into the harness with the halyard using a bowline and then secure the shackle as a back up as the knot is more reliable than a mechanical fastener. The person hoisting you aloft should keep the halyard stopper closed to prevent falls. Good communication between the two of you is also important. Tighten the D2 until it has just become tight and then add two complete turns. While at the first spreader, look up the back of the mast to see if it is straight (rather than bent from side to side) If it is not straight, then adjust the appropriate D2 to straighten it.
7. Have the person on deck carefully lower you. They should keep the halyard wrapped at least twice around the winch and should always have one hand able to stop the halyard from running free. Once on deck look up the back of the mast and see if it is straight (rather than bent

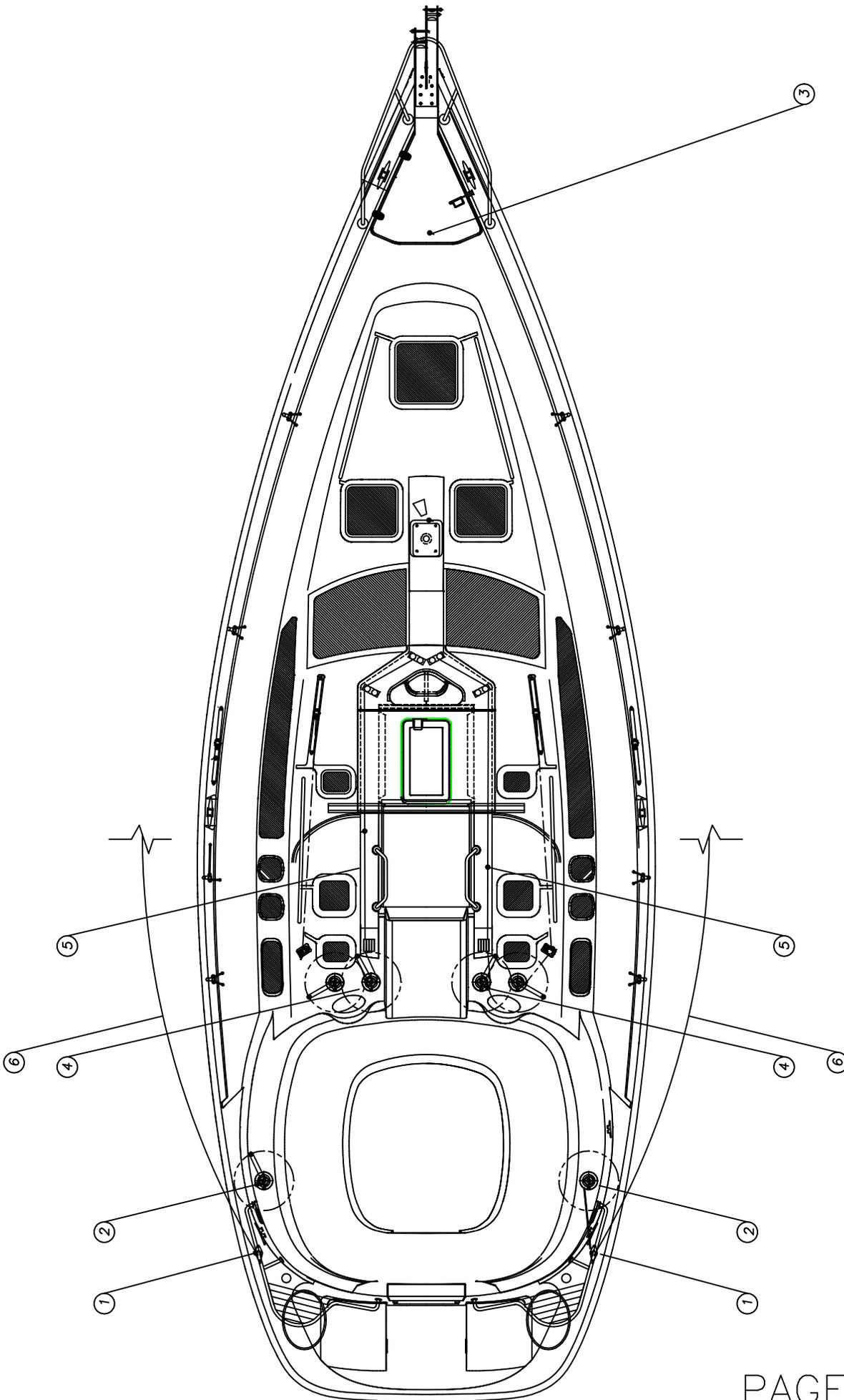
TUNING THE H386 B&R RIG

from side to side). If not then adjust the lowers (D1) until it is.

taping them to prevent snagged lines, sails and fingers.

8. If you have the standard rig you need to attach the struts at this time. Attach the lower end of the strut to the smaller hole in the chainplate. Adjust the length by turning the ball joint bearing in the upper end of the strut until the holes in the pin can be attached. It is normal to have some play between the strut and the chainplate and strut bracket
9. The final test is to go sailing in 10-15 knots of wind. If when sailing upwind, the shrouds on the leeward side are slack then tighten them to remove about half the slack keeping note of the number of turns. Then tack and do the same to the other side. Do this until you are happy with the tension and the leeward side does not get loose when the boat is heeled. Now sight up the mast to be sure it is still relatively straight from side to side. If it is not then adjust to appropriate rigging to correct it. For example: if the mast is straight until the upper spreader and then hooks to the windward side then you will have to revisit steps 6 and 7 above. Remember to always tighten the leeward shroud, tack and tighten the new leeward shroud the same amount. This prevents damage to the turnbuckles and is also much easier to do. Keep in mind it is also possible to have something too tight such as a diagonal shroud.
10. At this point you should have adequate headstay tension. The sails are built for about 10" [250mm] of headstay sag, the bend in the standard mast should be about 4" [100mm] and 1" [25mm] in the furling mast and it should be nearly straight from side to side when sailing upwind. If any of these are not true then revisit the appropriate step above to correct it. If the sag in the headstay is too much then adding tension to the verticals will fix it.
11. Once the rig is tuned you should make sure to add the cotter pins to all the rigging bending back the ends and

Remember that rigging, like everything else, can age. As it gets older it may need to be replaced. The frequency for which this becomes necessary depends on the climate and conditions in which the boat is sailed. For example: if you sail in the Caribbean it should be replaced every 2-3 years compared to every 10 for the great lakes. You should consult a professional rigger for advice.



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386 OPTIONAL HARDW/SPINNAKER LAYOUT

REVISED NO.	3808054A	DATE	2/13/98
DESIGNER	NONE	ENGINEERING DEPT.	

386 OPTIONAL DECK GEAR

#	QTY	OPTIONAL DECK HARDWARE	MFG #	HUN#
1	2	SPINNAKER BLOCKS	705-15	302920
2	2	SPINNAKER WINCHES LEWMAR	40CST	HW2520
3	1	WINDLASS	ANCHORMAN 800	-
4	1	ELECTRIC HALYARD WINCH	44CEST	HW2569
5	1	SPINNAKER HALYARD	SEE RUNNING RIGGING SHEETS	
6	2	SPINNAKER SHEET	SEE RUNNING RIGGING SHEETS	

ENGINE OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS:

- ① FILL DIESEL TANK WITH DIESEL FUEL
- ② CHECK ENGINE OIL LEVEL <SEE YANMAR MANUAL>
- ③ OPEN ENGINE RAW WATER PICKUP SEACOCK <SEE PAGE 60>
- ④ TURN ON "START BATTERY SELECTOR SWITCH" <LOCATED AT NAV. STATION>
- ⑤ TURN KEY TO START POSITION, RELEASE WHEN ENGINE STARTS
NOTE" IF ENGINE APPEARS TO HAVE TROUBLE STARTING, SEE YANMAR MANUAL
- ⑥ TO SHUT ENGINE DOWN: PUSH RED BUTTON AT KEY SWITCH PANEL
UNTIL ENGINE STOPS RUNNING THEN TURN KEY TO OFF POSITION.

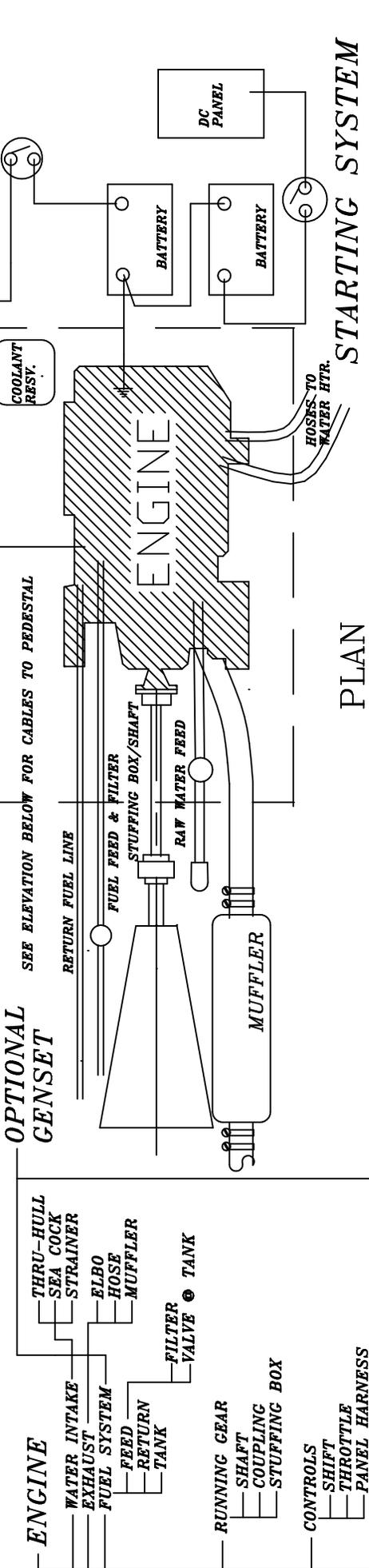
WARNING: DO NOT LEAVE AFT HATCHES OPEN WHILE ENGINE IS RUNNING. THERE EXISTS A POSSIBILITY OF EXHAUST POISONING, OR EVEN DEATH.

<small>OWNER FILE</small>	
386 ENGINE OPER. INST	
<small>ISSUANCE NO.</small>	<small>REVISION NO.</small>
3808055A	NONE
<small>ISSUANCE DATE</small>	<small>DATE</small>
ENGINEERING DEPT.	7/26/97

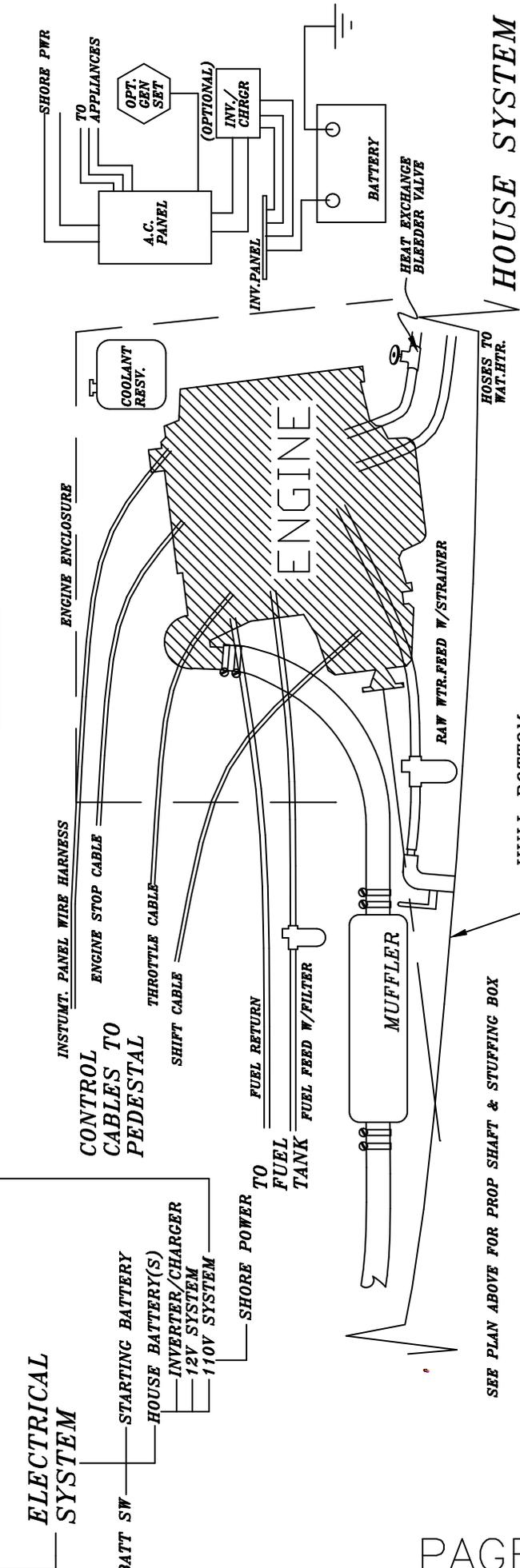


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SYSTEMS SCHEMATIC



PLAN



ELEVATION

NOTE: THIS DWG. IS SCHEMATIC FORM SEE SPECIFIC SYSTEM DWGS. FOR BATTERIES/SWITCHES/CHARGER ETC. LOCATIONS AND WIRE RUNS.

386 ENGINE COMPARTMENT LAYOUT

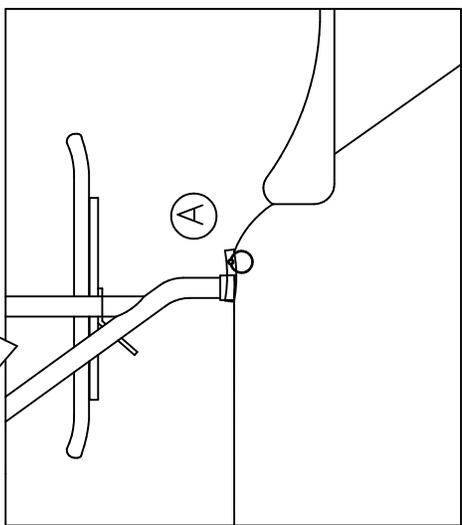
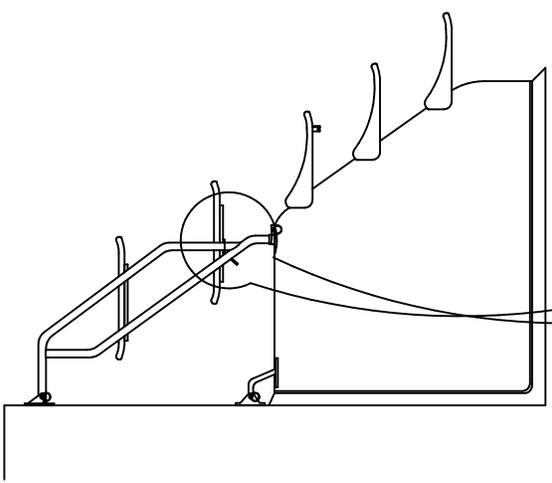
3808055B

ENGINEERING DEPT.

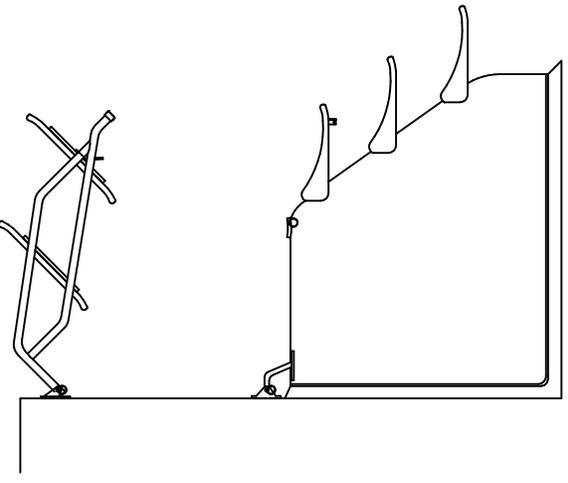
2/17/98

HUNTERA

1



2



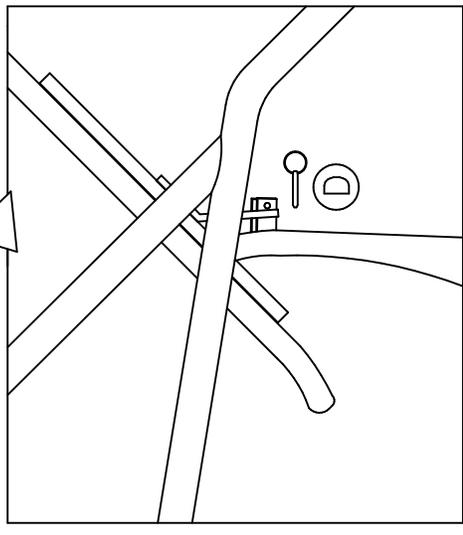
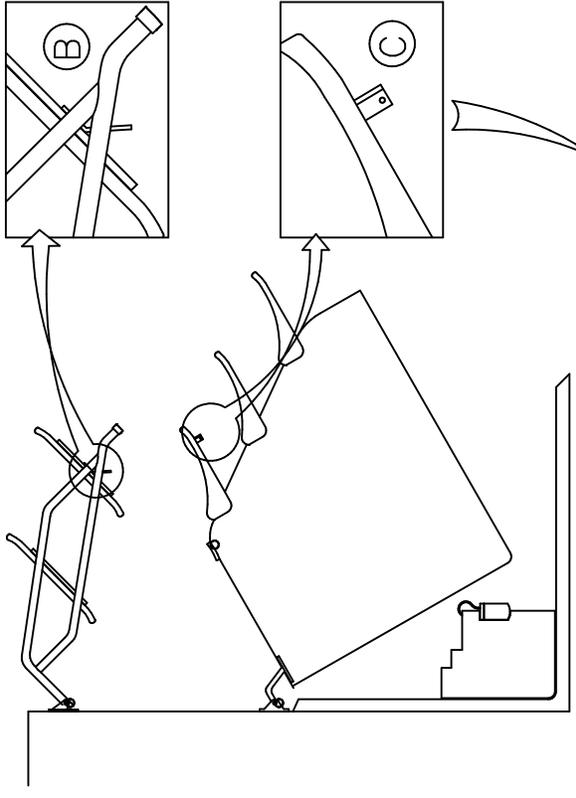
1. REMOVE QUICK PIN (A) FROM FOOT OF COMPANIONWAY LADDER

2. ROTATE COMPANIONWAY LADDER UPWARDS AS SHOWN

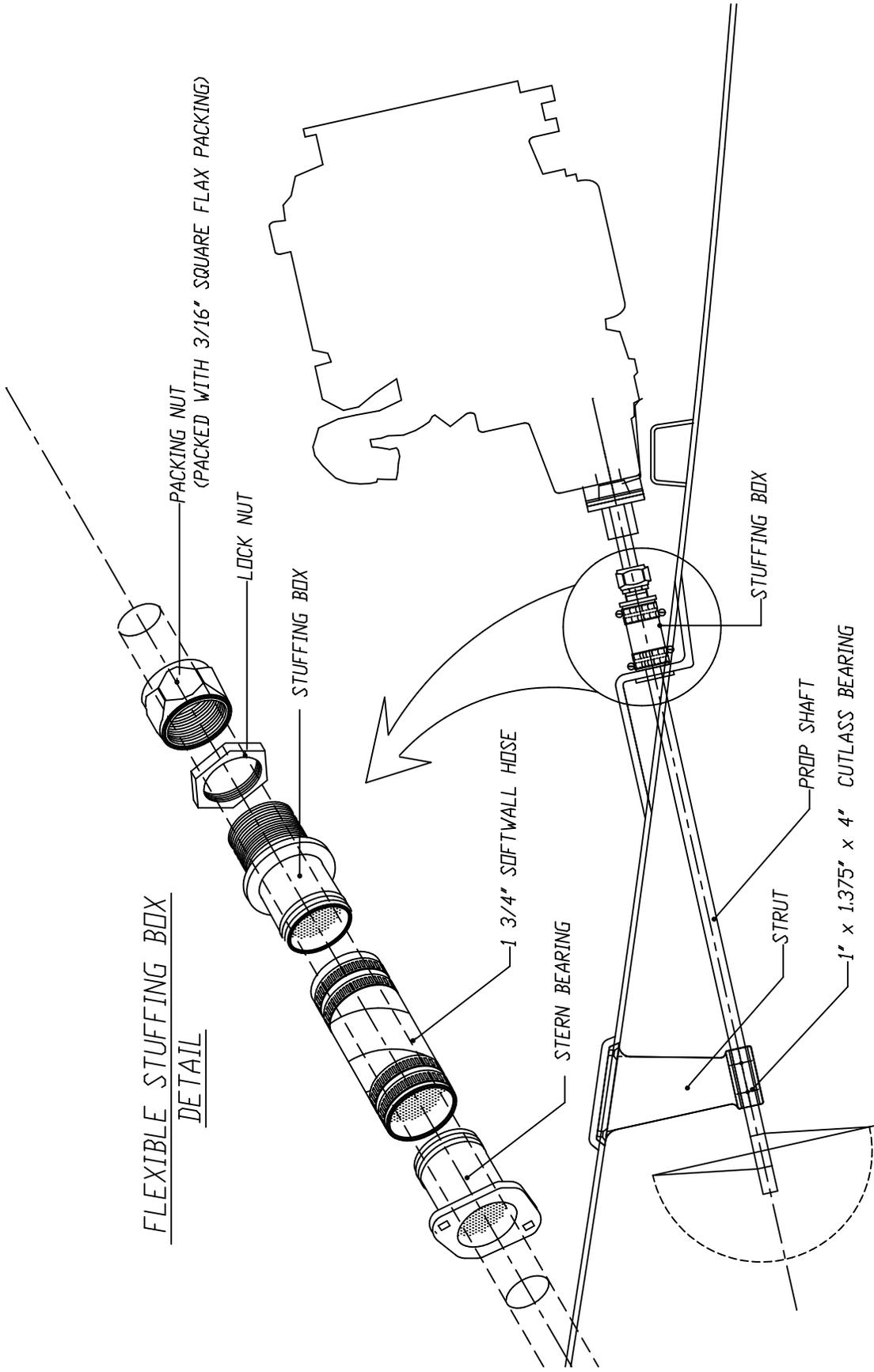
3. ROTATE ENGINE BOX COVER UPWARDS AS SHOWN. LOCK TANGS (C) INTO (B) AND INSTALL QUICK PIN (D)

NOTE: ALWAYS REMEMBER TO REINSTALL QUICK PINS AFTER CLOSING. AND NEVER WORK UNDER AN OPEN ENGINE BOX COVER UNLESS QUICK PIN (D) IS ENGAGED

3



REVISED BY	3808055C	DATE	4/16/98
REVISION NO.	NONE		
ENGINEERING DEPT.			



FLEXIBLE STUFFING BOX
DETAIL

This document describes information for which HUNTER MARINE CORP. has proprietary rights.

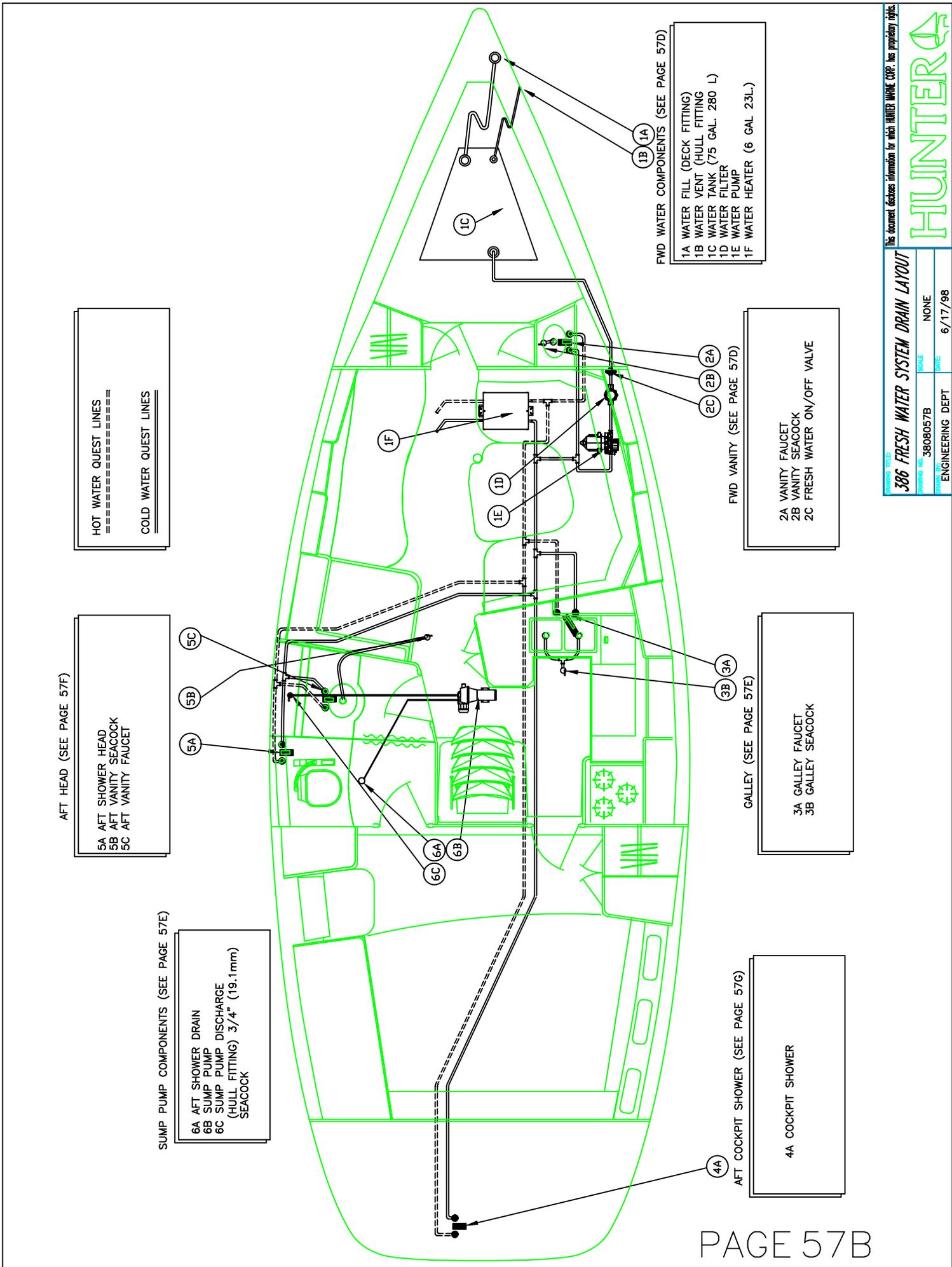
386 STUFFING BOX DETAIL			
REVISED NO.	3808056	REVISION NO.	NONE
DATE		DATE	2/17/98
ENGINEERING DEPT.			



FRESH WATER SYSTEM OPERATION:

- ① FILL TANK WITH FRESH WATER (SEE PAGE 60B FOR FILL LOCATION)
- ② OPEN ON/OFF VALVE (SEE PAGE 57C FOR VALVE LOCATION)
- ③ TURN HOUSE BATTERY SELECTOR SWITCH TO THE "ON" POSITION
- ④ TURN ON "D.C. MAIN" BREAKER ON MAIN BREAKER PANEL
- ⑤ TURN ON "WATER PRESSURE" BREAKER ON MAIN BREAKER PANEL
- ⑥ "HOT WATER" IS ATTAINABLE BASICALLY IN TWO WAYS...
 - Ⓐ BY HEATING THE WATER THRU THE DIESEL ENGINE
 - Ⓑ BY SUPPLYING 110V.A.C. BY "DOCKSIDE SHORE POWER" OR GENERATOR POWER
- ⑦ TO HEAT BY "ENGINE" SEE PAGE 55A FOR ENGINE OPERATING INST.
NOTE: WHEN COOLANT IS INSTALLED, BLEED AIR FROM HEAT EXCHANGER LINES TO WATER HEATER.
CRANK ENGINE, OPEN BLEEDER VALVE (SEE PAGE 55B) UNTIL AIR IS GONE FROM LINES
- ⑧ TO HEAT BY "SHORE POWER"
 - Ⓐ HOOK UP SHORE POWER CABLE/S
 - Ⓑ TURN ON A.C. MAIN BREAKER ON MAIN BREAKER PANEL
 - Ⓒ TURN ON "WATER HEATER BREAKER" ON MAIN BREAKER PANEL
- ⑨ TO HEAT BY "OPT. GENERATOR POWER"... SEE PAGE 63E-1 FOR GEN. OPER. INST.
THEN FOLLOW STEPS #1-#6 & #8 B,C ABOVE.

NOTE: AS WITH ALL WATER HEATERS, BE SURE WATER TANK IS FULL
BEFORE APPLYING POWER TO UNIT, TO AVOID DAMAGE TO HEATING ELEMENT



=====
 HOT WATER QUEST LINES
 =====
 COLD WATER QUEST LINES

AFT HEAD (SEE PAGE 57F)
 5A AFT SHOWER HEAD
 5B AFT VANITY SEACOCK
 5C AFT VANITY FAUCET

SUMP PUMP COMPONENTS (SEE PAGE 57E)
 6A AFT SHOWER DRAIN
 6B SUMP PUMP
 6C SUMP PUMP DISCHARGE
 (HULL FITTING) 3/4" (19.1mm)
 SEACOCK

FWD WATER COMPONENTS (SEE PAGE 57D)
 1A WATER FILL (DECK FITTING)
 1B WATER VENT (HULL FITTING)
 1C WATER TANK (75 GAL. 280 L)
 1D WATER FILTER
 1E WATER PUMP
 1F WATER HEATER (6 GAL 23L.)

FWD VANITY (SEE PAGE 57D)
 2A VANITY FAUCET
 2B VANITY SEACOCK
 2C FRESH WATER ON/OFF VALVE

GALLEY (SEE PAGE 57E)
 3A GALLEY FAUCET
 3B GALLEY SEACOCK

AFT COCKPIT SHOWER (SEE PAGE 57G)
 4A COCKPIT SHOWER

HUNTERA

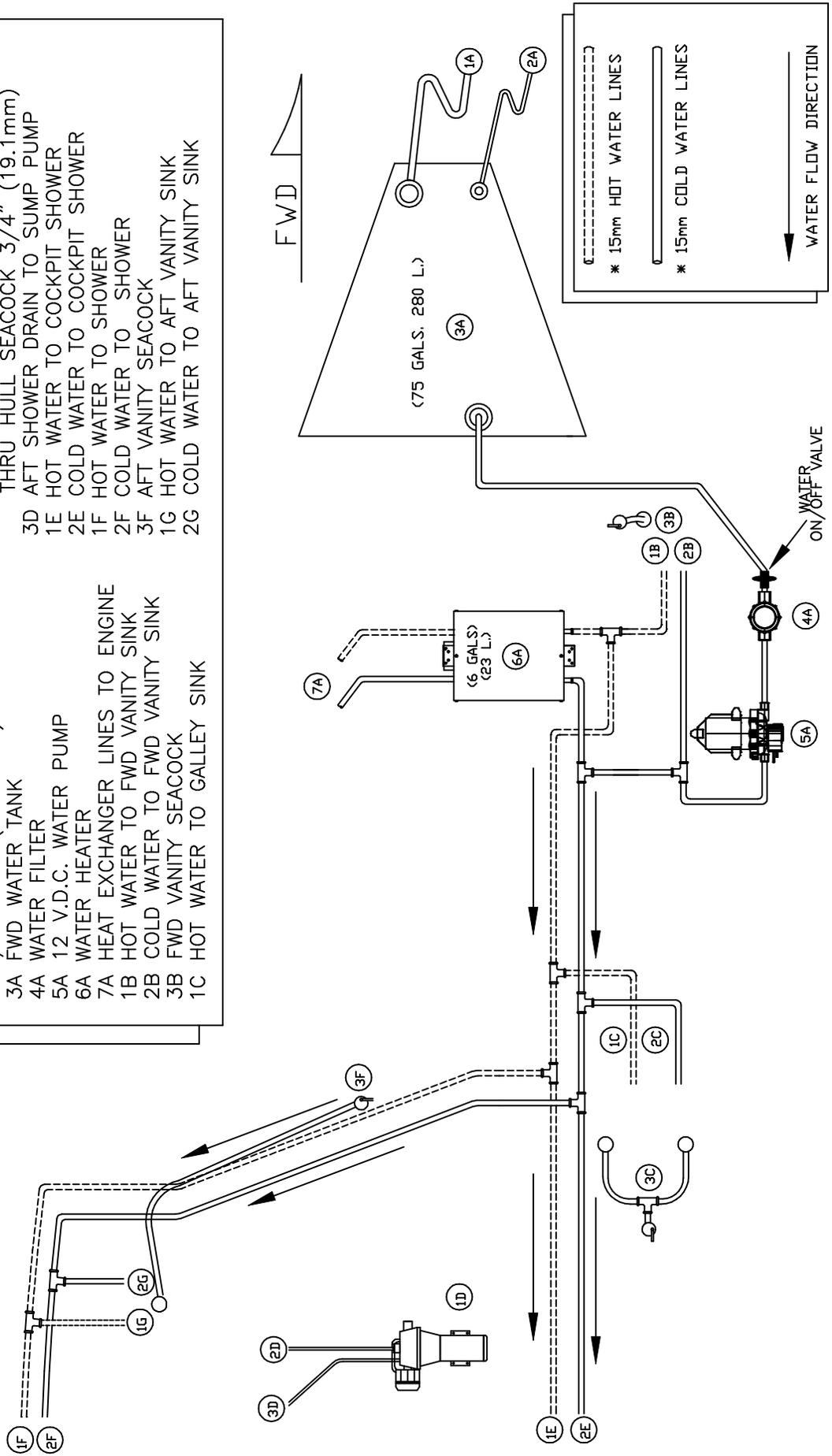
386 FRESH WATER SYSTEM DRAIN LAYOUT

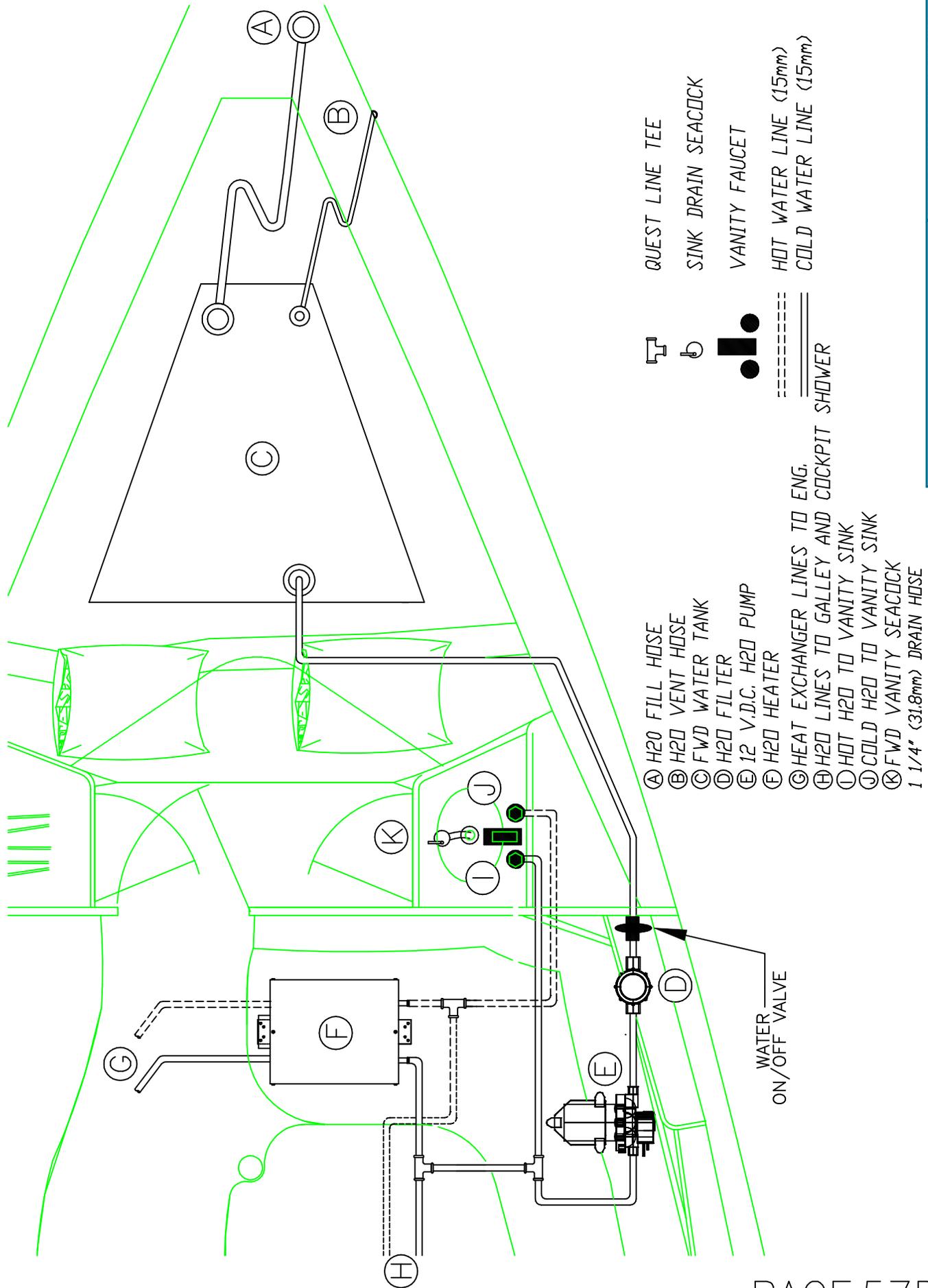
PROJECT NO.	3808057B	SCALE	NONE
DATE	6/17/98	ENGINEERING DEPT	

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- 1A FILL HOSE (TO DECK FITTING)
- 1 1/2" HOSE (38.1 mm)
- 2A VENT HOSE (TO HULL FITTING)
- 5/8" HOSE (15.9 mm)
- 3A FWD WATER TANK
- 4A WATER FILTER
- 5A 12 V.D.C. WATER PUMP
- 6A WATER HEATER
- 7A HEAT EXCHANGER LINES TO ENGINE
- 1B HOT WATER TO FWD VANITY SINK
- 2B COLD WATER TO FWD VANITY SINK
- 3B FWD VANITY SEACOCK
- 1C HOT WATER TO GALLEY SINK

- 2C COLD WATER TO GALLEY SINK
- 3C GALLEY SEACOCK
- 1D SUMP PUMP
- 2D SUMP PUMP DISCHARGE TO HULL FITTING
- THRU HULL SEACOCK 3/4" (19.1mm)
- 3D AFT SHOWER DRAIN TO SUMP PUMP
- 1E HOT WATER TO COCKPIT SHOWER
- 2E COLD WATER TO COCKPIT SHOWER
- 1F HOT WATER TO SHOWER
- 2F COLD WATER TO SHOWER
- 3F AFT VANITY SEACOCK
- 1G HOT WATER TO AFT VANITY SINK
- 2G COLD WATER TO AFT VANITY SINK





QUEST LINE TEE



SINK DRAIN SEACOCK



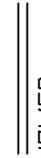
VANITY FAUCET



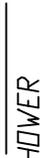
HOT WATER LINE (15mm)



COLD WATER LINE (15mm)



SHOWER



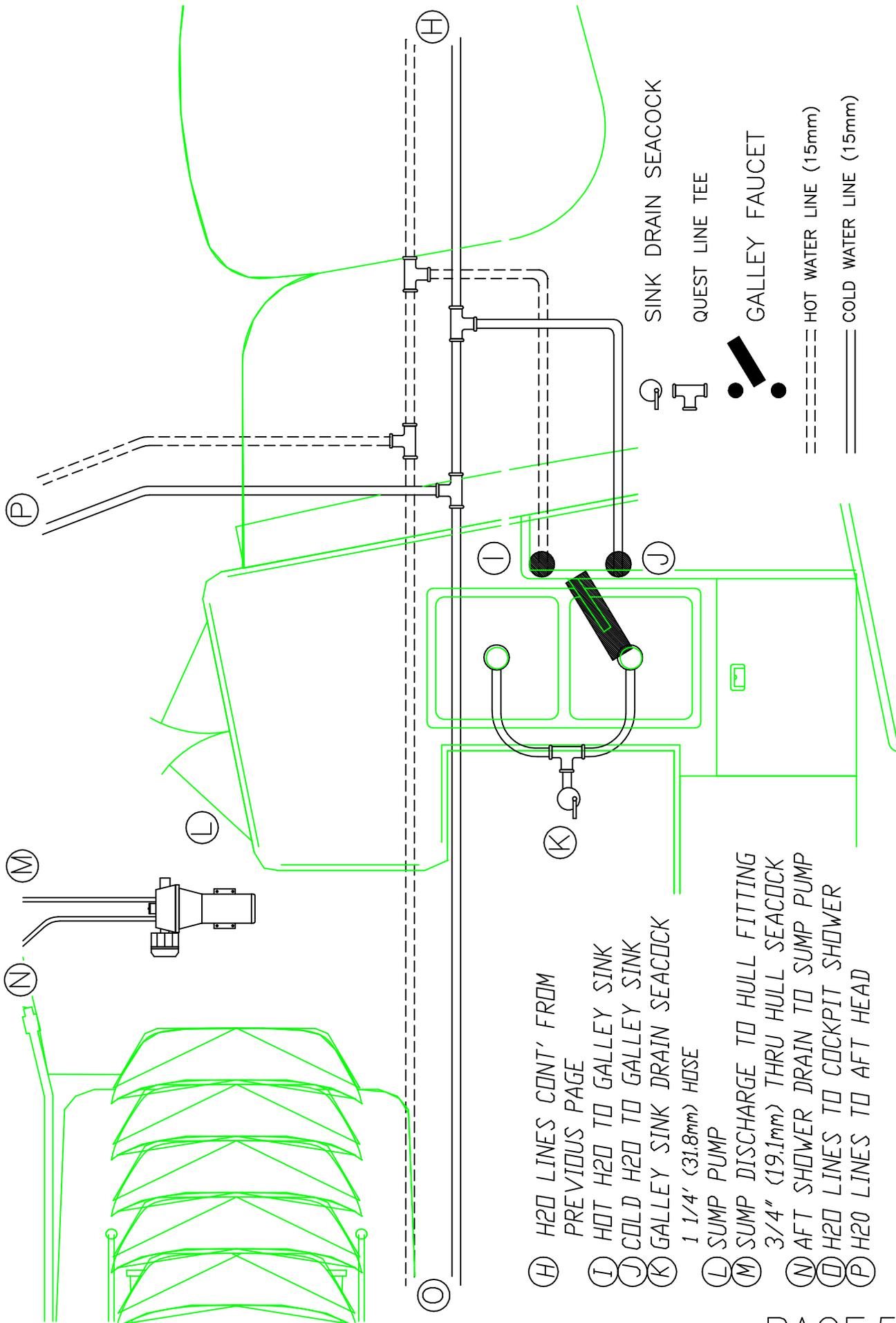
- Ⓐ H2O FILL HOSE
- Ⓑ H2O VENT HOSE
- Ⓒ FWD WATER TANK
- Ⓓ H2O FILTER
- Ⓔ 12 V.D.C. H2O PUMP
- Ⓕ H2O HEATER
- Ⓖ HEAT EXCHANGER LINES TO ENG.
- Ⓗ H2O LINES TO GALLEY AND COCKPIT
- Ⓢ HOT H2O TO VANITY SINK
- Ⓣ COLD H2O TO VANITY SINK
- Ⓚ FWD VANITY SEACOCK
- 1 1/4" (31.8mm) DRAIN HOSE

WATER
ON/OFF VALVE

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386 FWD VANITY H2O DETAIL	
REVISED NO.	3808057D
EXTENSION NO.	NONE
DATE	3/12/98
ENGINEERING DEPT.	

HUNTER HAWKE



- (H) H2O LINES CONT' FROM PREVIOUS PAGE
- (I) HOT H2O TO GALLEY SINK
- (J) COLD H2O TO GALLEY SINK
- (K) GALLEY SINK DRAIN SEACOCK
- 1 1/4' (31.8mm) HOSE
- (L) SUMP PUMP
- (M) SUMP DISCHARGE TO HULL FITTING
- (N) 3/4" (19.1mm) THRU HULL SEACOCK
- (O) AFT SHOWER DRAIN TO SUMP PUMP
- (P) H2O LINES TO COCKPIT SHOWER
- (Q) H2O LINES TO AFT HEAD

- SINK DRAIN SEACOCK
- QUEST LINE TEE
- GALLEY FAUCET
- HOT WATER LINE (15mm)
- == COLD WATER LINE (15mm)

This document describes information for which HUNTER MARINE CORP. has proprietary rights.

386 GALLEY H2O DETAIL	
DRAWING NO.	3808057E
REVISION NO.	NONE
DATE	3/12/98
ENGINEERING DEPT.	

HUNTER

(R) SUMP PUMP DISCHARGE (TO SEACOCK) SEE NOTE

3/4" (19.1 mm) DRAIN HOSE

(S) HOT H2O TO AFT VANITY SINK

(T) COLD H2O TO AFT VANITY SINK

(U) VANITY SINK SEACOCK

1' (25.4mm) HOSE

(V) AFT SHOWER DRAIN (TO SUMP PUMP)

3/4" (19.1mm) DRAIN HOSE

(W) HOT H2O TO AFT HEAD SHOWER

(X) COLD H2O TO AFT HEAD SHOWER

QUEST LINE TEE

AFT VANITY FAUCET/SHOWER

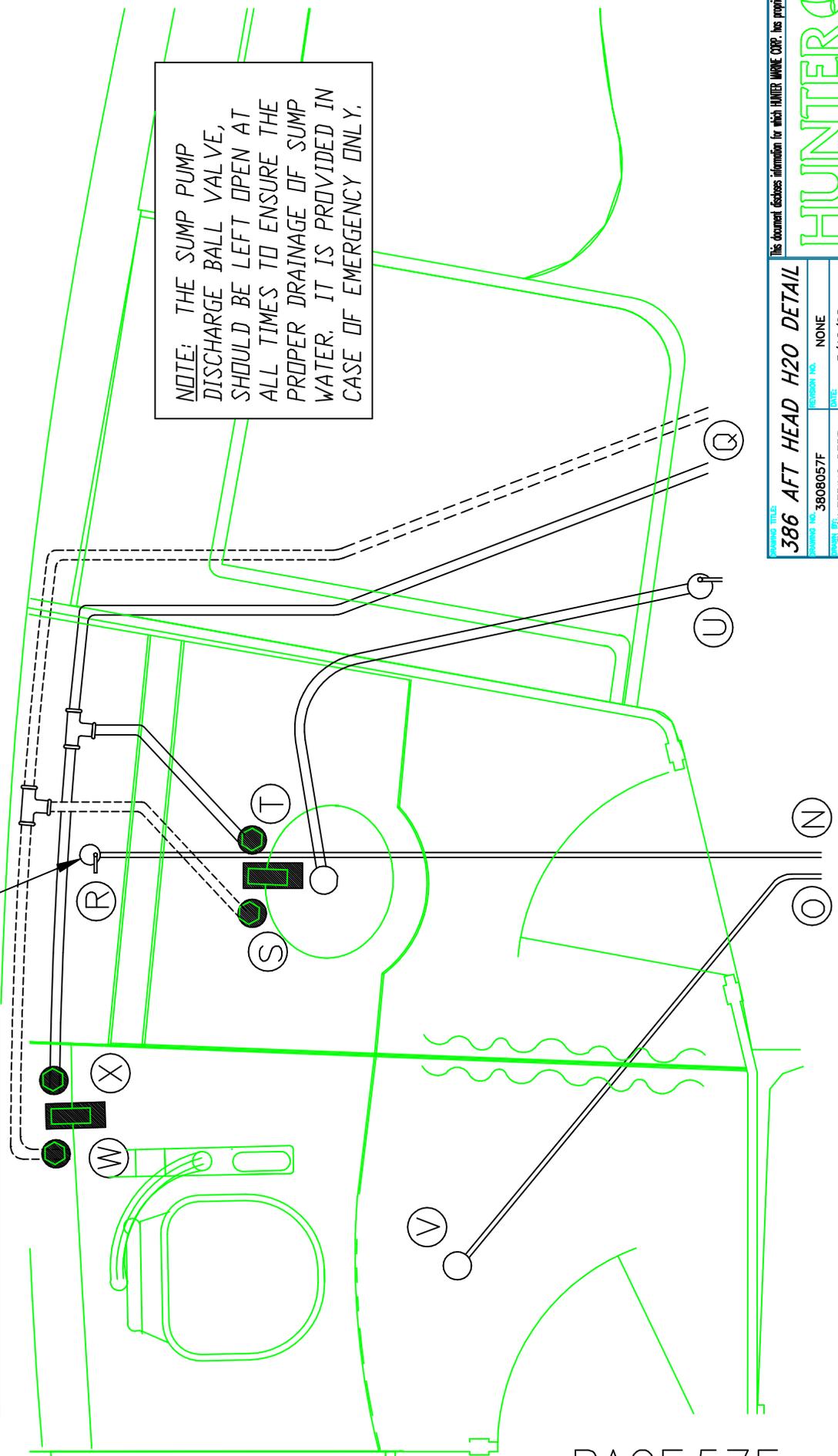
AFT VANITY/SUMP PUMP DIS. SEACOCKS

==== HOT WATER LINE (15mm)

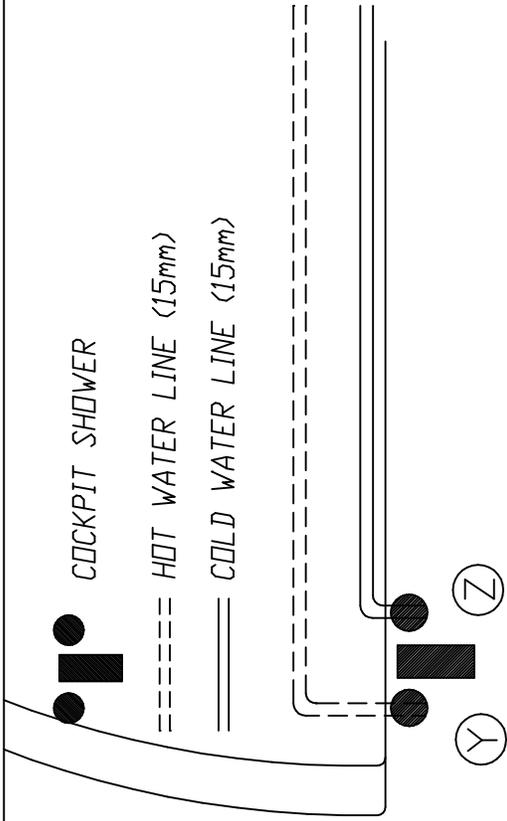
==== HOT WATER LINE (15mm)

ACCESS SEACOCK BY REMOVING PANEL IN BETWEEN THE UPPER VANITY AND THE SINK.

NOTE: THE SUMP PUMP DISCHARGE BALL VALVE, SHOULD BE LEFT OPEN AT ALL TIMES TO ENSURE THE PROPER DRAINAGE OF SUMP WATER. IT IS PROVIDED IN CASE OF EMERGENCY ONLY.



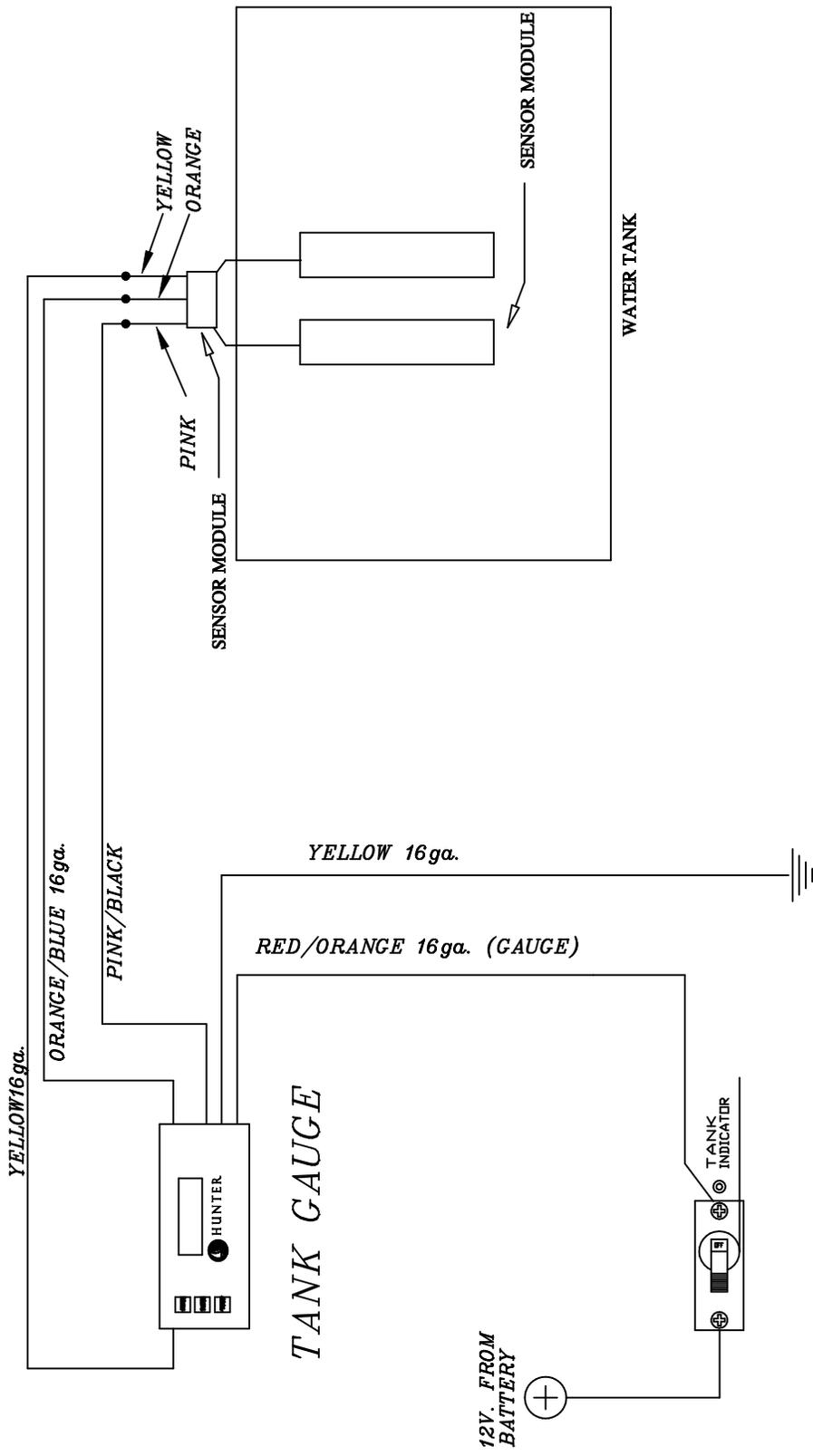
- ① HOT H2O TO COCKPIT SHOWER
- ② COLD H2O TO COCKPIT SHOWER



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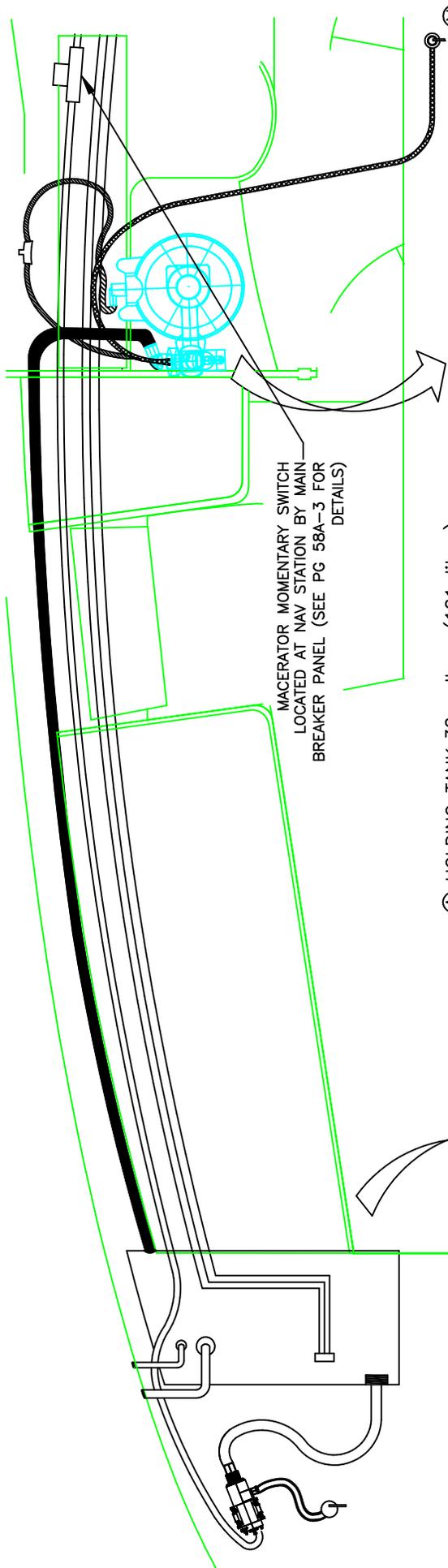
380 COCKPIT SHOWER H2O DETAIL			
REVISED TITLE	3808057G	REVISION NO.	NONE
ENGINEERING DEPT.		DATE	3/12/98



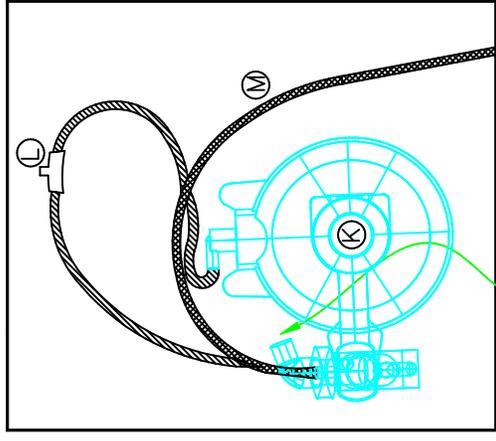
This document contains information for which HUNTER MANUFACTURING CORP. has proprietary rights.



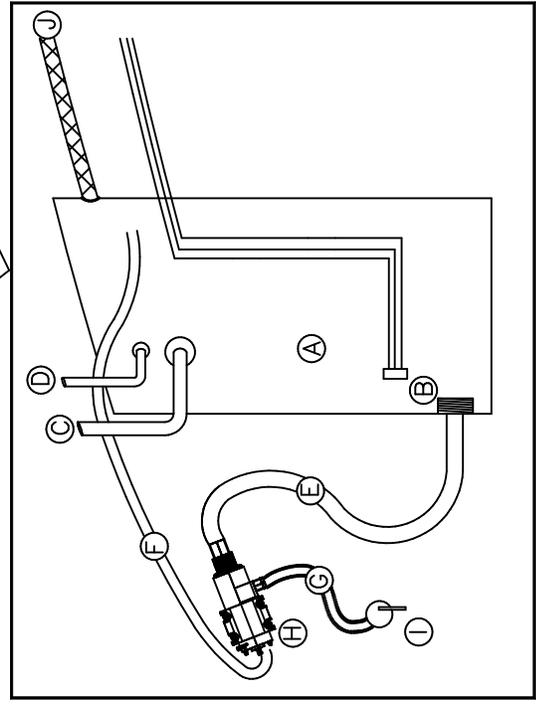
H386 WATER TANK SENSOR UNIT SCHEMATIC			
REVISED BY	3808057H	REVISION NO.	NONE
DATE		DATE	11/10/99
ENGINEERING DEPT.			

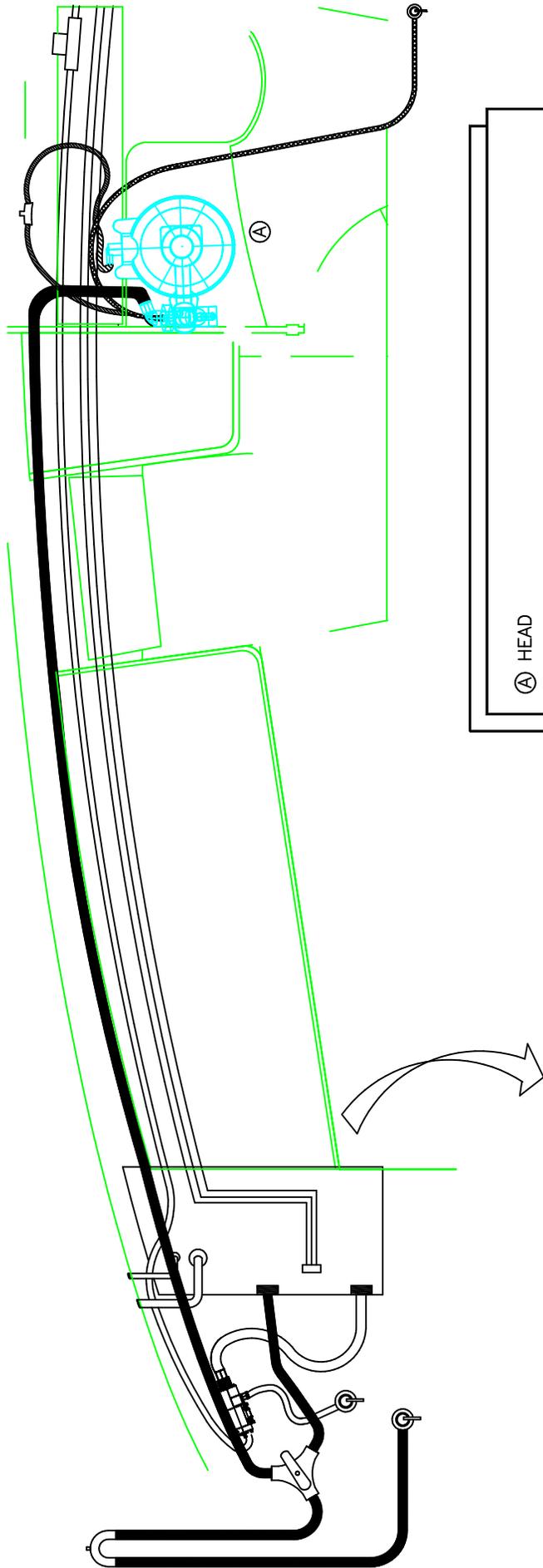


- Ⓐ HOLDING TANK 32 gallons (121 liters)
- Ⓑ WASTE TANK SENSOR MODULE (SEE PG 58B)
- Ⓒ WASTE PUMPOUT (TO DECK FITTING)
1.5" (38.1 mm) SANITATION HOSE
- Ⓓ WASTE TANK VENT (HULL FITTING)
3/4" (19.1 mm) SANITATION HOSE
- Ⓔ FROM HOLDING TANK TO MACERATOR
1 1/2" (38.1 mm) SANITATION HOSE
- Ⓕ POWER LEADS TO MACER. FROM SW. PANEL
- Ⓖ 1" (25.4mm) MACERATOR DISCHARGE HOSE
- Ⓗ 12 V.D.C. MACERATOR
- Ⓛ MACER. DISCHRG. SEACOCK (HULL FITTING)
- Ⓜ WASTE HOSE INTO TANK FROM COMMODE
1 1/2" (38.1mm) SANITATION HOSE
- Ⓚ HEAD
- Ⓛ VENTED LOOP
- Ⓜ RAW WATER PICKUP TO HEAD
3/4" (19.1 mm) SANITATION HOSE
- Ⓝ HEAD RAW WATER PICKUP SEACOCK

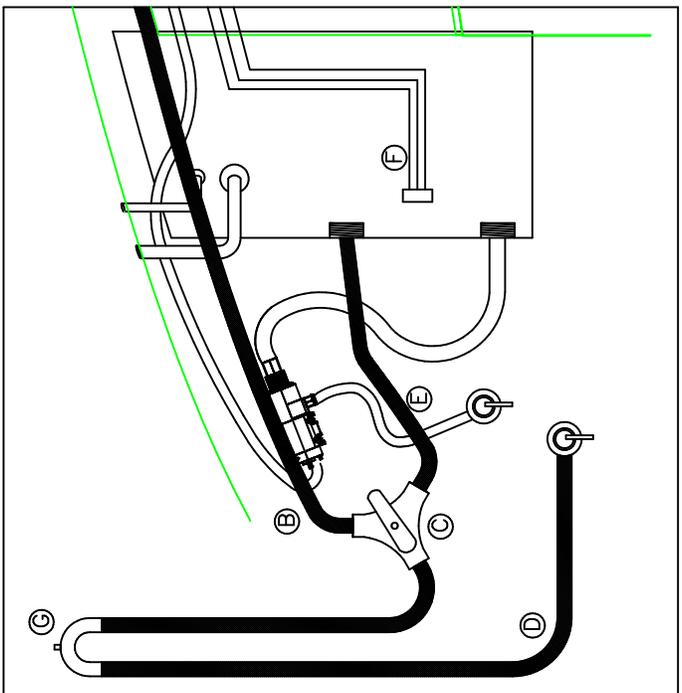


NOTE: TO OPERATE THE HEAD
SEE MARINE HEAD OWNER'S MANUAL





- Ⓐ HEAD
- Ⓑ 1 1/2" (38.7mm) SANITATION HOSE TO "Y" VALVE
- Ⓒ 1 1/2" (38.7mm) Y-VALVE.
- Ⓓ SANITATION HOSE FROM Y-VALVE TO THRU HULL FITTING (1 1/2") (38.7mm)
- Ⓔ 1 1/2" (38.7mm) SANITATION HOSE TO WASTE HOLDING TANK
- Ⓕ LEADS TO TANK MONITOR PANEL SENSOR VENTED LOOP
- Ⓖ 1 1/2" (38.7mm)



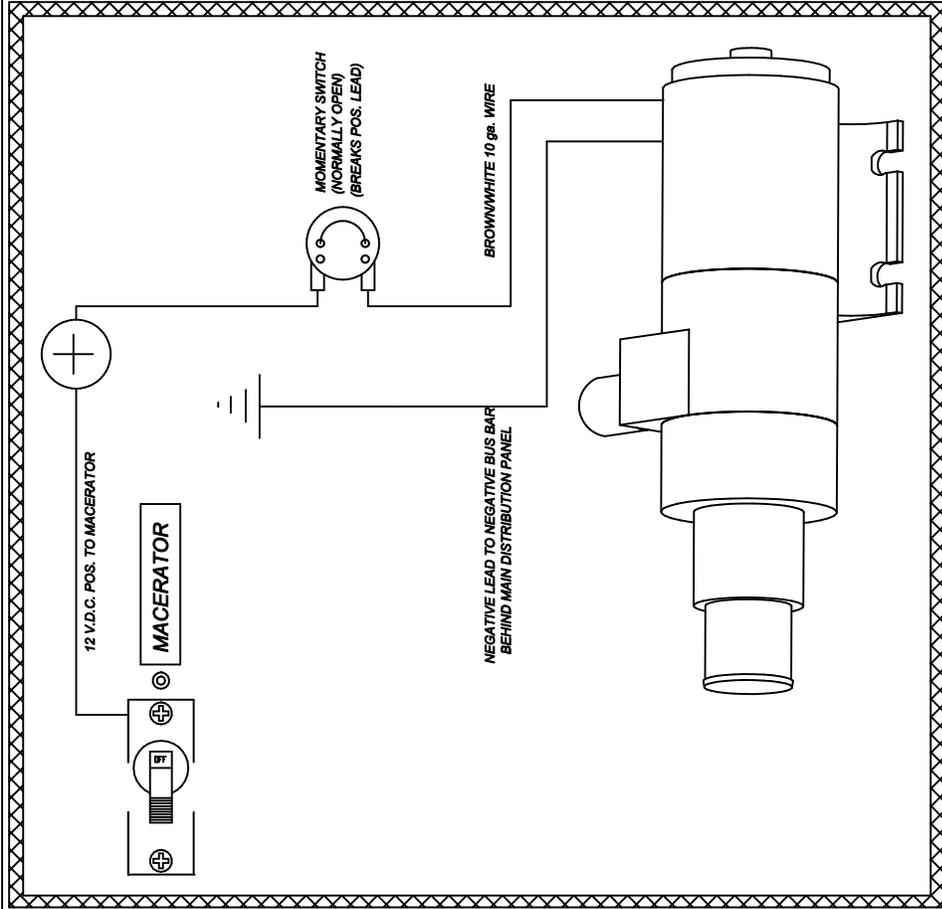
NOTE: TO OPERATE THE HEAD
SEE MARINE HEAD OWNER'S MANUAL

SEE PREVIOUS PAGE FOR WIRE LEADS,
WATER PICKUP, ETC.

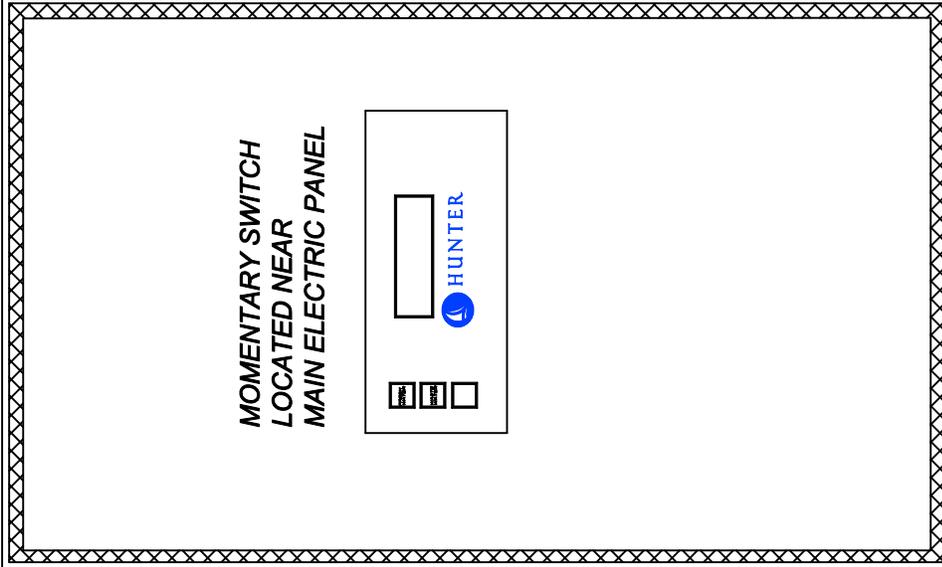


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THE MACERATOR MOMENTARY SWITCH IS PROVIDED TO PROHIBIT THE "DRY RUNNING" OF THE MACERATOR. TO OPERATE THE MACERATOR, TURN THE MACERATOR BREAKER TO THE "ON" POSITION. WHILE EITHER WATCHING THE WASTE TANK LEVEL INDICATOR, OR LISTENING TO THE PITCH OF THE PUMP, PUSH THE MOMENTARY SWITCH IN. THIS WILL ACTIVATE THE MACERATOR. ONCE THE TANK LEVEL INDICATOR REACHES "EMPTY", OR THE PITCH CHANGES NOTICEABLY, RELEASE THE MOMENTARY SWITCH AND TURN THE BREAKER TO THE "OFF" POSITION. NOTE: OCCASIONALLY THE TANK SENDING UNIT BECOMES NON FUNCTIONAL, THEREFORE IT IS MORE EFFECTIVE AND SAFER FOR THE OPERATOR USES THE "LISTENING" METHOD TO DETERMINE IF THE TANK HAS BEEN EMPTIED.



MACERATOR SCHEMATIC TYPICAL



MOMENTARY SWITCH LOCATION

PROJECT FILE: H386 BASIC MACERATOR MOMENTARY SWITCH SCHEMATIC

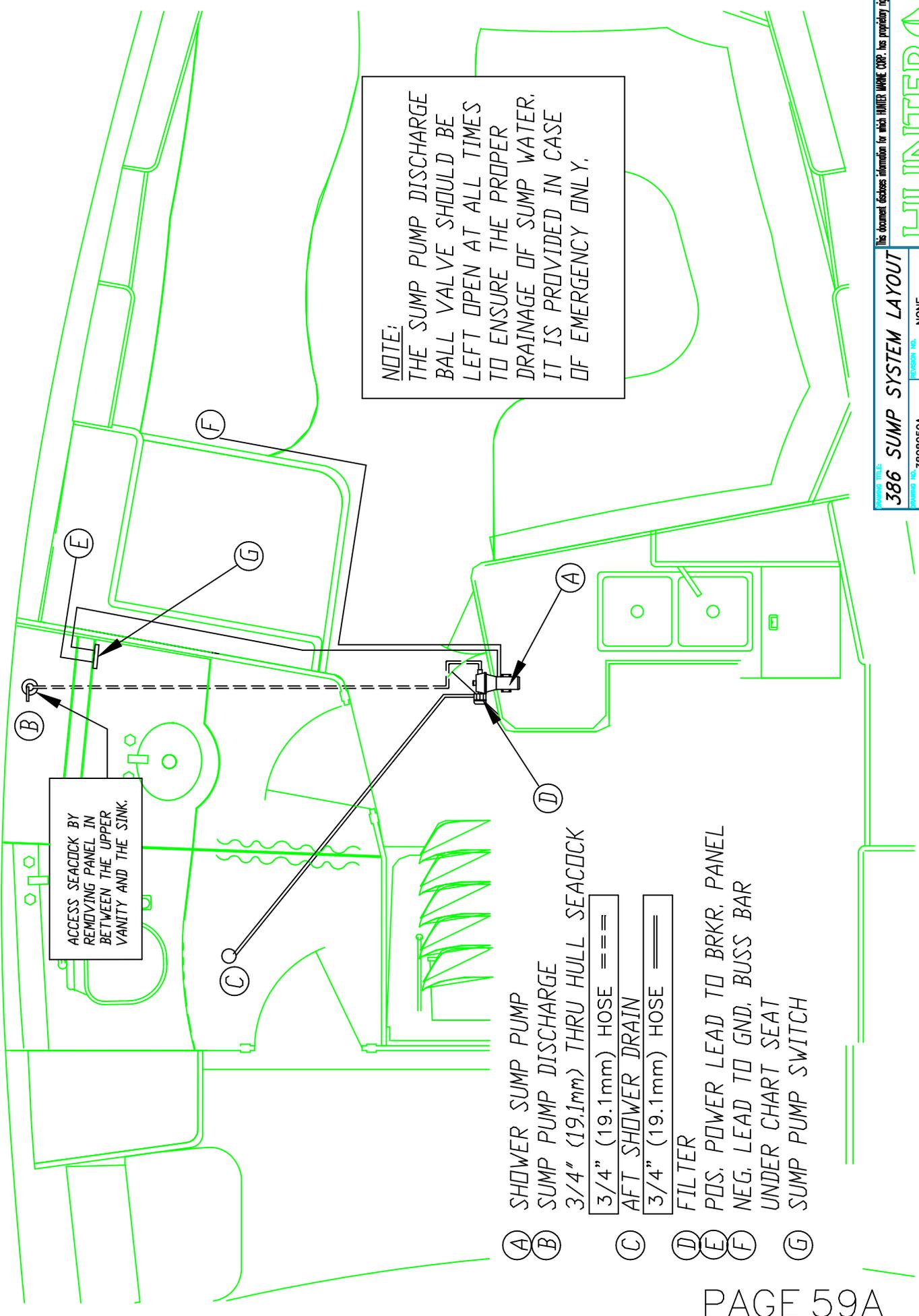
ISSUANCE NO. 3808058A-3

REVISION NO. NONE

DATE 11/11/98

ENGINEERING DEPT.

HUNTER

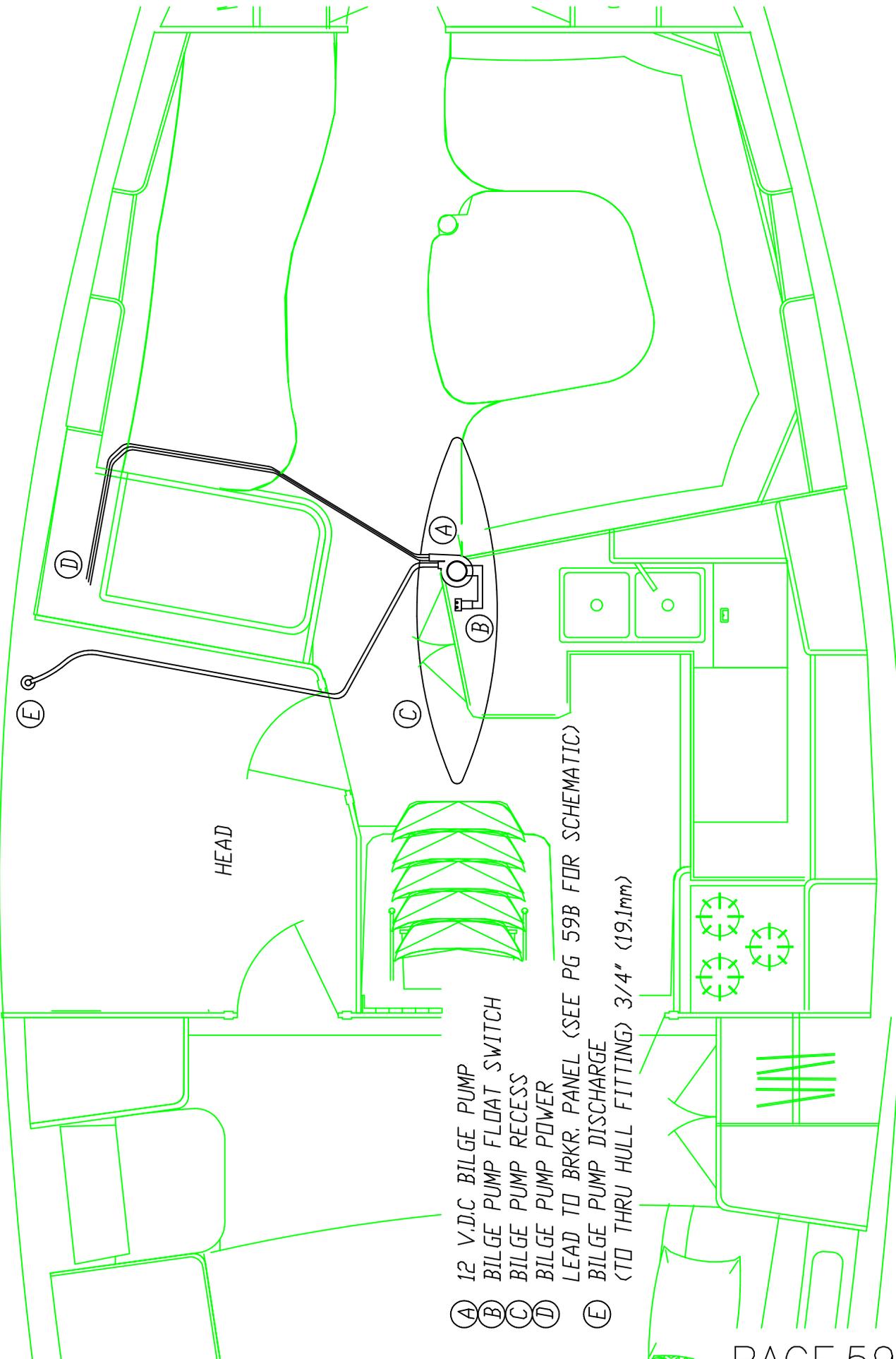


NOTE:
 THE SUMP PUMP DISCHARGE BALL VALVE SHOULD BE LEFT OPEN AT ALL TIMES TO ENSURE THE PROPER DRAINAGE OF SUMP WATER. IT IS PROVIDED IN CASE OF EMERGENCY ONLY.

ACCESS SEACOCK BY REMOVING PANEL IN BETWEEN THE UPPER VANITY AND THE SINK.

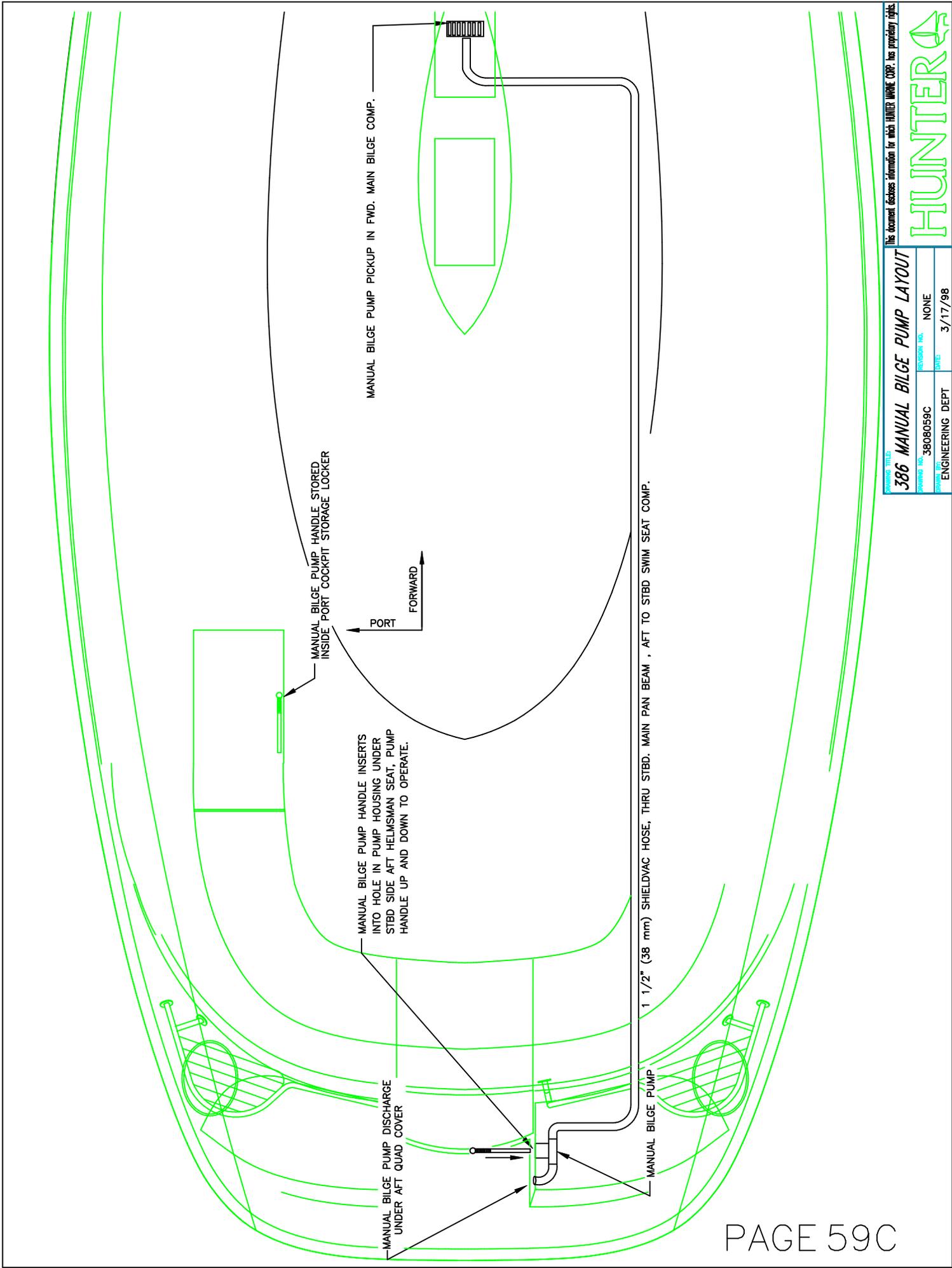
- (A) SHOWER SUMP PUMP DISCHARGE
- (B) 3/4" (19.1mm) THRU HULL SEACOCK
- (C) 3/4" (19.1mm) HOSE
- (D) AFT SHOWER DRAIN
- (E) 3/4" (19.1mm) HOSE
- (F) FILTER
- (G) POS. POWER LEAD TO BRKR. PANEL
- (H) NEG. LEAD TO GND, BUSS BAR UNDER CHART SEAT
- (I) SUMP PUMP SWITCH





- (A) 12 V.D.C. BILGE PUMP
- (B) BILGE PUMP FLOAT SWITCH
- (C) BILGE PUMP RECESS
- (D) BILGE PUMP POWER
- (E) LEAD TO BRKR. PANEL (SEE PG 59B FOR SCHEMATIC)
- (E) BILGE PUMP DISCHARGE (TO THRU HULL FITTING) 3/4" (19.1mm)

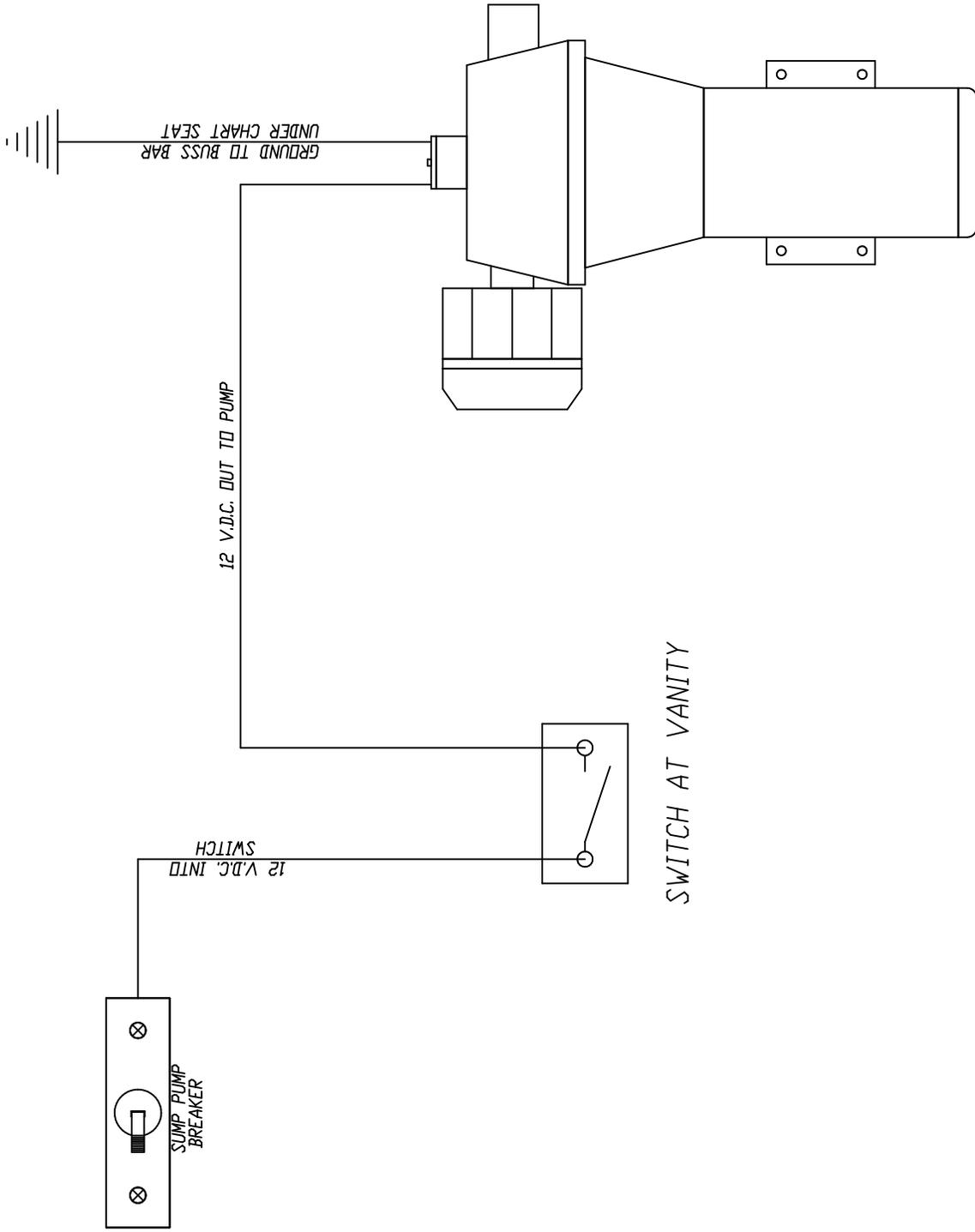




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386 MANUAL BILGE PUMP LAYOUT			
REVISED NO.	3808059C	REVISION NO.	NONE
DATE		DATE	3/17/98
ENGINEERING DEPT			

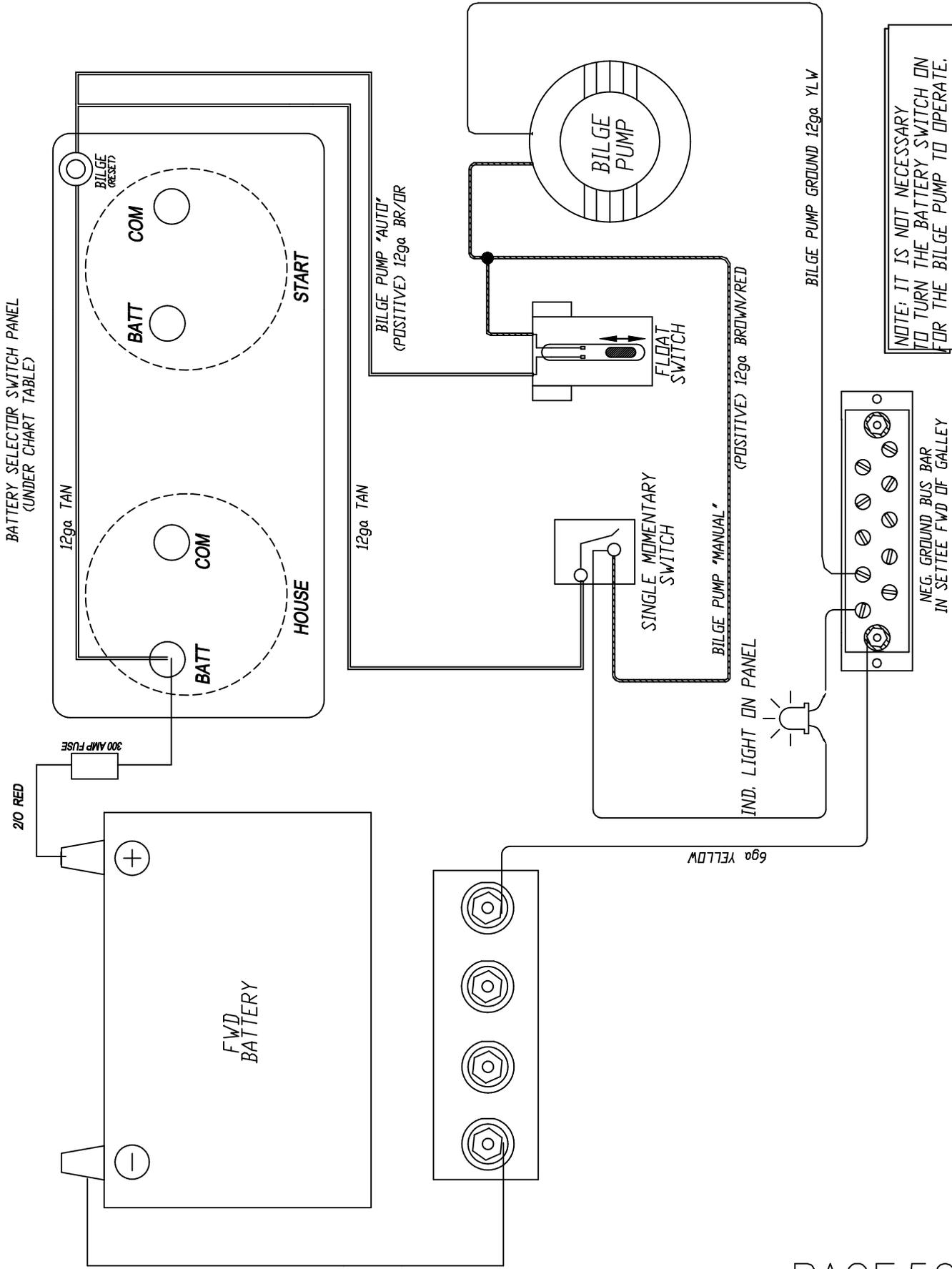


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386 SUMP PUMP SCHEMATIC			
PROJECT NO.	3808059D	REVISION NO.	NONE
DESIGNED BY	ENGINEERING DEPT.	DATE	3/16/98

BATTERY SELECTOR SWITCH PANEL
(UNDER CHART TABLE)

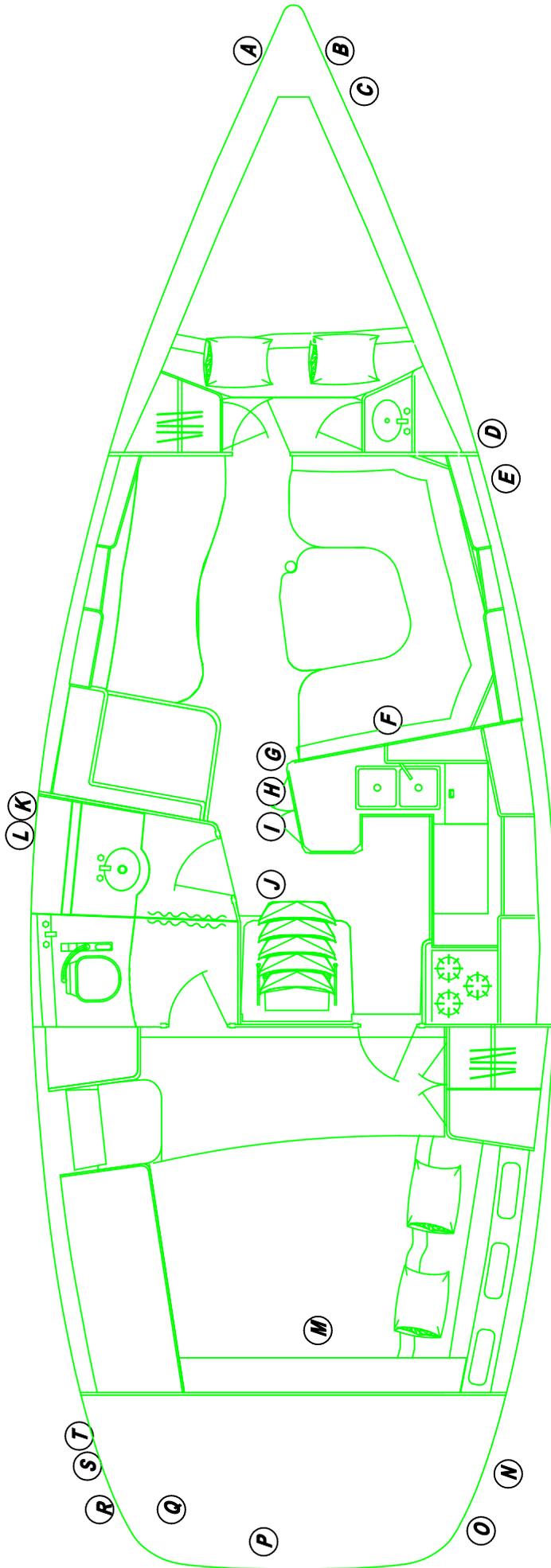


NOTE: IT IS NOT NECESSARY TO TURN THE BATTERY SWITCH ON FOR THE BILGE PUMP TO OPERATE.

OWNER FILE
H386 ELECTRIC BILGE PUMP SCHEMATIC
REVISED NO. 3808059E
DATE 3/13/98
ENGINEERING DEPT.



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- A PORT ANCHOR WELL DRAIN
- B STARBOARD ANCHOR WELL DRAIN
- C WATER TANK VENT
- * D FWD VANITY DRAIN
- * E AIR CONDITIONER DISCHARGE
- * F GALLEY DRAIN
- * G AIR CONDITIONER RAW WATER INTAKE
- * H HEAD RAW WATER INTAKE
- * I VANITY SINK DRAIN
- * J ENGINE RAW WATER INTAKE
- K SUMP PUMP DISCHARGE
- L BILGE PUMP DISCHARGE
- M GENERATOR RAW WATER INTAKE
- * N LPG LOCKER DRAIN
- * O GENERATOR EXHAUST
- P ENGINE EXHAUST
- Q MACERATOR DISCHARGE
- R LPG LOCKER DRAIN
- * S HOLDING TANK VENT
- T FUEL TANK VENT

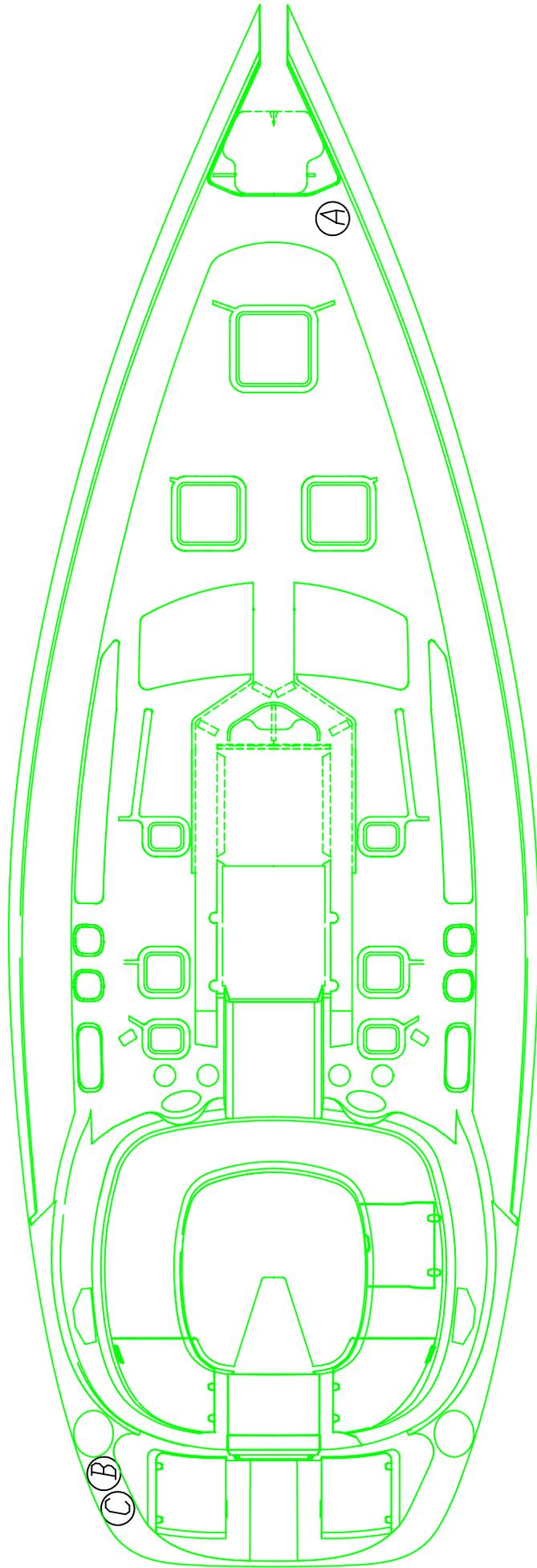
NOTE: * = SEACOCK

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386 THRU HULL LOCATIONS

PROJECT FILE #	3808060A	REVISION NO.	NONE
DATE	3/28/98	DESIGNED BY	ENGINEERING DEPT.

HUNTER



- Ⓐ WATER TANK FILL DECK FITTING
- Ⓑ WASTE "PUMPOUT" DECK FITTING

- Ⓒ FUEL TANK FILL DECK FITTING

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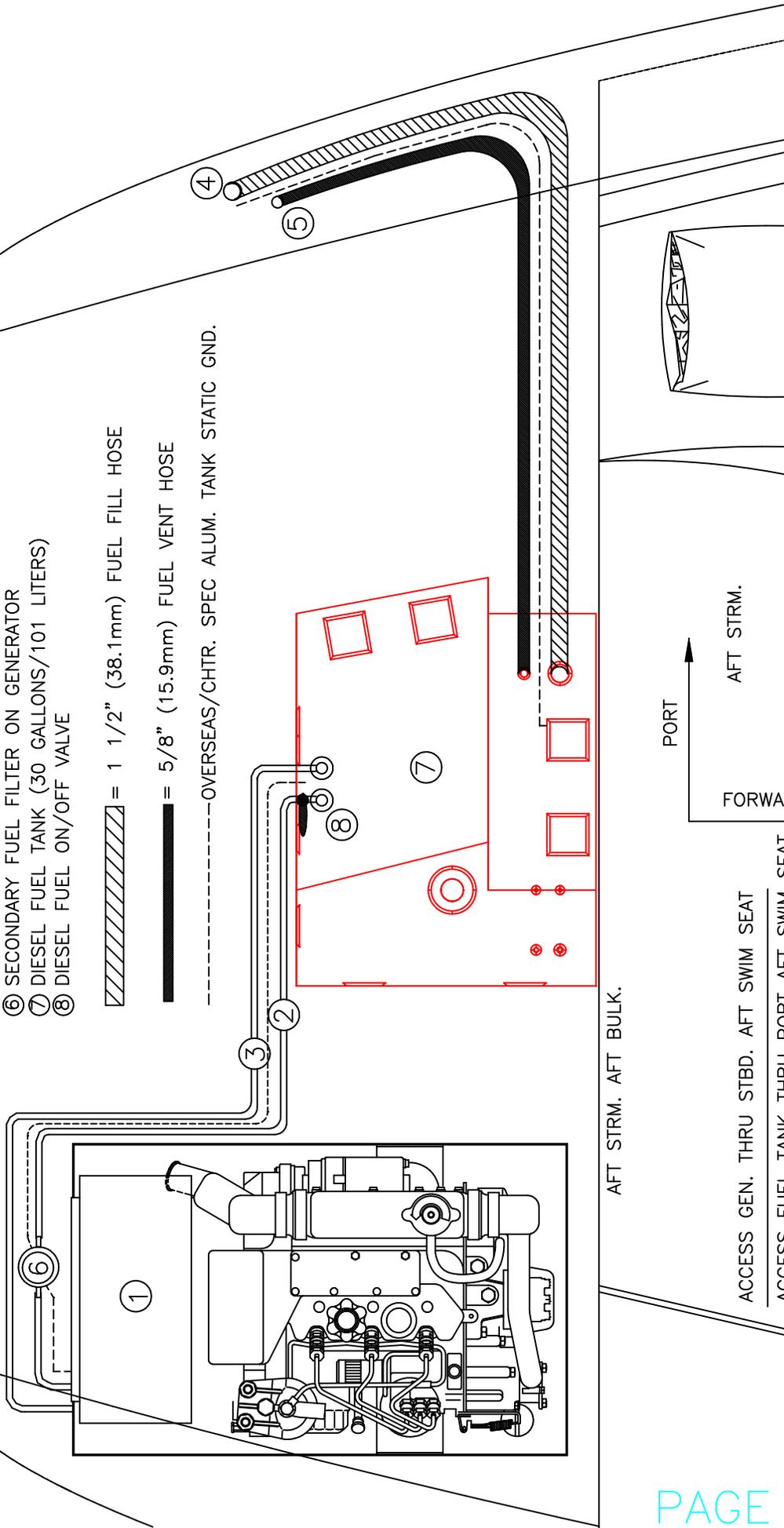
386 THRU DECK LOCATIONS			
REVISED TITLE	REVISED NO.	REVISED DATE	REVISED BY
38608060-B	NONE	3/17/98	ENGINEERING DEPT.

- ① 6KW. GENERATOR
- ② DIESEL FUEL FEED LINE 1/4" (6.4 mm) FUEL HOSE
- ③ DIESEL FUEL RETURN LINE 1/4" (6.4 mm) FUEL HOSE
- ④ DIESEL FUEL TANK FILL (DECK FITTING)
- ⑤ DIESEL FUEL TANK VENT (HULL FITTING)
- ⑥ SECONDARY FUEL FILTER ON GENERATOR
- ⑦ DIESEL FUEL TANK (30 GALLONS/101 LITERS)
- ⑧ DIESEL FUEL ON/OFF VALVE

 = 1 1/2" (38.1mm) FUEL FILL HOSE

 = 5/8" (15.9mm) FUEL VENT HOSE

 ---OVERSEAS/CHTR. SPEC ALUM. TANK STATIC GND.

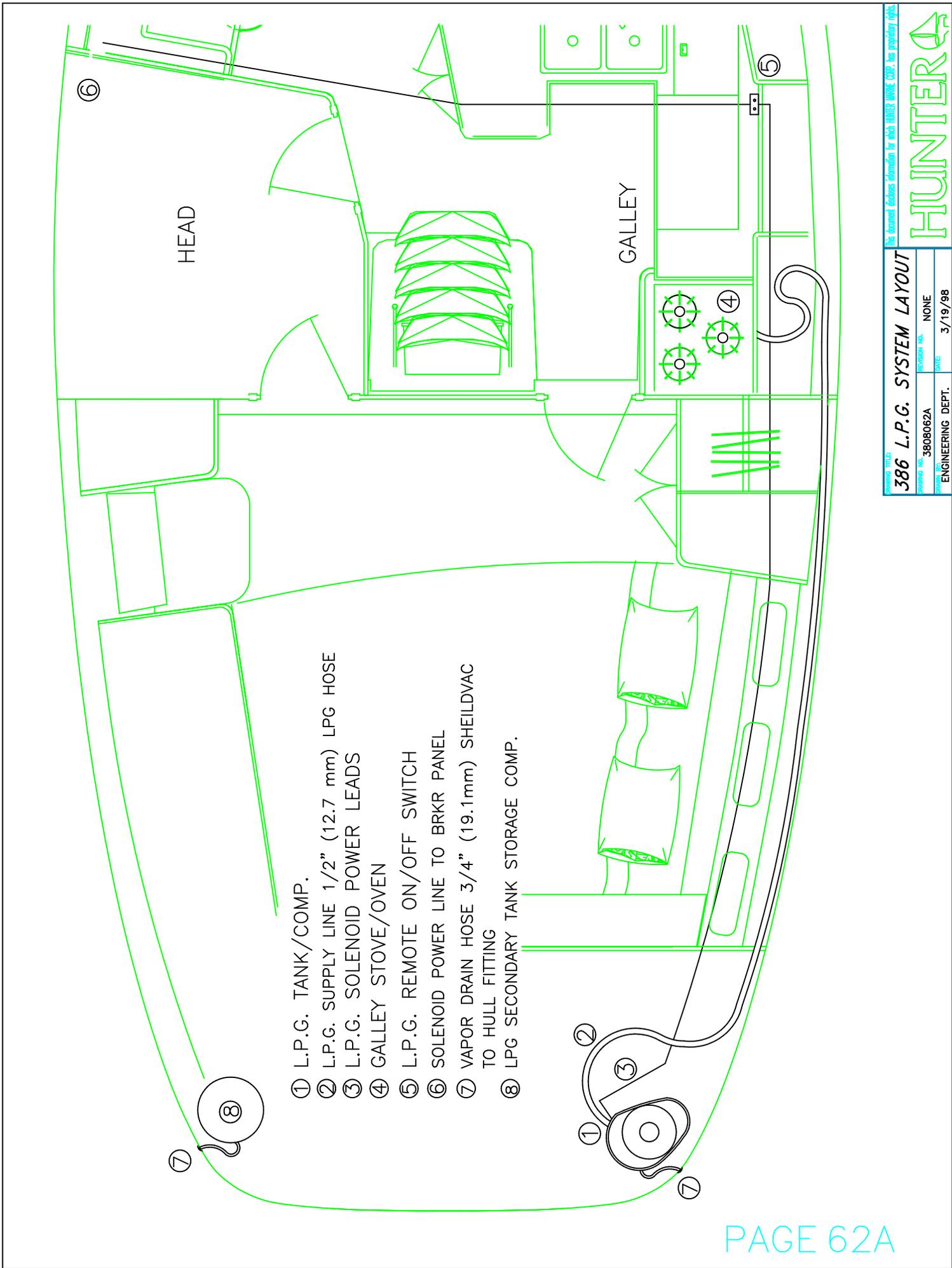


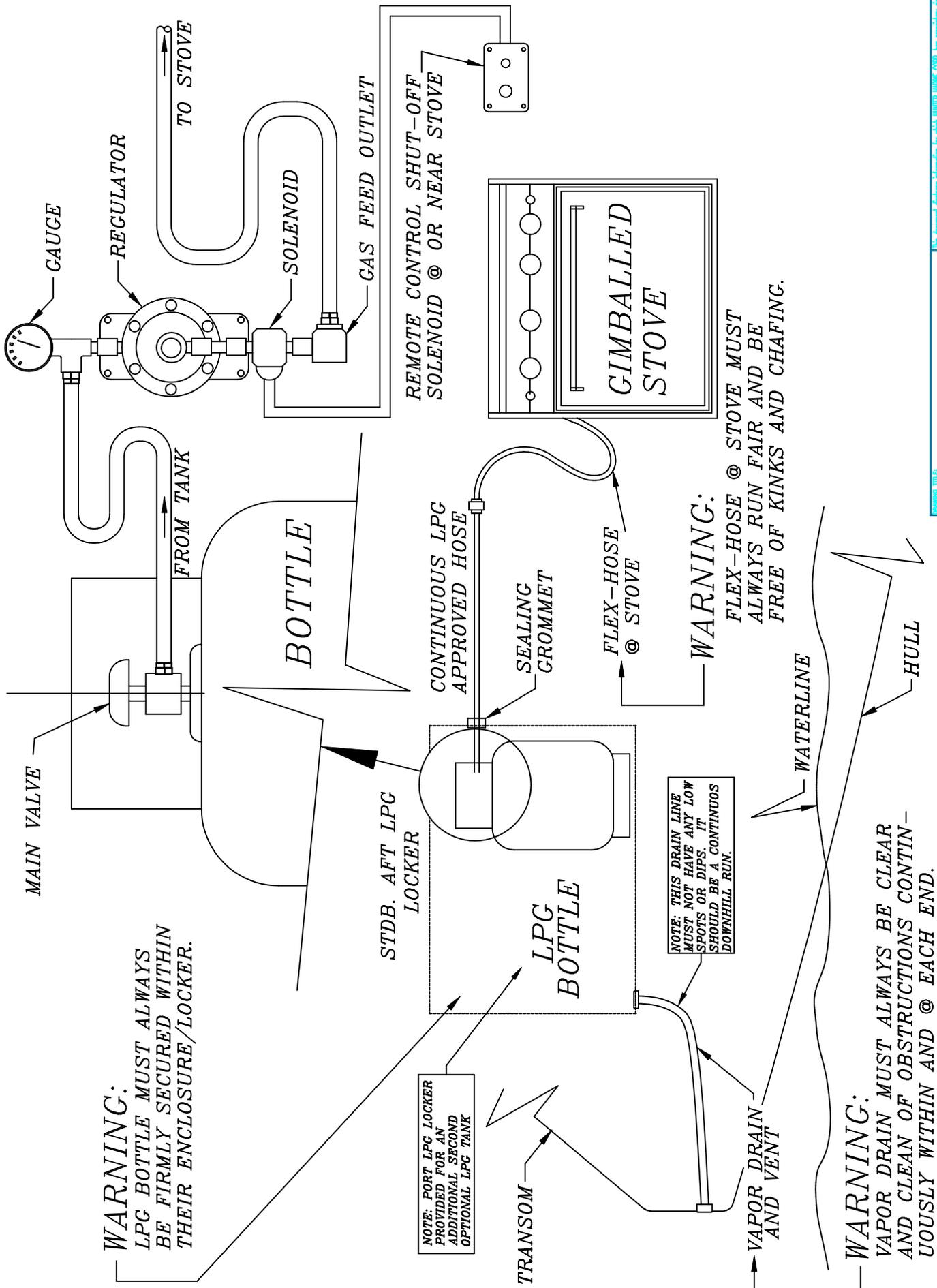
386 GENERATOR FUEL SYSTEM

DESIGN NO.	3808061B	REVISION NO.	NONE
DATE	7/22/97	ENGINEERING DEPT.	



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<small>FOR MORE FILES</small> H386 L.P.G. SYSTEM LAYOUT	
<small>ISSUANCE NO.</small> 3808062B	<small>REVISION NO.</small> NONE
<small>ENGINEERING DEPT.</small> ENGINEERING DEPT.	<small>DATE</small> 11/11/99



NOTE TO CONSUMER

THE FOLLOWING PAGES PROVIDE DETAILED INFORMATION, SCHEMATICS ETC. PERTAINING TO THE H386 **STANDARD** ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS AS WELL AS THE **OPTIONAL** ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS.

BE SURE TO READ THE DRAWING TITLE IN THE TITLE BLOCK TO BE SURE YOU ARE REFERRING TO THE CORRECT SYSTEM FOR YOUR MODEL.

MAJOR DIFFERENCES EXIST FOR EXAMPLE IN THE CHARGING SYSTEM SCHEMATICS WHERE THE STANDARD MODEL IS EQUIPPED WITH A BATTERY CHARGER AND THE OPTIONAL MODEL IS EQUIPPED WITH AN INVERTER/CHARGER.

H386 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM CONTENTS

PAGES 63A-2 THRU 63E CONTAINS A.C. POWER SYSTEMS (110 V.A.C.) (220 V.A.C. ON OVERSEAS MODELS)

BASIC POWER SYSTEMS / MAIN DIST. PANEL DESCRIPTION	PAGES 63A-2 THRU 63A-8
POWER SYSTEMS TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE	PAGES 63A-9 THRU 63A-12
A.C. POWER PANEL SCHEMATICS: STD AND W/OPT. GEN. & INV	PAGES 63A-13 & 63A-14
SELECTOR SWITCH PANELS	PAGES 63A15 & 63A-16
ISOLATION TRANSFORMER	PAGE 63A-17
A.C. POWER WIRING	PAGES 63B
OPTIONAL AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM	PAGES 63C-1 & 63C-3
OPTIONAL GENERATOR SYSTEM	PAGES 63D-1 & 63D-2
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PAGES 64A-1 THRU 64J CONTAINS D.C. POWER SYSTEMS (12 VOLT D.C.)

D.C. PANEL SCHEMATICS AND GROUNDING SYSTEM	PAGES 64A-1 & 64A-2
BATTERY SWITCH PANEL SCHEMATICS	PAGES 64A-3 THRU 64A-5
12 VOLT LIGHTING / SPEAKERS / STEREO	PAGES 64B-1 THRU 64B-5
12 VOLT DECK WIRING	PAGES 64C
OPTIONAL WINDLASS	PAGES 64D-1 THRU 64D-2
OPTIONAL ELECTRIC HALYARD	PAGES 64E-1 & 64E-2
HEADLINER WIRE CHASE LOCATION	PAGE 64F
COURTESY LIGHT WIRING	PAGE 64G
REFRIGERATION SYSTEM	PAGE 64H-1 THRU 64H-3
PAN WIRE CHASE LOCATIONS	PAGE 64I
DC CONSUMER NOTES	PAGE 64J

SHORE POWER WIRING	PAGE 65A
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H386 POWER SYSTEMS OPERATION PROCEDURES

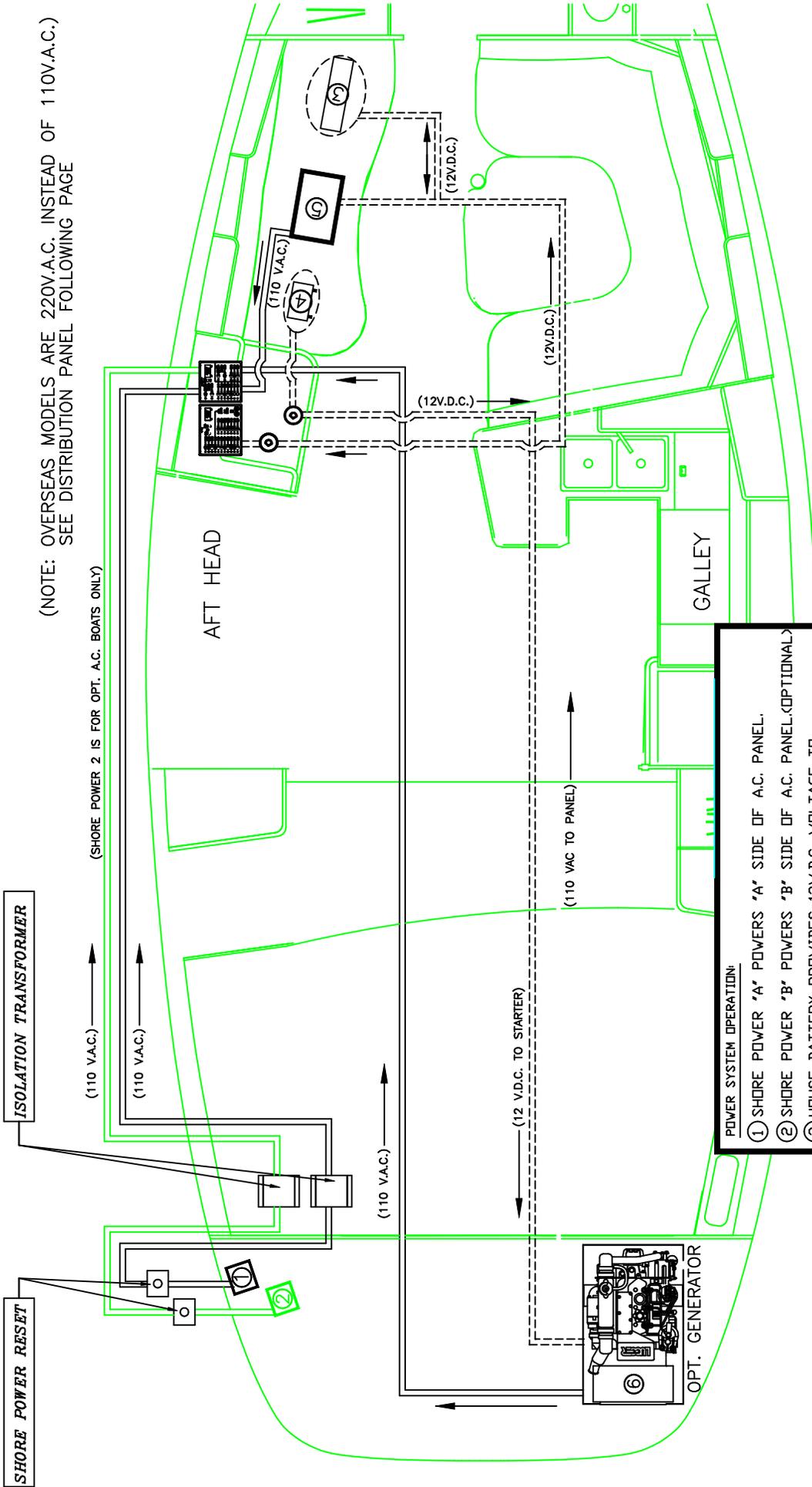
POWER SOURCE:	TO OPERATE:
D.C. MAIN	<p>STD. BATTERY CHARGER MODEL: TURN BATTERY SWITCH (LOCATED UNDER CHART TABLE) TO THE 'ON' POSITION, THEN TURN ON 'D.C. MAIN' BREAKER ON D.C. SIDE OF MAIN DISTRIBUTION PANEL.</p> <p>IF NO POWER: CHECK S04, RESET ON 'HOUSE BATTERY SWITCH' PANEL AND/OR BATTERY CONNECTIONS IF NECESSARY.</p> <p>OPTIONAL INVERTER MODEL: TURN 'D.C. MAIN' BRKR. ON 'D.C. SIDE OF MAIN DISTRIBUTION PANEL. IT IS NOT NECESSARY TO TURN ON THE HOUSE BATTERY ON/OFF SW. TO THE 'ON' POSITION. THIS PORTION OF THE HOUSE BATTERY ON/OFF SW. IS FOR THE CHARGING/INVERTING SYSTEM (AND ISOLATION OF) ONLY. IT IS NECESS. HOWEVER TO TURN ON EITHER THE HOUSE BATTERY BREAKER LOCATED ON THE BOTTOM OF THE HSE. BATTERY ON/OFF SW. PANEL TO PROVIDE POWER TO D.C. PANEL FROM THE HOUSE BATT. (#1=HOUSE BATTERY #1)</p> <p>IF NO POWER: CHECK 300 amp IN LINE FUSE AT HOUSE BATTERY IN HOUSE BATTERY COMPARTMENT, AND/OR BATTERY CONNECTIONS IF NECESSARY.</p>
SHORE POWER "A"	<p>1. CONNECT SHORE POWER CABLE #1, TO SUPPLY POWER TO 'A' SIDE OF A.C. POWER MAIN DISTRIBUTION PANEL</p> <p>2. TURN ON MAIN BREAKER ON SHORE POWER 'A' SIDE OF PANEL</p> <p>3. 'A' SIDE OF A.C. POWER MAIN DISTRIBUTION PANEL SHOULD NOW BE OPERABLE (NOTE: APPROX. 15 SECOND DELAY ON OPT. INV. MODELS)</p> <p>IF NO POWER TO 'A' SIDE OF PANEL CHECK THE FOLLOWING:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. BREAKER AT DOCKSIDE POWER SUPPLY BOX 2. BREAKER #1 INSIDE PORT COCKPIT SEAT LOCKER
SHORE POWER "B"	<p>1. CONNECT SHORE POWER CABLE #2, TO SUPPLY POWER TO 'B' SIDE OF A.C. POWER MAIN DISTRIBUTION PANEL</p> <p>2. TURN ON MAIN BREAKER ON SHORE POWER 'B' SIDE OF PANEL</p> <p>3. 'B' SIDE OF A.C. POWER MAIN DISTRIBUTION PANEL SHOULD NOW BE OPERABLE</p> <p>IF NO POWER TO 'B' SIDE OF PANEL CHECK THE FOLLOWING: NOTE: #2 SHORE POWER IS SUPPLIED WITH OPTIONAL AIR COND. EQUIPPED MODELS ONLY</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. BREAKER AT DOCKSIDE POWER SUPPLY BOX 2. BREAKER #2 INSIDE PORT COCKPIT SEAT LOCKER <p>THE OPT. AIR COND IS POWERED BY THE 'SHORE POWER B' CABLE OR THE OPT. GENERATOR. NOTE: IF ANY OTHER APPLIANCES ARE TO BE USED WITH AIR COND RUNNING WHEN ON SHORE POWER BOTH 'SHORE POWER A' AND 'SHORE POWER B' CABLES MUST BE HOOKED UP.</p>
OPTIONAL INVERTER WHEN IN INVERT MODE (CONVERTS 12V D.C. TO 110V A.C.)	<p>1. TURN THE HOUSE BATTERY SELECTOR SWITCH UNDER CHART TABLE TO THE 'ON' POSITION</p> <p>2. TURN THE INVERTER REMOTE SW. (LOCATED AT INB. END OF CHART SEAT) TO THE 'ON' POSITION</p> <p>3. TURN ON DESIRED BREAKER (EX. OUTLETS) ON 'A' SIDE OF A.C. MAIN DISTRIBUTION PANEL</p> <p>NOTE: IT TAKES 10D.C. AMPS TO CREATE 'A.C. AMP. IF THE BATTERY VOLTAGE DROPS BELOW 10.5V. THE INVERTER WILL AUTOMATICALLY SHUT DOWN. (SEE 'SEL. SW.' & 'METERS' ON PAGE 63A-7) ALSO THE OUTPUT OF THE INVERTER IS NOT CAPABLE OF POWERING THE WATER HEATER OR AIR COND. SYSTEM. THE WATER HEATER IS POWERED BY 'SHORE POWER A' CABLE OR OPT. GENERATOR.</p> <p>CAPABLE OF POWERING THE WATER HEATER OR AIR COND. SYSTEM. THE WATER HEATER IS POWERED BY 'SHORE POWER A' CABLE OR OPT. GENERATOR.</p> <p>TO POWER D.C. SIDE OF PANEL AND 'A' SIDE OF A.C. PANEL SIMULTANEOUSLY USING INVERTER:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. TURN ON D.C. MAIN BREAKER ON D.C. SIDE OF MAIN DISTRIBUTION PANEL 2. TURN THE SELECTOR SWITCH TO THE 'ON' POSITION 3. TURN INVERTER REMOTE SWITCH TO THE 'ON' POSITION <p>USED WHEN NO SHORE POWER OR GEN. POWER BEING USED.</p>
BUILT IN INVERTER- TRANSFER SWITCH.	<p>THIS PROCEDURE ALLOWS INVERTER TO SUPPLY 110V A.C. POWER TO 'A' SIDE OF A.C. PANEL BY DRAWING POWER FROM HOUSE BATTERY</p> <p>(THIS APPLIES WHEN THERE IS NO SHORE OR GENERATOR POWER BEING SUPPLIED TO PANEL)</p> <p>THE INVERTER AUTO. TRANSFERS SHORE POWER TO THE A.C. PANEL WHEN 'SHORE POWER A' CABLE CONNECTED AND DOCKSIDE POWER PRESENT AT A.C. PANEL BYPASSING THE INVERT MODE CAPABILITIES.</p>
OPTIONAL GENERATOR	<p>1. TURN (START) BATTERY SW. (LOCATED UNDER CHART TABLE) TO THE 'ON' POSITION</p> <p>2. CHECK SEA STRAINER AND OPEN RAW WATER SEACOCK. SEE PAGE 60 FOR LOCATION</p> <p>3. START GENERATOR (FOLLOW STARTING INSTRUCTIONS PROVIDED IN THE 'GENERATOR MANUAL')</p> <p>4. RAISE SLIDE BAR ON 'A' SIDE OF A.C. PANEL AND TURN GENERATOR BREAKER TO THE 'ON' POSITION</p> <p>5. TO POWER 'B' SIDE OF A.C. PANEL (TO USE AIR COND'S) RAISE SLIDE BAR ON 'B' SIDE OF A.C. PANEL AND TURN PARALLEL BREAKER TO THE 'ON' POSITION</p>

H386 BATTERY CHARGING SYSTEMS OPERATION PROCEDURES

STD. BATT. CHARGER	<p>1. CONNECT SHORE POWER CABLE #1 TO POWER 'A' SIDE OF A.C. POWER MAIN DISTRIBUTION PANEL AND TURN ON 'SHORE POWER A' MAIN BREAKER</p> <p>2. TURN 'BATTERY CHARGER' BREAKER (LOCATED ON 'A' SIDE OF A.C. PANEL) TO THE 'ON' POSITION</p> <p>NOTE: IT IS NOT NECESSARY TO TURN ON THE 'HOUSE' OR THE 'START' BATTERY SWITCHES TO PROVIDE CHARGING POWER TO THE HOUSE & START BATTERIES.</p>
ENGINE ALTERNATOR	<p>1. TURN (START) BATTERY SELECTOR SWITCH TO THE 'ON' POSITION</p> <p>2. CHECK SEA STRAINER & OPEN RAW WATER SEACOCK. SEE PAGE 60 FOR LOCATION</p> <p>3. START SHIP'S ENGINE (FOLLOW STARTING INSTRUCTIONS IN THE 'ENGINE MANUAL')</p> <p>4. TURN (HOUSE) BATTERY SWITCH TO THE 'ON' POSITION</p>
OPTIONAL INVERTER INVERTER HAS A BUILT IN AUTO. CHARGING SYSTEM	<p>1. CONNECT SHORE POWER CABLE #1 TO POWER 'A' SIDE OF A.C. POWER MAIN DISTRIBUTION PANEL AND TURN ON 'SHORE POWER A' MAIN BREAKER</p> <p>2. TURN INVERTER REMOTE SWITCH TO THE 'OFF' POSITION</p> <p>3. TURN HOUSE BATTERY ON/OFF SWITCH TO THE 'ON' POSITION</p> <p>NOTE: IT IS NOT NECESSARY TO TURN ON THE 'START' BATTERY SWITCH TO PROVIDE CHARGING POWER TO THE START BATTERY.</p> <p>NOTES: WHEN LEAVING BOAT UNATTENDED, BE SURE INVERTER REMOTE SWITCH IS IN THE 'OFF' POSITION. THIS WAY IF SHORE POWER IS LOST FOR ANY REASON, THIS WILL PREVENT THE INVERTER FROM CONVERTING 12V D.C. TO A.C. VOLTAGE CAUSING HOUSE BATTERY TO BE DRAINED. WHEN THE INVERTER REMOTE SWITCH IS IN THE 'OFF' POSITION THE INVERTER AUTOMATICALLY GOES INTO CHARGE MODE INVERTER CHARGE MODE WORKS ONLY WHEN THERE IS POWER TO THE 'A' SIDE OF THE A.C. PANEL</p>
OPT. GENERATOR	<p>1. TURN (START) BATTERY SWITCH TO THE 'ON' POSITION</p> <p>2. CHECK SEA STRAINER & OPEN RAW WATER SEACOCK SEE PAGE 60 FOR LOCATION</p> <p>3. START GENERATOR (FOLLOW STARTING INSTRUCTIONS IN THE 'GENERATOR MANUAL')</p> <p>4. ON STD. BATTERY CHARGER MODEL: TURN ON THE 'GENERATOR' MAIN BREAKER ON THE A.C. SIDE OF MAIN DISTRIBUTION PANEL</p> <p>TURN ON 'BATTERY CHARGER' BREAKER ON THE 'A' SIDE OF A.C. PANEL. IT IS NOT NECESSARY TO TURN ON THE HOUSE BATTERY SW.</p> <p>5. ON OPT. INVERTER MODEL: TURN THE INVERTER REMOTE SWITCH TO THE 'OFF' POSITION, AND THE HSE. BATTERY ON/OFF SWITCH TO THE 'ON' POSITION.</p>

(NOTE: OVERSEAS MODELS ARE 220V.A.C. INSTEAD OF 110V.A.C.)
SEE DISTRIBUTION PANEL FOLLOWING PAGE

(SHORE POWER 2 IS FOR OPT. A.C. BOATS ONLY)



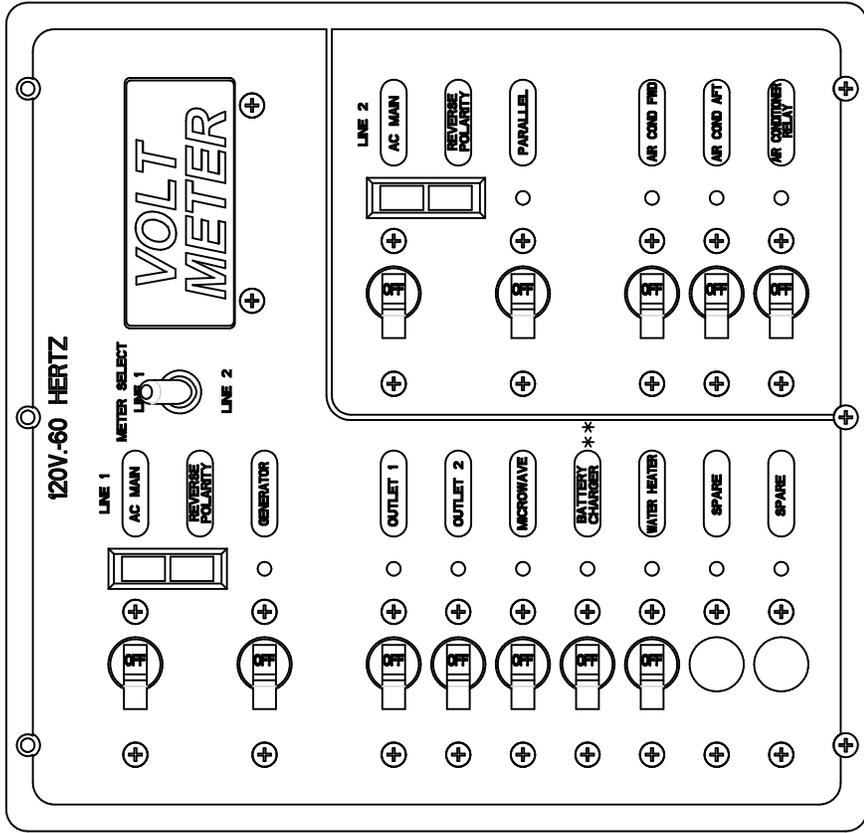
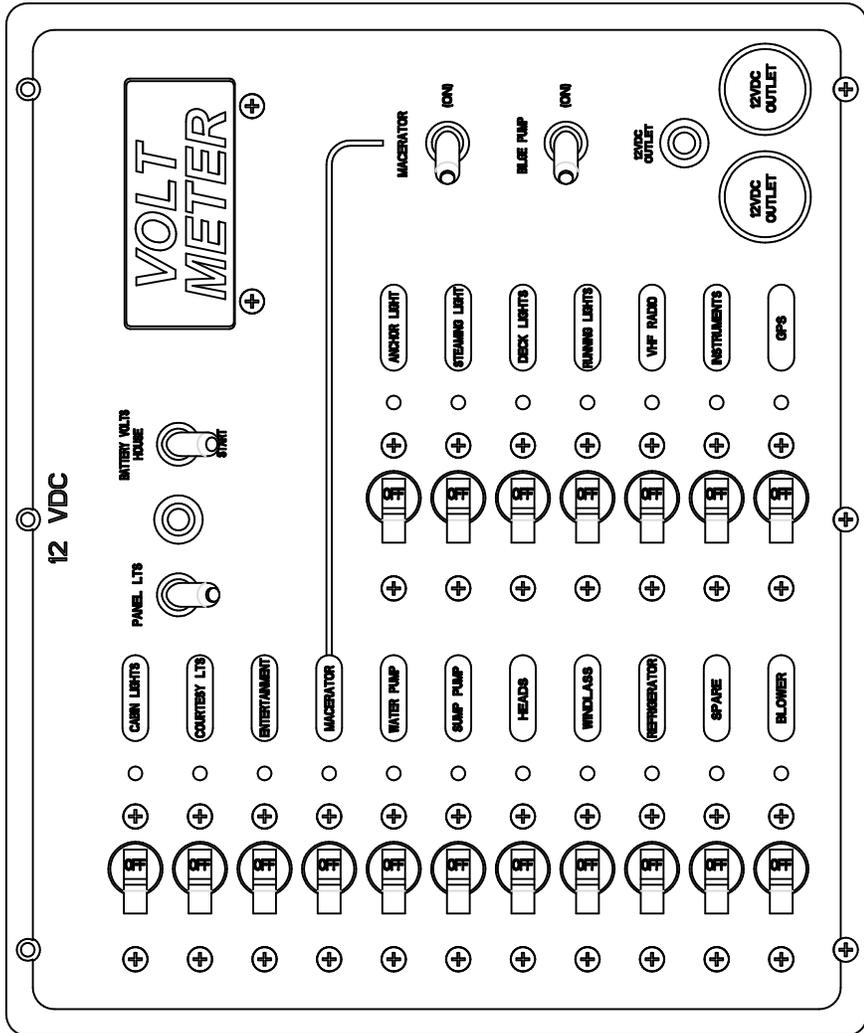
POWER SYSTEM OPERATION:

- ① SHORE POWER 'A' POWERS 'A' SIDE OF A.C. PANEL.
- ② SHORE POWER 'B' POWERS 'B' SIDE OF A.C. PANEL (OPTIONAL)
- ③ HOUSE BATTERY PROVIDES 12V.D.C. VOLTAGE TO D.C. SIDE OF DISTRIBUTION PANEL AND OPTIONAL INVERTER.
- ④ START BATTERY PROVIDES 12 V.D.C. POWER TO ENGINE & GEN. STARTERS. (NOTE: ISOLATOR PREVENTS OPT. INVERTER FROM DRAWING POWER FROM START BATTERY.
- ⑤ OPT. INVERTER CONVERTS 12 V.D.C. TO A.C. VOLTAGE AND POWERS 'A' SIDE OF A.C. PANEL ONLY. (WITH THE EXCEPTION OF THE WATER HEATER)
- ⑥ OPT. GENERATOR PROVIDES AC POWER TO BOTH 'A' & 'B' SIDES OF PANEL WHEN GENERATOR AND PARALLEL BREAKERS ARE IN THE "ON" POSITION WHILE GENERATOR RUNNING.

⊙ = BATTERY SELECTOR SWITCHES
 → = POWER FLOW DIRECTION
 - - - - - = 12 V.D.C.
 _____ = 110 V.A.C. (220 V.A.C. OVERSEAS MODELS)

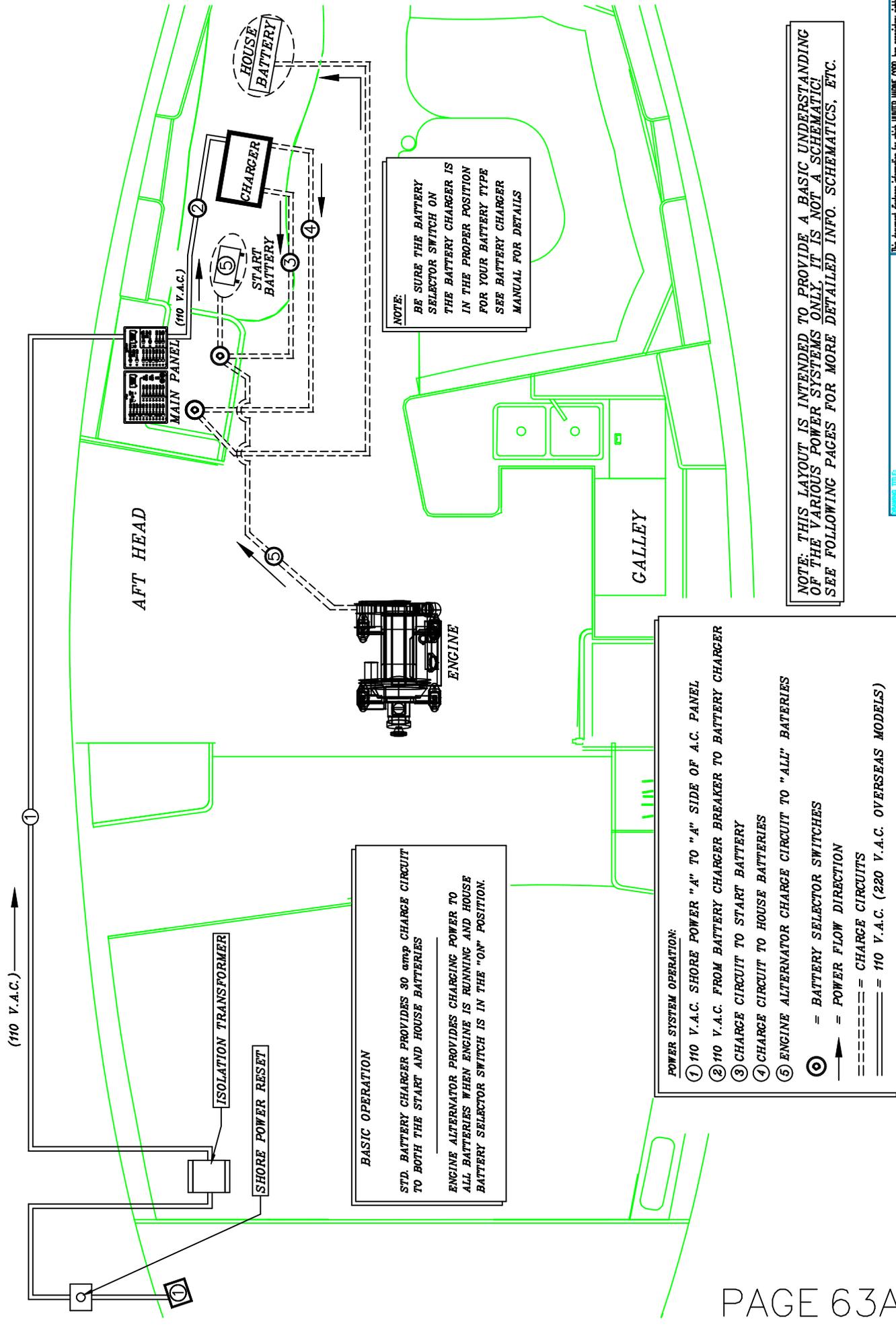
NOTE: THIS LAYOUT IS INTENDED TO PROVIDE A BASIC UNDERSTANDING OF THE VARIOUS POWER SYSTEMS ONLY. IT IS NOT A SCHEMATIC! SEE FOLLOWING PAGES FOR MORE DETAILED INFO. SCHEMATICS, ETC.





****IF THE BOAT IS EQUIPPED WITH AN INVERTER INSTEAD OF BATTERY CHARGER, THIS BREAKER BECOMES A SPARE. POSSIBLE CONFIGURATIONS FOR THE SPARES ON THIS PANEL MAY INCLUDE THE WASHER/DRYER, WATERMAKER, OR ICEMAKER OPTIONS.**

(NOTE: OVERSEAS MODELS ARE 220V.A.C. INSTEAD OF 110V.A.C.)



NOTE:
BE SURE THE BATTERY SELECTOR SWITCH ON THE BATTERY CHARGER IS IN THE PROPER POSITION FOR YOUR BATTERY TYPE. SEE BATTERY CHARGER MANUAL FOR DETAILS.

POWER SYSTEM OPERATION:

- ① 110 V.A.C. SHORE POWER "A" TO "A" SIDE OF A.C. PANEL
- ② 110 V.A.C. FROM BATTERY CHARGER BREAKER TO BATTERY CHARGER
- ③ CHARGE CIRCUIT TO START BATTERY
- ④ CHARGE CIRCUIT TO HOUSE BATTERIES
- ⑤ ENGINE ALTERNATOR CHARGE CIRCUIT TO "ALL" BATTERIES

⊙ = BATTERY SELECTOR SWITCHES
 → = POWER FLOW DIRECTION
 - - - - - = CHARGE CIRCUITS
 = = = = = 110 V.A.C. (220 V.A.C. OVERSEAS MODELS)

BASIC OPERATION

STD. BATTERY CHARGER PROVIDES 30 amp CHARGE CIRCUIT TO BOTH THE START AND HOUSE BATTERIES

ENGINE ALTERNATOR PROVIDES CHARGING POWER TO ALL BATTERIES WHEN ENGINE IS RUNNING AND HOUSE BATTERY SELECTOR SWITCH IS IN THE "ON" POSITION.

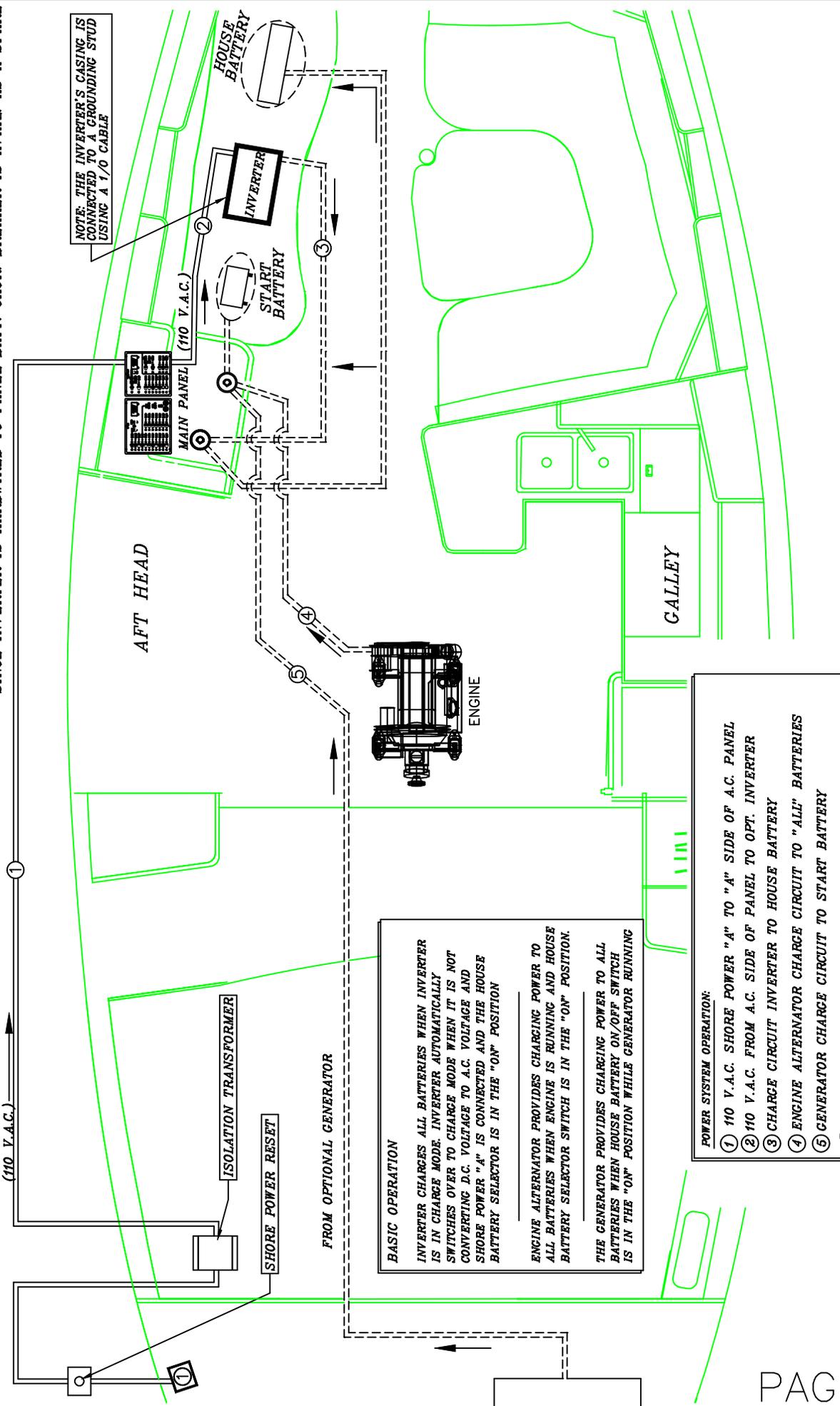
NOTE: THIS LAYOUT IS INTENDED TO PROVIDE A BASIC UNDERSTANDING OF THE VARIOUS POWER SYSTEMS ONLY. IT IS NOT A SCHEMATIC! SEE FOLLOWING PAGES FOR MORE DETAILED INFO. SCHEMATICS, ETC.

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366 CHARGING SYSTEM LAYOUT W/ STD. BATT. CHARGER	
DRAWING NO.	36808063A-5
REVISED	NONE
DATE	3/19/98
ENGINEERING DEPT.	

(NOTE: OVERSEAS MODELS ARE 220V. A.C. INSTEAD OF 110V. A.C.)
 SINCE INVERTER IS HARDWIRED TO PANEL BATT. CHGR. BREAKER IS AVAIL. AS A SPARE



NOTE: THE INVERTER'S CASING IS CONNECTED TO A GROUNDING STUD USING A 1/0 CABLE

AFT HEAD

MAIN PANEL (110 V.A.C.)

INVERTER

START BATTERY

HOUSE BATTERY

ENGINE

GALLEY

ISOLATION TRANSFORMER

SHORE POWER RESET

FROM OPTIONAL GENERATOR

BASIC OPERATION
 INVERTER CHARGES ALL BATTERIES WHEN INVERTER IS IN CHARGE MODE. INVERTER AUTOMATICALLY SWITCHES OVER TO CHARGE MODE WHEN IT IS NOT CONVERTING D.C. VOLTAGE TO A.C. VOLTAGE AND SHORE POWER "A" IS CONNECTED AND THE HOUSE BATTERY SELECTOR IS IN THE "ON" POSITION

ENGINE ALTERNATOR PROVIDES CHARGING POWER TO ALL BATTERIES WHEN ENGINE IS RUNNING AND HOUSE BATTERY SELECTOR SWITCH IS IN THE "ON" POSITION.

THE GENERATOR PROVIDES CHARGING POWER TO ALL BATTERIES WHEN HOUSE BATTERY ON/OFF SWITCH IS IN THE "ON" POSITION WHILE GENERATOR RUNNING

- POWER SYSTEM OPERATION:**
- ① 110 V.A.C. SHORE POWER "A" TO "A" SIDE OF A.C. PANEL
 - ② 110 V.A.C. FROM A.C. SIDE OF PANEL TO OPT. INVERTER
 - ③ CHARGE CIRCUIT INVERTER TO HOUSE BATTERY
 - ④ ENGINE ALTERNATOR CHARGE CIRCUIT TO "ALL" BATTERIES
 - ⑤ GENERATOR CHARGE CIRCUIT TO START BATTERY
- ⊙ = BATTERY SELECTOR SWITCHES
 - = POWER FLOW DIRECTION
 - = CHARGE CIRCUITS
 - ==== = 110 V.A.C. (220 V.A.C. OVERSEAS MODELS)

NOTE: THIS LAYOUT IS INTENDED TO PROVIDE A BASIC UNDERSTANDING OF THE VARIOUS POWER SYSTEMS ONLY. IT IS NOT A SCHEMATIC! SEE FOLLOWING PAGES FOR MORE DETAILED INFO. SCHEMATICS, ETC.

POWER FILE: This document describes information for which HUNTER MARINE CORP. has proprietary rights.

386 OPT. INVERTER/GENERATOR CHARGING SYSTEM LAYOUT

DESIGN NO.	3808063A-6	REVISED NO.	NONE
DATE	3/20/98	ENGINEERING DEPT.	

HUNTER

H386 12 V.D.C. DISTRIBUTION PANEL

BREAKER	DESCRIPTION
12 V. D.C. MAIN	SUPPLIES 12 V.D.C. POWER TO ALL BREAKERS ON D.C. SIDE OF PANEL. NOTE:DC MAIN LOCATED ON BAT. SW. PANEL.
PANEL LIGHTS SW/RESET	ILLUMINATES BOTH A.C. & D.C. SIDES OF THIS PANEL FOR NIGHT USE
CABIN LIGHTS	SUPPLIES POWER TO ALL OVERHEAD LIGHTS , INCLUDING THE MAP LIGHT
COURTESY	SUPPLIES POWER TO COCKPIT AND ENGINE BOX COURTESY LIGHTS
TANK MONITOR RESET	SUPPLIES POWER TO TANK SELECTOR SWITCH. PRESS UP OR DOWN BUTTON FOR DESIRED TANK, THEN VIEW TANK LEVEL ON LEVEL GAUGE.
WATER PUMP	SUPPLIES POWER TO FRESH WATER PUMP TO PRESSURIZE WATER SYSTEM.
SHOWER SUMP	SUPPLIES POWER TO SHOWER SUMP .SWITCH AT VANITY ACTIVATES PUMP. (SEE PAGE 59 FOR SUMP LOCATION)
MACERATOR	SUPPLIES POWER TO MACERATOR (LOCATED INSIDE PT AFT SWIM LOCKER), NOTE: THESE DEVICES ARE USED FOR DIRECT OVERBOARD DISCHARGE OF RAW SEWAGE, BE AWARE OF YOUR LOCAL BOATING REG. BEFORE USING.
ENTERTAINMENT	SUPPLIES POWER TO STEREO UNIT
REFRIGERATOR	SUPPLIES POWER TO REF. COMPRESSOR, ADJUST THERMOSTATS INSIDE FRIDGE/FREEZER TO DESIRED TEMP.
L. P. PANEL RESET	SUPPLIES POWER TO L.P. GAS SWITCH AT GALLEY.
WINDLASS	SUPPLIES POWER TO UP/DOWN CONTROLS AT ANCHOR WELL. NOTE:THE WINDLASS DRAWS IT'S POWER FROM THE HOUSE BATTERY, IT IS GOOD PRACTICE TO START THE SHIPS ENGINE PRIOR TO OPERATING WINDLASS TO PREVENT BATTERY DRAIN. (IF NO POWER CHECK RESET ON REMOTE PANEL)
INSTRUMENTS	SUPPLIES POWER TO DEPTH, & SPEED REPEATERS LOCATED ON HELM CONSOLE.
G.P.S.	THIS BREAKER PROVIDED FOR AN OPTIONAL GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM.
VHF	SUPPLIES POWER TO THE VHF RADIO
AUTOPILOT	THIS BREAKER PROVIDED FOR AN OPTIONAL AUTOPILOT SYSTEM.
BILGE PUMP	TOGGLE SWITCH. FOR MANUAL USE, PUSH SWITCH TO "MANUAL" ILLUMINATED L.E.D. INDICATES POWER TO PUMP AND PUMP SHOULD BE RUNNING. PRIOR TO LEAVING VESSEL "MANUALLY" TEST PUMP AND CHECK BATTERY LEVEL. SEE BATTERY SELECT SWITCH BELOW.
ANCHOR LIGHT	SUPPLIES POWER TO 360 DEGREE LIGHT AT TOP OF MAST, USE WHEN ANCHORED AT NIGHT.
STEAMING LIGHT	SUPPLIES POWER TO STEAMING LIGHT LOCATED ON FWD. SIDE OF MAST APPROXIMATELY AT THE HEIGHT OF THE LOWER SPREADERS. USE AT NIGHT (WITH RUNNING LIGHTS) WHEN VESSEL UNDERWAY BY ENGINE POWER.
DECK LIGHT	SUPPLIES POWER TO DECK LIGHT. PROVIDES LIGHT TO DECK BELOW.
RUNNING LIGHTS	SUPPLIES POWER TO THE BOW, STERN , & COMPASS LIGHT. USE AT NIGHT UNDER SAIL AND/OR ENGINE POWER.
BATTERY VOLTS	USE TO REVIEW STATUS OF EA. BATTERY FLIP SWITCH TO UP FOR HOUSE BATTERY DOWN FOR START BATTERY.
METERS	D.C. VOLTS DISPLAYS AVAILABLE VOLTAGE FROM SELECTED BATTERY
12V OUTLET	THIS POWER PLUG PROVIDED FOR CELLPHONE, LAPTOP COMPUTER, ETC.
YELLOW L.E.D.'S	L.E.D.'S ILLUMINATE WHEN 12 V.D.C. POWER PRESENT.
NOTES:	IF THE OPTIONAL AUTOPILOT WAS INSTALLED AT THE FACTORY, THE "INSTRUMENTS" POWER LEADS ARE WIRED TO THE AUTOPILOT COMPUTER. (THIS APPLIES TO THE OPTIONAL G.P.S. AS WELL) THIS ALLOWS THESE UNITS TO WORK SIMULTANEOUSLY OFF THE AUTOPILOT BREAKER. THE BREAKER/S IN MENTION ARE NOW SPARE/S*. SEE PAGE 64A-1 FOR BREAKER AMPERAGES. SEE NOTATION BELOW.

120V.A.C. (230 OVERSEAS MODELS) DISTRIBUTION PANEL

BREAKERS

DESCRIPTION

"A" SIDE OF A.C. PANEL

BUS "A" BREAKER	PROVIDES A.C. VOLTAGE TO THIS SIDE OF PANEL WHEN SHORE POWER CORD "A" IS CONNECTED TO OUTLET AT DOCKSIDE POWER SUPPLY.
GENERATOR	SUPPLIES POWER FROM GENERATOR TO BOTH SHORE POWER "A" AND SHORE POWER "B" (AIR COND.) SIDES OF PANEL. NOTE: TO PROVIDE POWER TO SHORE POWER "B" SIDE OF PANEL MOVE SLIDE BAR UP AND TURN ON THE PARALLEL BREAKER ON THE SHORE POWER "B" SIDE OF PANEL.
OUTLETS 1	PROVIDES A.C. POWER TO THE OUTLETS ON THE PORT SIDE OF BOAT.
OUTLETS 2	PROVIDES A.C. POWER TO THE OUTLETS ON THE STBD. SIDE OF BOAT.
MICROWAVE	SUPPLIES POWER TO OUTLET BEHIND MICRO. IN WHICH MICROWAVE IS PLUGGED INTO.
WATER HEATER	SUPPLIES POWER TO WATER HEATER. BE SURE TANK IS FULL AND SYSTEM IS FREE FROM AIR BEFORE APPLYING POWER TO HEATER TO PREVENT ELEMENT BURNOUT. NOTE DO NOT TRY TO POWER WATER HEATER OFF OF THE OPTIONAL INVERTER, IT IS NOT CAPABLE OF SUPPLYING ENOUGH POWER TO POWER UNIT.
BATT. CHARGER	PROVIDES POWER TO BATTERY CHARGER WHICH IN TURN PROVIDES CHARGING POWER TO BATTERIES. NOTE: IF OPTIONAL INVERTER CHOSEN THIS BREAKER IS NOT UTILIZED AND IS AVAILABLE AS A "SPARE" BREAKER. *SEE BELOW

"B" SIDE OF PANEL

BUS "B" BREAKER	PROVIDES A.C. VOLTAGE TO THIS SIDE OF PANEL WHEN SHORE POWER CORD "B" IS CONNECTED TO OUTLET AT DOCKSIDE POWER SUPPLY.
PARALLEL	PROVIDES POWER FROM GENERATOR TO THIS SIDE OF PANEL. (MOVE SLIDE BAR UP TO TURN BREAKER ON.)
FWD/AFT AIR COND.	PROVIDES POWER TO EITHER FWD OR AFT AIR COND. UNIT (SEE "MARINE AIR MANUAL" FOR OPER. INSTRUCTIONS).
AIR COND RELAY	PROVIDES POWER TO RAW WATER CIRCULATION PUMP USED TO AIR COND. COMPRESSORS UNITS. THIS BREAKER MUST BE ON WHEN OPERATING AIR COND. UNIT/S. NOTE DO NOT TRY TO POWER A.C. UNITS OFF OF THE OPTIONAL INVERTER. IT IS NOT CAPABLE OF SUPPLYING ENOUGH POWER TO POWER UNIT/S.

MISC. INFO

RED L.E.D.'S	ILLUMINATE WHEN A.C. POWER PRESENT.
METER SEL. SWITCH	ALLOWS VOLTAGE BEING SUPPLIED TO BE DISPLAYED ON VOLT METERS. SWITCH POSITION "A" = "A" SIDE OF PANEL. SWITCH POSITION "B" = "B" SIDE OF PANEL.
REV. POLARITY	IF REVERSED POLARITY L.E.D.'S ILLUMINATES AFTER CONNECTING SHORE POWER, HAVE DOCKSIDE POWER CHECKED BY QUALIFIED PERSONELL.
NOTE:	SEE PAGE 63A-13 & 14 FOR BREAKER AMPERAGES

NOTE: A PRUDENT MARINER REALIZES THAT THE RESOURCES TO POWER A VESSEL ARE LIMITED. WHEN USING THE INVERTER OR GENERATOR ONE SHOULD BE CONSERVATIVE AND AWARE OF THE AMOUNT OF POWER BEING SUPPLIED VERSES POWER BEING DRAWN. THIS IS ESPECIALLY IMPORTANT WHEN USING OPTIONAL INVERTER POWER. CONSULT THE "INVERTER MANUAL" FOR POWER OUTPUT CAPABILITIES.

12V.D.C. SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

TO POWER D.C. PANEL:		
THIS IS TO POWER PANEL FOR CHARGING, SEE PAGE 63A-2	TURN ON "D.C. MAIN" BREAKER ON ON BATTERY SWITCH PANEL IF NO POWER TO PANEL: CHECK THE 300 a. IN LINE FUSES AT THE HOUSE BATT OR BATT. CONNECTIONS IF NECESSARY.	
COMPONENT	SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE SOLUTIONS
PANEL LIGHTS	PANEL WON'T ILLUMINATE	SEE "TO POWER DC PANEL" ABOVE BATTERY TERMINALS CLEAN? SEEK QUALIFIED PERSONNEL
CABIN LIGHTS	WON'T ILLUMINATE	SEE "TO POWER PANEL" ABOVE BULB/S NEED REPLACING?
COURTESY LIGHTS	WON'T ILLUMINATE	SEE "TO POWER PANEL" ABOVE BULBS/S NEED REPLACING?
TANK INDICATOR	TANK LEVEL GAUGES DON'T ILLUMINATE TANK LEVEL DISPLAYED IS INCORRECT	SEE "TO POWER PANEL" ABOVE NEED TO PRESS @ALIBRATE BUTTOM WHEN TANKS ARE EMPTY AND FULL.
WATER PRESSURE	NO POWER CYCLES ON/OFF EXCESSIVELY	SEE "TO POWER PANEL" ABOVE FAUCETS OFF? LEAK IN SYSTEM SEE PAGEC 57C-H FOR CONNECTION LOC.
SHOWER SUMP	NO POWER PUMP RUNS BUT DOESN'T PUMP	SEE "TO POWER PANEL" ABOVE CHECK SWITCH AT VANITY DISCHARGE HOSE CLOGGED? SEACOCK DISCHARGE VALVE CLOSED?
MACERATOR	RUNS BUT DOESN'T DISCHARGE PUMP MAKES NOISE, DOESN'T PUMP	IS DISCHARGE SEACOCK OPEN? IS WASTE DECK FITTING SECURE, IS IT PULLING AIR THRU? IF SO REPLACE O- RING ON CAP. IS TANK VENT (HULL FITTING) CLOGGED? SEE PAGE 60 FOR LOCATIONS LODGED DEBRIS, TURN OFF POWER TO PUMP, INSERT SCREWDRIVER INTO PUMP ARMATURE AT END OF PUMP AND TURN TO DISLodge DEBRIS
STEREO	WON'T TURN ON	SEE "TO POWER PANEL" ABOVE IS STEREO UNIT ON? CHECK FUSE IN BACK OF STEREO
TV/ DVD	WON'T TURN ON TV TURNS ON, NO SOUND	SEE "TO POWER PANEL" ABOVE ARE TV /DVD UNITS ON? ARE VOLUME CONTROLS TURNED DOWN?
REFRIGERATION	WON'T GET COLD	SEE "TO POWER PANEL" ABOVE. THERMOSTATS TURNED ON? SEEK QUALIFIED PERSONEL
NOTE: COMPONENT/S FAILURE COULD ALSO BE THE RESULT OF A POOR "GROUND" CONNECTION. SEE PAGE 64A-2 FOR GROUND SYSTEM LAYOUT AND GROUND STUD/BUSSBAR LOCATIONS. DUE TO VIBRATION, WEATHER CONDITIONS, ECT. OCCASIONAL INSPECTION, CLEANING AND TIGHTENING OF THESE TERMINALS (BY QUALIFIED PERSONEL) MAY BE NECESSARY.		

12V. D.C. SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE CONT:

COMPONENT	SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE SOLUTION/S
WINDLASS	UP/DOWN CONTROLS DON'T OPERATE WINDLASS	SEE "TO POWER PANEL" PREV. PAGE WINDLASS SWITCH AT WINDLASS RESET PANEL ON? IS RESET TRIPPED?
INSTRUMENTS	REPEATERS DON'T OPERATE	SEE "TO POWER PANEL" PREV. PAGE DO TRANSDUCERS NEED CLEANING? SEE INSTRUMENTS MANUAL
VHF RADIO	WON'T OPERATE TURNS ON, WON'T TRANSMIT/RECEIVE	SEE "TO POWER PANEL" PREV. PAGE RADIO TURNED ON? ANTENNA CONNECTED PROPERLY?
OPTIONAL AUTO PILOT	WON'T OPERATE WON'T HOLD STEADY COURSE CONSTANTLY ADJUSTING HELM	SEE "TO POWER PANEL" PREV. PAGE IS THERE ANY METAL OBJECTS NEAR THE FLUX GATE COMPASS LOCATED IN THE STBD. AFT MAIN BUNK COMP? SENSITIVITY SETTING SET TO HIGH, SEE "AUTO PILOT MANUAL" FOR SENS. ADJ.
BILGE PUMP	WON'T OPERATE AUTO OR MANUAL PUMP MAKES NOISE, DOESN'T PUMP PUMP RUNS BUT DOESN'T DISCHARGE	BATTERY LEVEL O.K.? SEE VOLT METER CHECK BILGE RESET ON BATT. SEL. SWITCH PANEL UNDER CHART TABLE. BATTERY CONNECTIONS GOOD? DEBRIS IN PUMP IMPELLER? DISCHARGE HOSE CLOGGED?
ANCHOR, STEAMING, DECK, & RUNNING LIGHTS	WON'T ILLUMINATE	SEE "TO POWER PANEL" PREV. PAGE CHECK CONNECTIONS IN ACCESS PANEL TOP OF COMPRESSION POST. BULBS NEED REPLACING?
12 V.D.C.AUX. PLUG	NO POWER PRESENT	CHECK RESET ON PANEL
VOLT METER	NO VOLTAGE DISPLAYED	SEE "TO POWER PANEL" PREV. PAGE ARE BATTERY CONNECTIONS GOOD? HAVE BATTERIES CHECKED CHECK RESET ON BATT. SW. PANEL AND DC MAIN PANEL. HAVE METER CHECKED BY QUALIFIED PERSONEL.

120V.A.C. (230V. OVERSEAS MODELS) SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

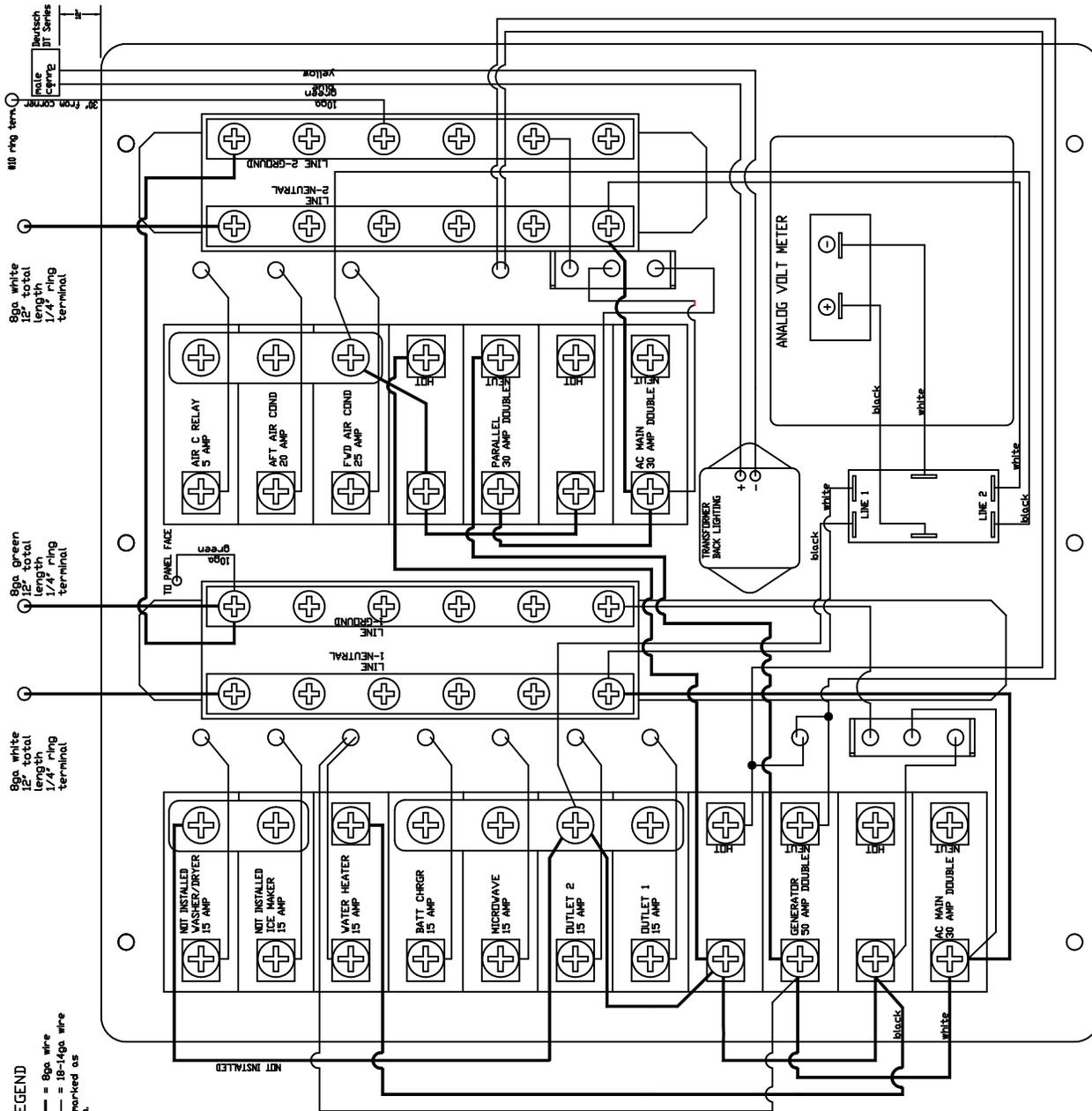
COMPONENT	SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE SOLUTION/S
SHORE POWER "A"	NO POWER TO PANEL	SEE "POWER SYSTEM OPERATIONS" PAGE 63A-2 CHECK DOCKSIDE BREAKER AND/OR BREAKER #1 LOCATED INSIDE PT. COCKPIT LOCKER. CHECK "RESETS" ON (OPT.) INVERTER (SEE "INVERTER MAN.")
OUTLETS #1 & 2	NO POWER	SEE "POWER SYSTEM OPERATIONS" PAGE 63A-2 IS OUTLET BREAKER/S ON? CHECK RESET ON G.F.I. OUTLETS AT GALLEY & AT NAV. STATION. CHECK RESETS ON (OPT.) INVERTER (SEE "INVERTER MAN.")
MICROWAVE	NO POWER	IS BREAKER ON? SEE "POWER SYSTEM OPERATIONS" PAGE 63A-2 IS MICROWAVE ON? SEE "MICRO MANUAL"
WATER HEATER	NO POWER WON'T HEAT WATER WATER TOO COLD/HOT	IS BREAKER ON? SEE "POWER SYSTEM OPERATIONS" PAGE 63A-2 CHECK "RESET" ON HEATER SEE "WATER HEATER MANUAL" FOR LOCATION. SEE "WATER HEATER MANUAL" FOR THERMOSTAT ADJUSTMENT AND/OR ELEMENT REPLACEMENT, SEEK QUALIFIED PERSONEL.
BATTERY CHARGER (STANDARD)	NOT CHARGING BATTERY/S	IS SHORE POWER "A" ON IS BATT. CHARGER BREAKER ON? IS RESET TRIPPED ON HOUSE BATTERY SEL. SW. PANEL. CHECK FUSES BEHIND HOUSE BATTERY SEL. SW. PANEL. ARE BATTERY CONNECTIONS GOOD?
INVERTER/BATT. CHARGER (OPTIONAL)	INV. NOT SUPPLYING A.C.POWER INV. ON BUT UNABLE TO OPERATE DESIRED APPLIANCE/S	CHECK RESETS ON INVERTER. IS DESIRED APPLIANCE BREAKER ON? IS BATTERY VOLTAGE LOW? SEE VOLTAGE DISPLAY ON INVERTER REMOTE PANEL. ARE YOU ASKING THE INVERTER TO POWER MORE THAN IT IS CAPABLE? SEE "INVERTER MANUAL" FOR INFORMATION REGARDING POWER OUTPUT CAPABILITIES. CHECK "RESETS ON (OPT.) INVERTER (SEE "INVERTER MAN.")
INVERTER/BATT. CHARGER (OPTIONAL)	NOT CHARGING BATTERY/S	IS SHORE POWER "A".ON? SEE "POWER SYSTEM OPERATIONS" PAGE 63A-2 IS BATTERY SELECTOR SWITCH IN THE "ON" POSITION? CHECK IN-LINE 300amp FUSE AT BATTERY ARE BATTERY CONNECTIONS GOOD? IS THE CHARGE BUTTON LIT ON INVERTER REMOTE PANEL?

120V.A.C. (230V. OVERSEAS MODELS) SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

CONT:

COMPONENT	SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE SOLUTIONS
SHORE POWER "B"	NO POWER TO PANEL	SEE "POWER SYSTEMS OPERATION PAGE 63A-2" CHECK DOCKSIDE BREAKER AND/OR BREAKER #2 INSIDE PT. GULLWING LOCKER.
AIR COND.	<p>WON'T TURN ON</p> <p>URNS ON THEN SHUTS DOWN</p> <p>OTHER</p>	<p>ARE APPROPRIATE BREAKER ON?</p> <p>SEE "POWER SYSTEMS OPERATION" PAGE 63A-2</p> <p>SEE " AIR CONDITIONER" MANUAL</p> <p>IS AIR COND. RAW WATER PICK UP SEACOCK OPEN? IF SO, IS WATER CIRCULATING? SEE PAGE 60 FOR AIR COND. DISCHARGE THRUHULL LOCATION, IF NOT IS AIR COND. PICKUP BEING RESTRICTED BY DEBRIS? IS DISCHARGE SEACOCK OPEN? SEE "AIR CONDITIONER" MANUAL</p>
OPTIONAL GENERATOR (APPLIES TO BOTH "A" & "B" SIDES OF A.C. PANEL)		
GENERATOR	<p>NO POWER TO STARTER RUNNING, BUT NO POWER AT PANEL.</p> <p>WON'T START</p> <p>GEN. STARTS THEN SHUTS DOWN</p>	<p>IS START BATT. SELECTOR SWITCH ON?</p> <p>IS "GENERATOR BREAKER" ON "A" SIDE OF PANEL ON? (MOVE SLIDE BAR UP TO TURN THIS BREAKER ON). IS "PARALLEL BREAKER" ON "B" SIDE OF PANEL ON?</p> <p>SEE GENERATOR MANUAL</p> <p>DID YOU FOLLOW PROPER STARTING PROCEDURE AS DESCRIBED IN THE "GENERATOR MANUAL"?</p> <p>DO YOU HAVE AN AMPLE AMOUNT OF DIESEL FUEL? REMEMBER THE GENERATOR FUEL PICKUP TUBE IS SHORTER THAN THE PICKUP TUBE FOR THE ENGINE, THIS PREVENTS GENERATOR FROM DRAINING TANK SINCE ENGINE POWER IS MORE IMPORTANT THAN GENERATOR POWER.</p> <p>REFER TO GENERATOR MANUAL FOR POSSIBLE FUSE OR RESET ON GENERATOR.</p> <p>IS RAW WATER PICKUP SEACOCK OPEN, OR OBSTRUCTED?</p>

LEGEND
 8ga white = 8ga wire
 12" total = 18-14ga wire shown.
 10ga marked as shown.



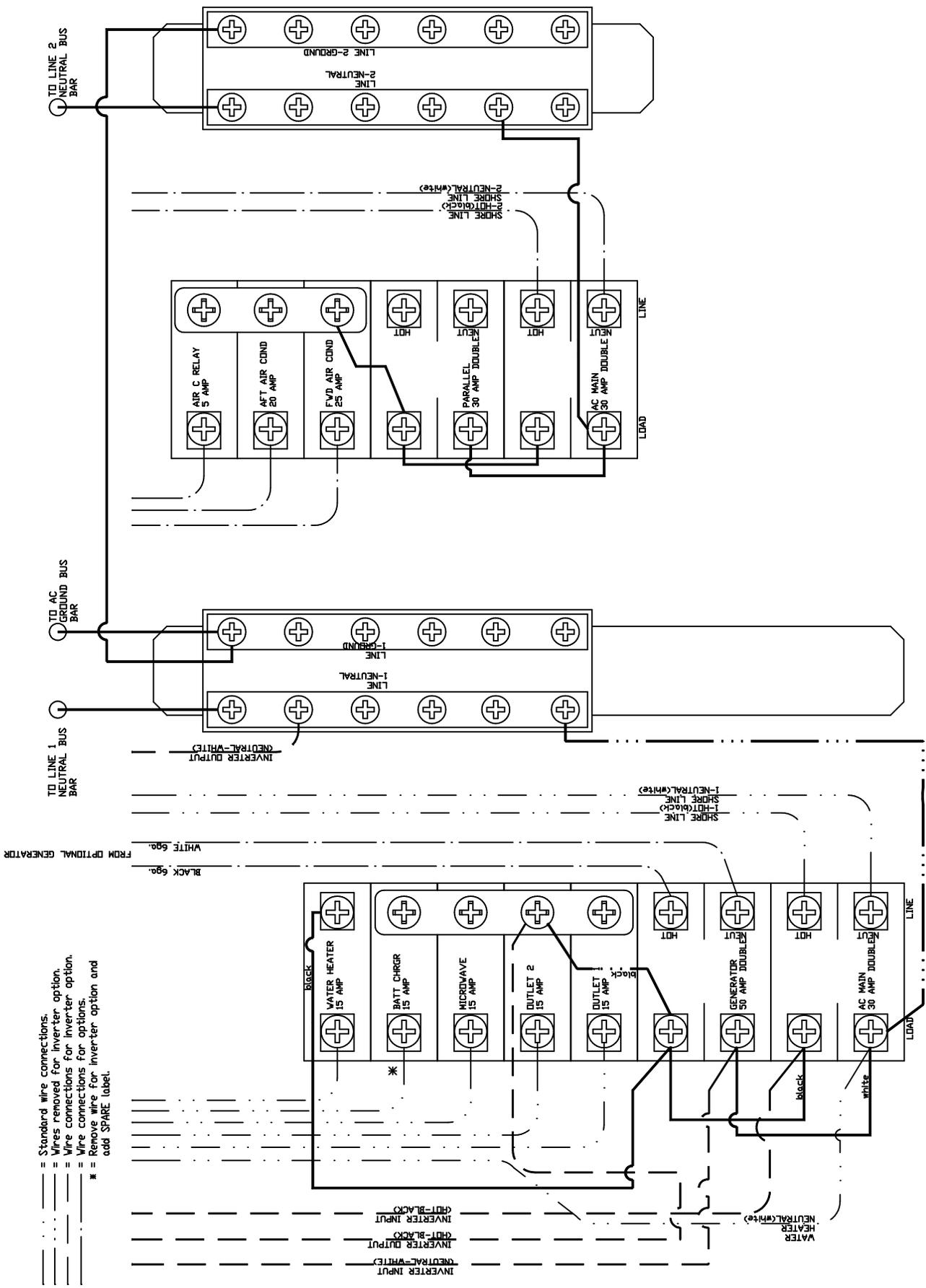
NOTE: ALL INDICATOR LIGHTS NEUTRAL WIRES CONNECTS TO EITHER LINE 1 OR LINE 2 NEUTRAL BUS UNLESS SPECIFIED.

BREAKER LIST FOR 120V PANEL -

- AC MAIN - 30 AMP
- GENERATOR - 50 AMP
- OUTLETS - 15 AMP
- MICROWAVE - 15 AMP
- BATTERY CHARGER - 15 AMP
- WATER HEATER - 15 AMP
- FWD AIR COND. - 25 AMP
- AFT AIR COND. - 20 AMP
- AIR COND. RELAY - 5 AMP

BREAKER LIST FOR 240V PANEL -

- AC MAIN - 15 AMP
- GENERATOR - 30 AMP
- OUTLETS - 10 AMP
- MICROWAVE - 10 AMP
- BATTERY CHARGER - 10 AMP
- WATER HEATER - 10 AMP
- FWD AIR COND. - 15 AMP
- AFT AIR COND. - 10 AMP
- AIR COND. RELAY - 5 AMP



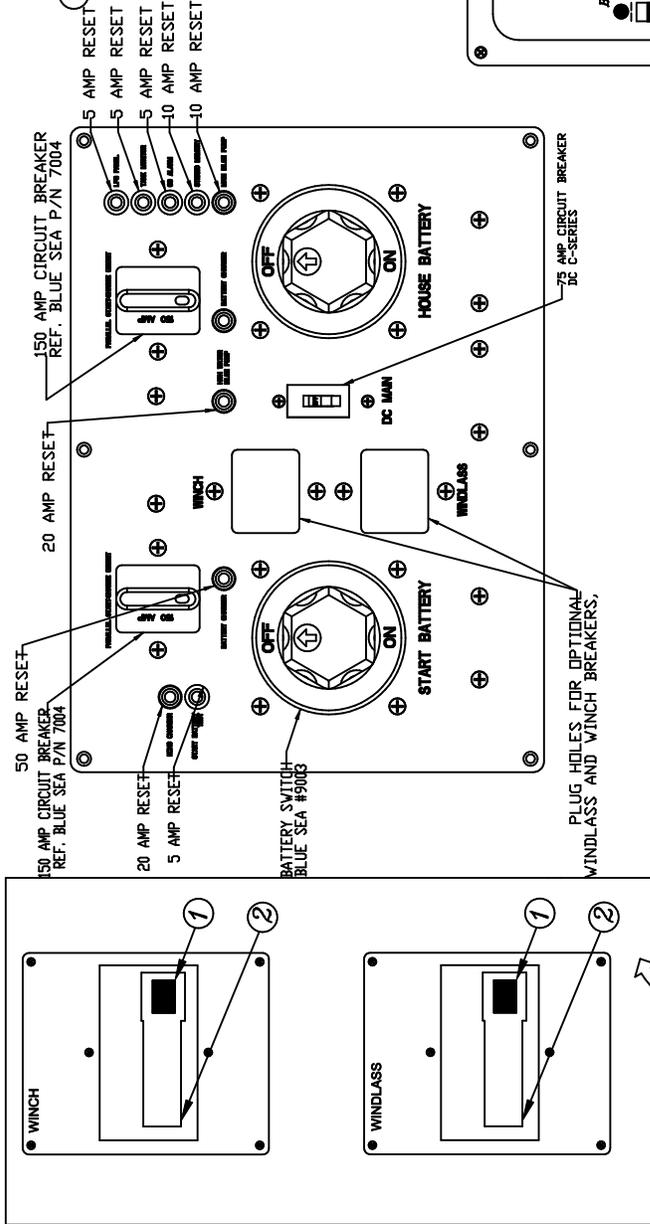
- = Standard wire connections.
- - - = Wires removed for inverter option.
- · · = Wire connections for inverter option.
- · · = Wire connections for inverter option.
- * = Remove wire for inverter option and add SPARE label.



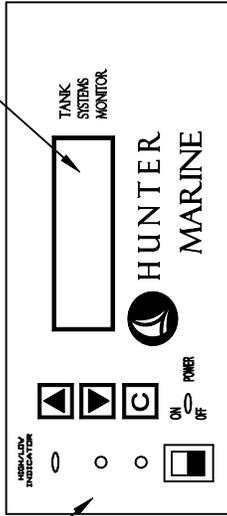
386 STANDARD A.C. PANEL SCHEMATIC	
REVISED BY 3808063A-14	REVISION NO. NONE
DATE 7/22/97	ENGINEERING DEPT.

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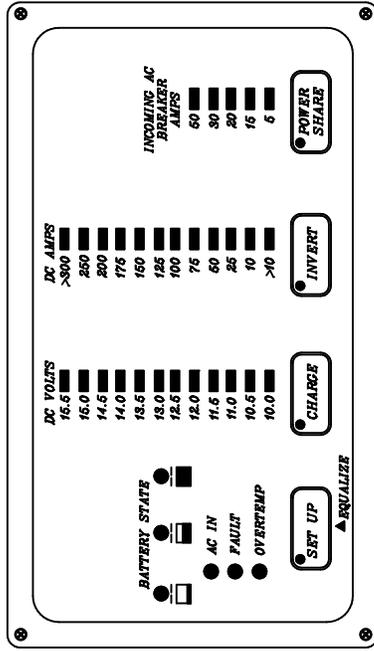
BATTERY ON/OFF SAFETY SWITCH PANEL



1. TANK SELECTOR SWITCHES
2. TANK SELECTION DISPLAYS



INVERTER STATUS DISPLAY
SEE PAGE 63A-2 "INVERTER" FOR OPERATION DETAILS.



ALL PANELS LOCATED AT NAV STATION
SEE INDIVIDUAL COMPONENT MANUALS
FOR DETAILS

1. (TEST) ON/OFF BUTTON, PUSH TO TRIP RESET
2. "RESET" PUSH UP TO RESTORE POWER.

NOTE: WINDLASS PANEL SUPPLIES POWER TO THE WINDLASS MOTOR. THE "WINDLASS BREAKER" ON THE DC MAIN DISTRIBUTION PANEL, SUPPLIES POWER TO THE UP/DOWN CONTROLS IN THE ANCHORWELL LOCKER.

THE HALYARD WINCH PANEL SUPPLIES POWER TO THE SWITCH, (LOCATED ON STBD SIDE BLKHD OF COMPANIONWAY OPENING) WHICH SUPPLIES POWER TO THE WINCH.

WINDLASS IS OPTIONAL ELECTRIC HALYARD IS STD. (EXCEPT ON FURLING MASTS)

For Component location information for each HUNTER MARINE GROUP, see proprietary charts.

HUNTER MARINE

H3886 SELECTOR SWITCH PANELS

REVISED DATE	3808063A-15	REVISION NO.	NONE
ENGINEERING DEPT.		DATE	1/20/00

H380 WATTAGE DEMAND FOR ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND APPLIANCES

NOTE: A PRUDENT MARINER REALIZES THAT THE RESOURCES TO POWER A VESSEL ARE LIMITED. WHEN USING THE ALTERNATE POWER SOURCES ONE SHOULD BE CONSERVATIVE AND AWARE OF THE AMOUNT OF POWER BEING SUPPLIED VERSES POWER BEING DRAWN THIS IS ESPECIALLY IMPORTANT WHEN USING THE INVERTER POWER. CONSULT THE "INVERTER MANUAL" FOR POWER OUTPUT CAPABILITIES.

FIXED APPLIANCES:

SEE MANUALS AND/OR SPECIFICATION SHEETS IN YOUR OWNER'S PACK

PORTABLE APPLIANCES:

BELOW ARE APPROXIMATE EXAMPLES OF THE AMPERAGE DRAW ASSOCIATED WITH CERTAIN ITEMS.

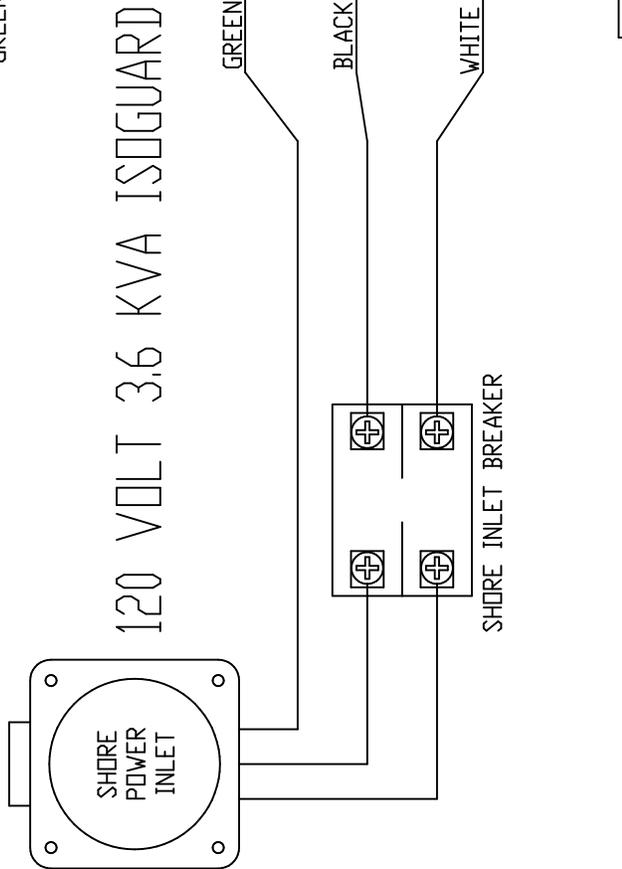
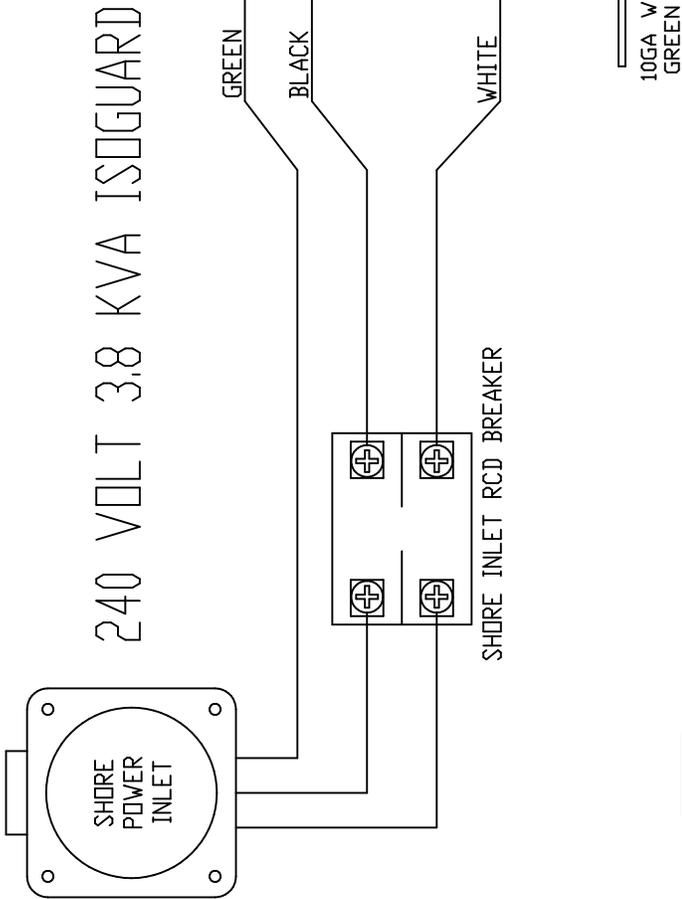
APPLIANCES: / WATTS:

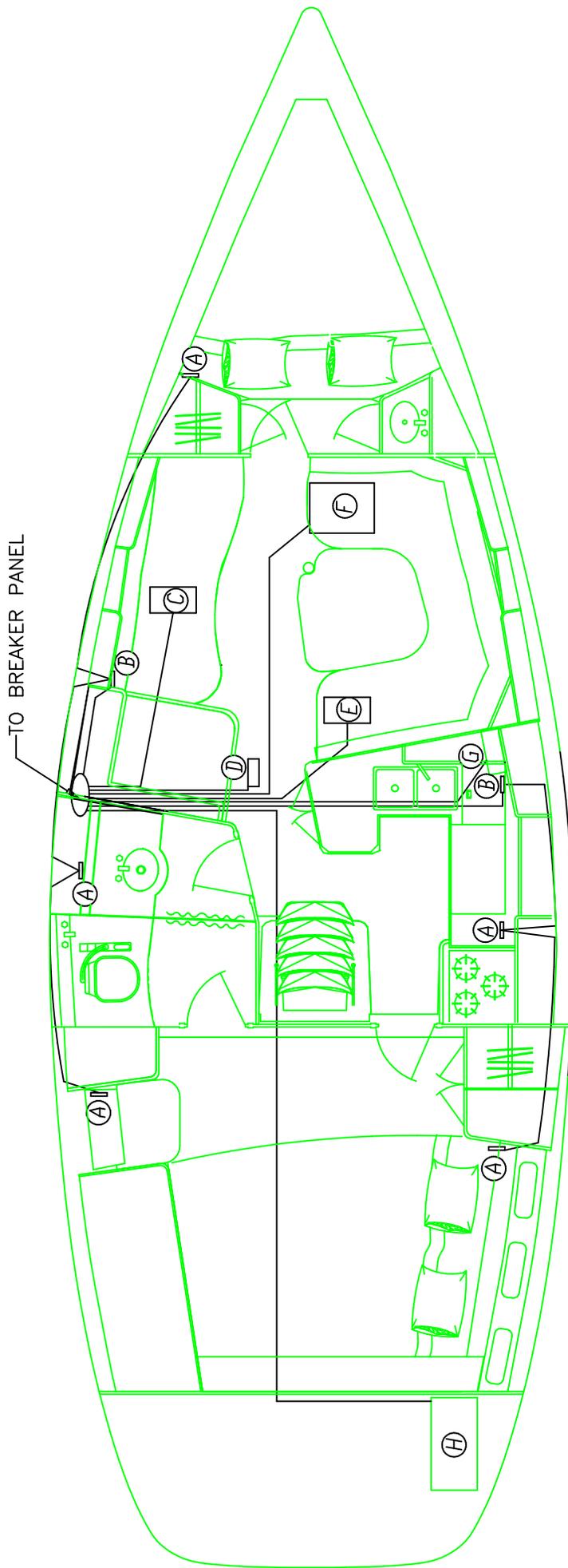
COFFEE MAKER.....	800 - 1,000 WATTS
FRYING PAN.....	1,000 - 2,500 WATTS
TOASTER.....	800 - 1,000 WATTS
FAN.....	75 - 300 WATTS
RADIO.....	60 - 150 WATTS
TV.....	250 - 600 WATTS
HOT PLATE.....	800 - 1,200 WATTS
HAIR DRYER.....	700 - 1,100 WATTS
SHAVER.....	50 - 100 WATTS
CLOCK.....	25 - 50 WATTS
BLENDER.....	250 - 350 WATTS
TOASTER OVEN.....	1,250 - 1,700 WATTS

ALTERNATE POWER SOURCES: / PROVIDED WATTS:

SMALLER MODEL INVERTER.....	1,000 WATTS
LARGER MODEL INVERTER.....	2,000 WATTS (THIS MODEL ON YOUR BOAT)
SMALLER MODEL GENERATOR.....	5,500 WATTS
LARGER MODEL GENERATOR.....	8,000 WATTS
SHORE POWER (PER INLET).....	3,500 WATTS

EXAMPLE: TV (250-600)+ TOASTER (800-1,000)+ HAIR DRYER (700-1,100) = TOTAL (1,750-2,700)
THUS, IF THE WATTS BEING USED EXCEEDS THE WATTS BEING PRODUCED, THEN SOME OF THE ITEMS IN USE WILL NOT BE FUNCTIONAL. AGAIN, IT IS IMPORTANT TO BE AWARE OF THE AMPERAGE DRAW VERSUS THE AMPERAGE OUTPUT AT ALL TIMES.





- Ⓐ OUTLETS
- Ⓑ G.F.I. OUTLETS
- Ⓒ OPTIONAL INVERTER/BATTERY CHARGER
- Ⓓ OPTIONAL AIR CONDITIONER
- Ⓔ OPTIONAL WATER HEATER
- Ⓕ OPTIONAL MICROWAVE OVEN OUTLET
- Ⓖ OPTIONAL GENERATOR

386 AC POWER PAN WIRING

REVISED NO.	3808063B	DATE	3/25/98
DESIGNED BY	ENGINEERING DEPT.	APPROVED BY	NONE



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SECTION 63D...OPTIONAL AIR COND. SYSTEMS

BASIC OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS:

- ① CHOOSE POWER SOURCE (SHORE POWER OR GENERATOR) SEE PAGES 63A-2
- ② CHECK AIR COND. SEA STRAINER, (AFT MAIN BILGE) CLEAN IF NECESSARY
- ③ ENSURE THE 1/2" (12.7mm) DISCHARGE SEACOCK VALVE IS OPEN.
(SEACOCK ACCESSED THRU HOLE IN SETTEE BACK, BEHIND FWD. STBD. SETTEE CUSHION)
- ⑤ TURN ON A.C. MAIN (BUS "B") BREAKER ON MAIN A.C. PANEL
- ⑥ TURN ON UNIT AT THERMOSTAT DISPLAY PANEL AND SET TEMP.

NOTE:

IF ANY OTHER APPLIANCES ARE TO BE USED WHEN AIR CONDITIONER IS RUNNING WHEN ON SHORE POWER, BOTH "SHORE POWER A" AND "SHORE POWER B" CABLES MUST BE HOOKED UP.

IF THERE IS NO POWER AT PANEL WHEN CONNECTED TO SHORE POWER, CHECK MAIN BREAKERS INSIDE PORT AFT COCKPIT LOCKER

SEE AIR CONDITION MANUAL FOR DETAILED OPERATING PROGRAMMING/TROUBLESHOOTING INSTRUCTIONS

386 OPTIONAL AIR COND. OPER. INST

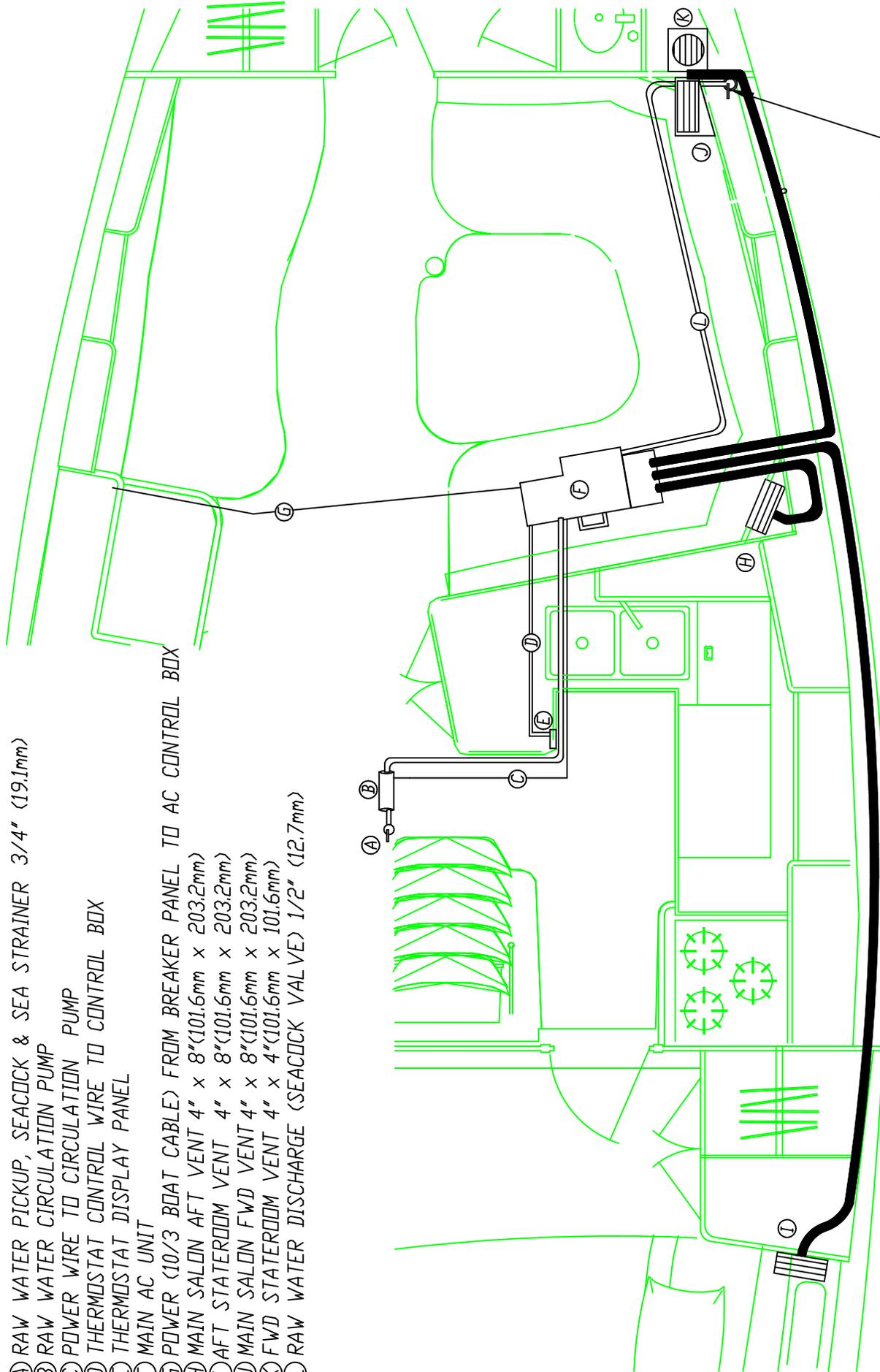
3808063C-1 NONE

ENGINEERING DEPT. 3/27/98

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- Ⓐ RAW WATER PICKUP, SEACOCK & SEA STRAINER 3/4" (19.1mm)
- Ⓑ RAW WATER CIRCULATION PUMP
- Ⓒ POWER WIRE TO CIRCULATION PUMP
- Ⓓ THERMOSTAT CONTROL WIRE TO CONTROL BOX
- Ⓔ THERMOSTAT DISPLAY PANEL
- Ⓕ MAIN AC UNIT
- Ⓖ POWER (10/3 BOAT CABLE) FROM BREAKER PANEL TO AC CONTROL BOX
- Ⓗ MAIN SALON AFT VENT 4" x 8" (101.6mm x 203.2mm)
- Ⓛ AFT STATEROOM VENT 4" x 8" (101.6mm x 203.2mm)
- Ⓞ MAIN SALON FWD VENT 4" x 8" (101.6mm x 203.2mm)
- Ⓚ FWD STATEROOM VENT 4" x 4" (101.6mm x 101.6mm)
- Ⓛ RAW WATER DISCHARGE (SEACOCK VALVE) 1/2" (12.7mm)



SEACOCK ACCESS UNDER FORWARD VANITY.

NOTE: FOR SCHEMATIC SEE AIR CONDITIONER MANUAL OR INSIDE COVER OF AIR CONDITIONER CONTROL BOX. OPENING THE CONTROL BOX IS A SHOCK HAZARD.

PROPERTY FILE #

386 OPTIONAL A/C LAYOUT

REVISED NO.	3808063C-2	REVISION NO.	NONE
DATE	3/25/98	ENGINEERING DEPT.	

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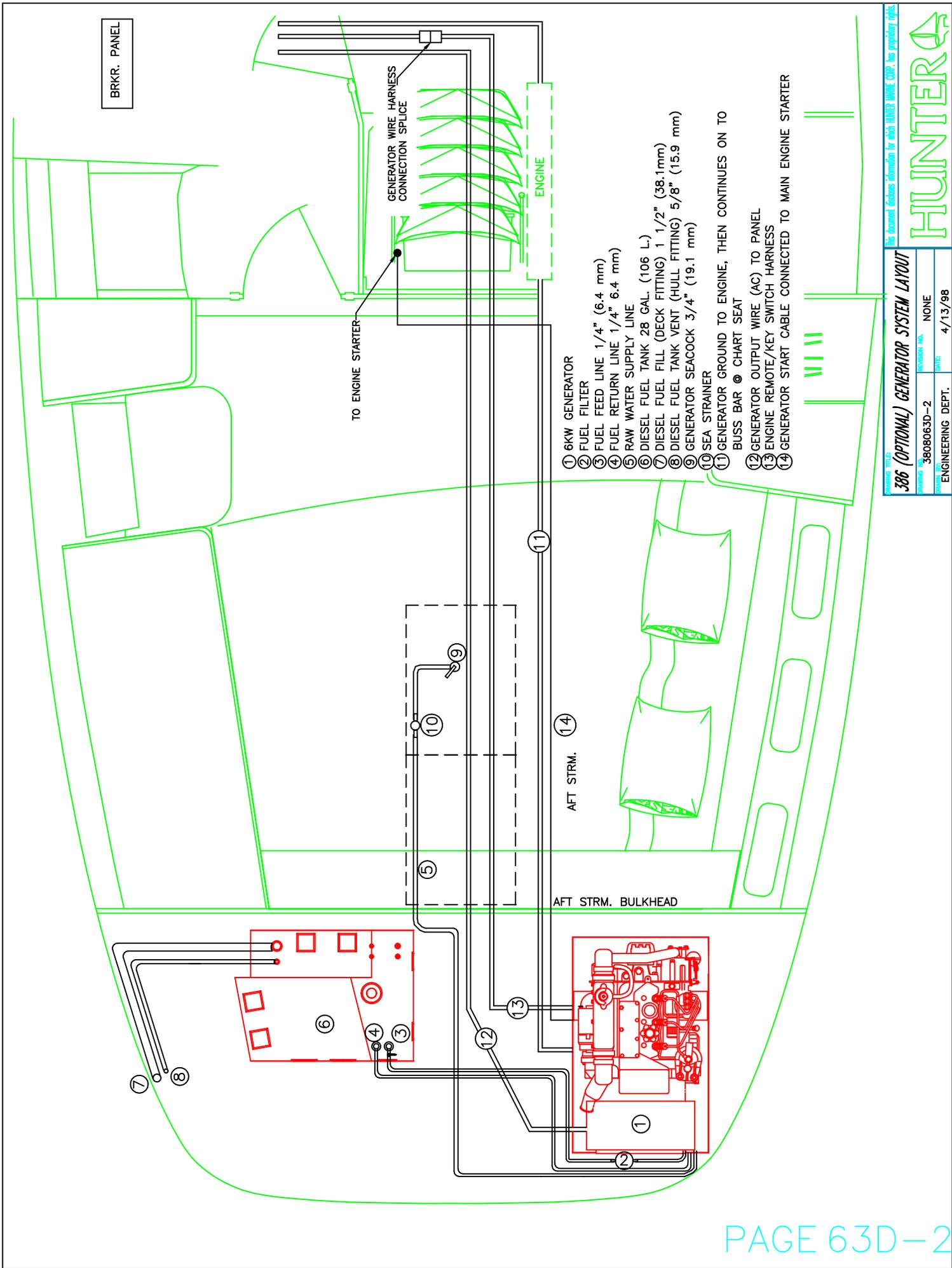
HUNTER

SECTION 63E OPTIONAL GENERATOR SYSTEM...

BASIC OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS: (NOTE: READ GENERATOR MANUAL BEFORE OPERATING GEN.)

- ① FILL DIESEL FUEL TANK WITH DIESEL FUEL
- ② CHECK OIL LEVEL IN GENERATOR (SEE GEN. MANUAL FOR INST.)
- ③ TURN ON START BATTERY SELECTOR SWITCH (AT NAV. STA.)
- ④ CHECK SEA STRAINER UNDER (CENTER) AFT BERTH BUNK COMP. CLEAN IF NEC.
- ⑤ OPEN RAW WATER SEACOCK UNDER AFT BERTH BUNK
- ⑥ PUSH START SWITCH ON GEN. START PANEL AT NAV. STATION TO START GEN. DO NOT RUN STARTER FOR MORE THAN 10 SECONDS AT A TIME WITH 15 SECONDS INBETWEEN, IF GEN. DOESN'T START CONSULT GENERATOR MANUAL.
- ⑦ TURN ON THE "GENERATOR" BREAKER ON "A" SIDE OF MAIN A.C. PANEL. TO POWER "B" SIDE, RAISE THE SLIDE BAR ON "B" SIDE OF MAIN A.C. PANEL AND TURN "PARALLEL" BREAKER "ON". A.C. PANEL SHOULD NOW BE OPERABLE.
- ⑧ TO SHUT GEN. DOWN PUSH STOP SWITCH UNTIL GEN STOPS.

NOTE: SEE GENERATOR MANUAL FOR PROPER MAINTENANCE, TROUBLESHOOTING, ETC.



BRKR. PANEL

TO ENGINE STARTER

GENERATOR WIRE HARNESS CONNECTION SPLICE

ENGINE

- ① 6KW GENERATOR
- ② FUEL FILTER
- ③ FUEL FEED LINE 1/4" (6.4 mm)
- ④ FUEL RETURN LINE 1/4" (6.4 mm)
- ⑤ RAW WATER SUPPLY LINE
- ⑥ DIESEL FUEL TANK 28 GAL. (106 L.)
- ⑦ DIESEL FUEL FILL (DECK FITTING) 1 1/2" (38.1mm)
- ⑧ DIESEL FUEL TANK VENT (HULL FITTING) 5/8" (15.9 mm)
- ⑨ GENERATOR SEACOCK 3/4" (19.1 mm)
- ⑩ SEA STRAINER
- ⑪ GENERATOR GROUND TO ENGINE, THEN CONTINUES ON TO BUSS BAR @ CHART SEAT
- ⑫ GENERATOR OUTPUT WIRE (AC) TO PANEL
- ⑬ ENGINE REMOTE/KEY SWITCH HARNESS
- ⑭ GENERATOR START CABLE CONNECTED TO MAIN ENGINE STARTER

386 (OPTIONAL) GENERATOR SYSTEM LAYOUT

REVISED NO.	3808063D-2	DATE	4/13/98
DESIGNED BY		ENGINEERING DEPT.	
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APPROVED BY			

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SECTION 63E...OPTIONAL INVERTER SYSTEM

BASIC OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS: (FOR INVERTING D.C. POWER TO A.C. POWER)

- ① TURN "ON" HOUSE BATTERY SWITCH
- ② TURN ON INVERTER REMOTE PANEL AT NAV. STATION
- ③ TURN ON APPROPRIATE APPLIANCE BREAKER ON A.C. SIDE OF PANEL

NOTE:

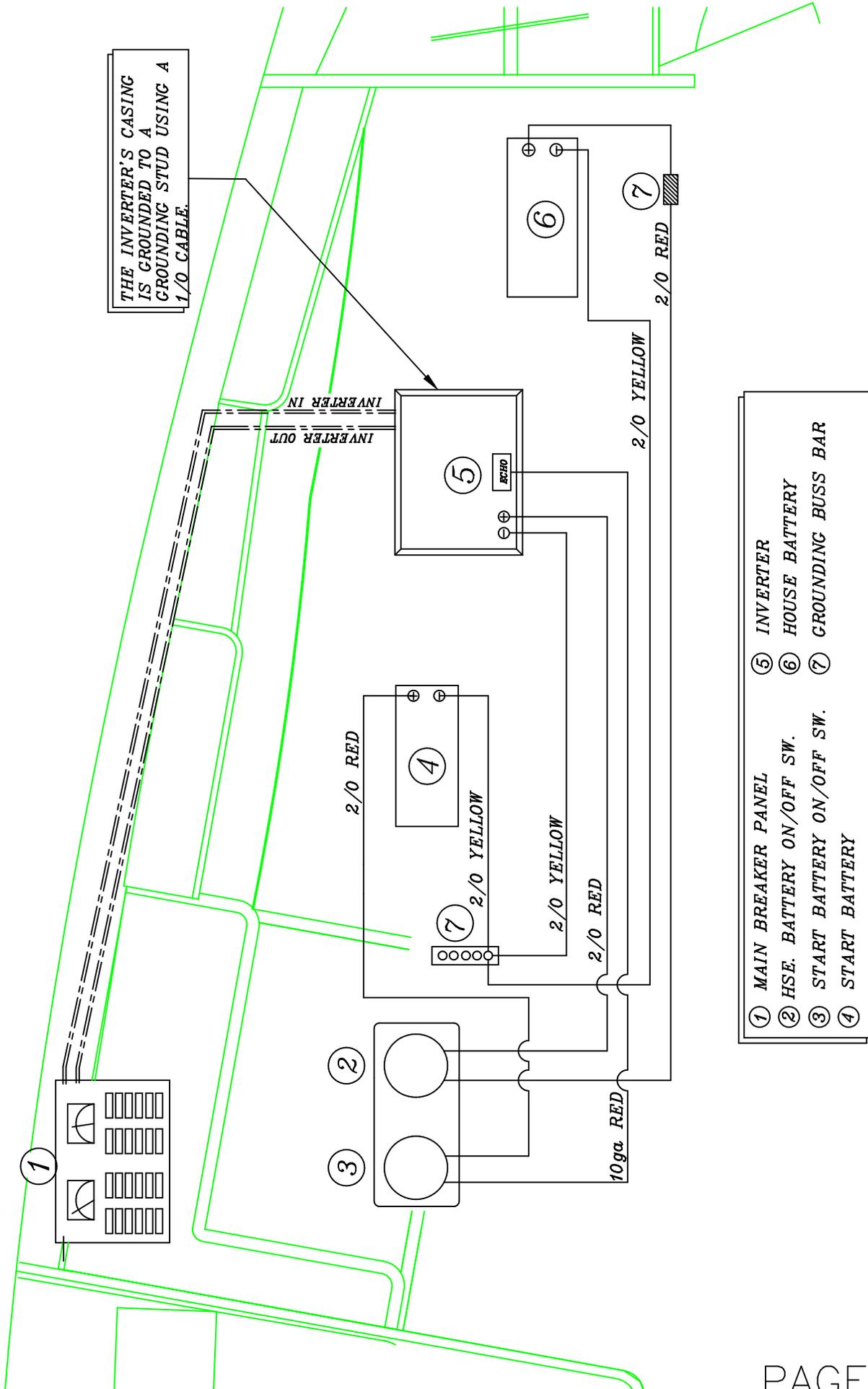
READ "OPTIONAL INVERTER" ON PAGE 63A-2 FOR INVERTER SYSTEM DETAILS

SEE INVERTER MANUAL FOR TECHNICAL DATA, TROUBLESHOOTING, ETC.
OPERATING/PROGRAMMING INSTRUCTIONS

<small>PROPERTY FILE</small>		
386 OPTIONAL INVERTER OPER. INST		
<small>ISSUANCE NO.</small>	<small>REVISION NO.</small>	<small>DATE</small>
3808063E-1	NONE	7/26/97
<small>ENGINEERING DEPT.</small>		

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THE INVERTER'S CASING IS GROUNDED TO A GROUNDING STUD USING A 1/0 CABLE.

- ① MAIN BREAKER PANEL
- ② HSE. BATTERY ON/OFF SW.
- ③ START BATTERY ON/OFF SW.
- ④ START BATTERY
- ⑤ INVERTER
- ⑥ HOUSE BATTERY
- ⑦ START BATTERY ON/OFF SW.
- ⑦ GROUNDING BUSS BAR

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386 (OPTIONAL) INVERTER SYSTEM LAYOUT

PROJECT NO.	3808063E-2	REVISION NO.	NONE
DATE	4/13/98	DESIGNED BY	ENGINEERING DEPT.

HUNTER

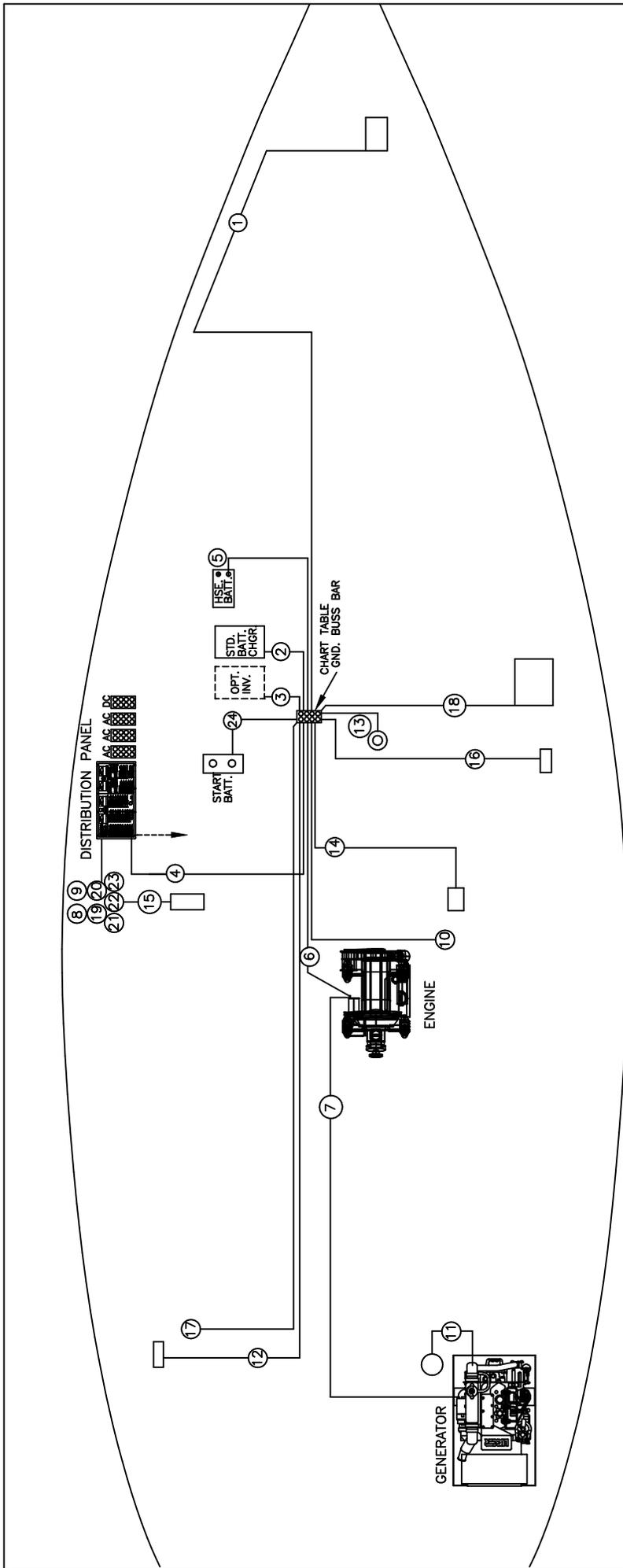
BATTERY CHARGING SYSTEM

BASIC OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS:

- ① CONNECT SHORE POWER TO DOCKSIDE SUPPLY AND SHORE POWER INLET ON STERN OF BOAT STBD. SIDE
- ② TURN ON "A.C. MAIN" BREAKER
- ③ TURN ON "BATTERY CHARGER" BREAKER

NOTE:

CHECK FOR CORRECT FLUID LEVEL IN BATTERIES PRIOR TO USING CHARGER / OPT INVERTER.
USING THE ENGINE ALTERNATOR AS A CHARGING SOURCE WILL SIGNIFICANTLY REDUCE THE
DRAIN ON THE HOUSE / START BATTERIES.



GROUND WIRE/CABLE SPECS:

- ① WINDLASS (OPTIONAL).....2ga. WIRE
- ② STANDARD BATTERY CHARGER.....8ga. WIRE
- ③ OPTIONAL INVERTER.....2/0 CABLE
- ④ PANEL GND. TO BUSS BAR.....6ga. WIRE
- ⑤ HOUSE BATT. GND'S TO BUSS BAR.....2/0 CABLE
- ⑥ ENGINE GND. TO BUSS BAR.....2/0 CABLE
- ⑦ GENERATOR (OPTIONAL) GND. TO ENGINE.....2/0 CABLE
- ⑧ TO ENGINE BOX AND ARCH LIGHT.....16ga. WIRE
- ⑨ ALL CABIN LIGHTS.....16ga. WIRE
- ⑩ OPTIONAL ELEC. HALYARD.....2 ga. WIRE
- ⑪ GENERATOR BLOWER (OPTIONAL).....12ga. WIRE
- ⑫ MACERATOR.....10ga. WIRE
- ⑬ BILGE PUMP.....12ga. WIRE

ALL WIRES NOTED BELOW ARE (BLACK) GROUND

- ⑭ SHOWER SUMP.....12ga. WIRE
- ⑮ OPTIONAL AUTO PILOT.....8ga. WIRE
- ⑯ WATER PRESSURE PUMP.....12ga. WIRE
- ⑰ TANK SEND UNIT.....16ga. WIRE
- ⑱ REFRIGERATION.....10ga. WIRE
- ⑲ STEREO.....16ga. WIRE
- ⑳ L.P.G. SOLENOID.....16ga. WIRE
- ㉑ INSTRUMENTS.....MANUF. SUPPLIED CABLE
- ㉒ VHF RADIO.....16ga. WIRE
- ㉓ ANC./STEAM./DECK/RUNNING LIGHTS.....16ga. WIRE
- ㉔ START BATTERY.....2/0 CABLE

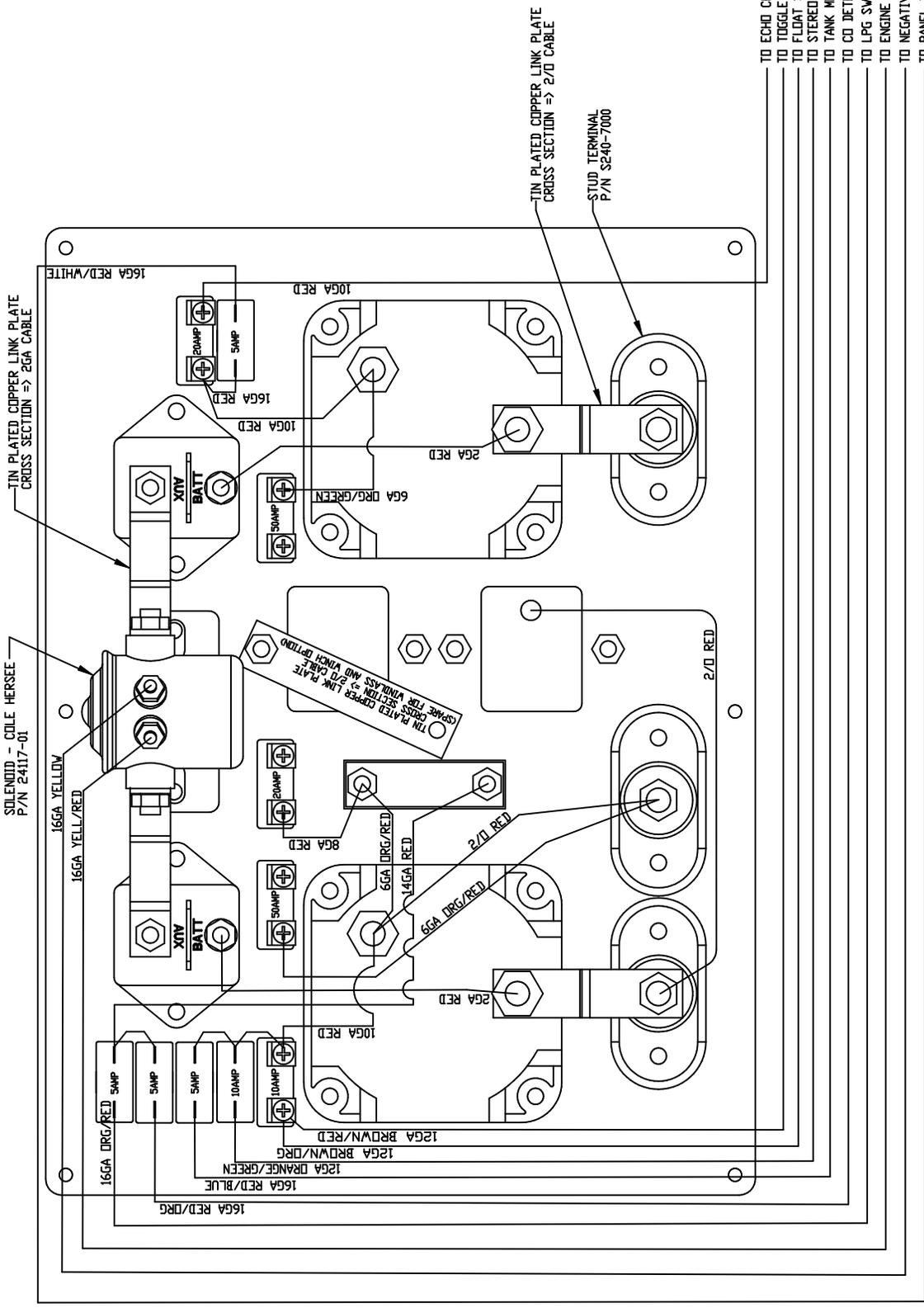
NOTE: WIRE RUNS & COMPNTS. ARE SHOWN IN SCHAMATIC FORM FOR CLARITY

386 D.C. GROUNDING SYSTEM LAYOUT

This document discusses information for which HUNTER MARINE CORP. has proprietary rights.

PROJECT NO.	3808064A-2	DATE	12/11/97
DESIGNER		ENGINEERING DEPT.	
CHECKER			
APPROVER			





SOLENOID - COLE HERSEE
P/N 24117-01

TIN PLATED COPPER LINK PLATE
CROSS SECTION => 2GA CABLE

TIN PLATED COPPER LINK PLATE
CROSS SECTION => 2/O CABLE

STUD TERMINAL
P/N S240-7000

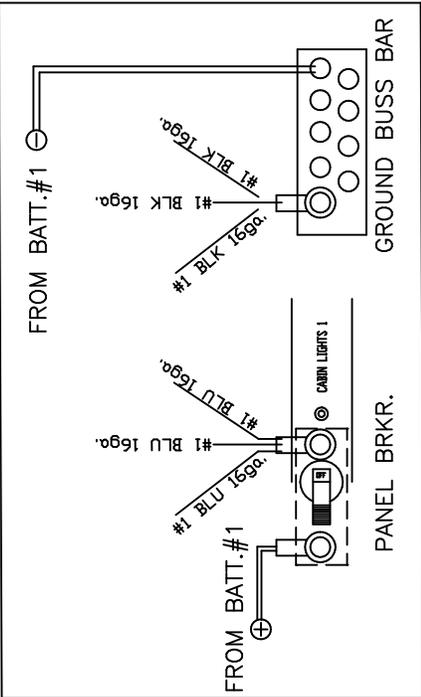
- TO ECHO CHARGER (INVERTER OPTION)
- TO TOGGLE SW FOR MANUAL BILGE PUMP OPERATION
- TO FLOAT SWITCH FOR BILGE PUMP
- TO STEREO MEMORY
- TO TANK MONITOR
- TO CO DETECTORS
- TO LPG SWITCH PANEL
- TO ENGINE PANEL
- TO NEGATIVE BUS
- TO PANEL VOLT METER SELECT SWITCH

386 12V D.C. (BATT CHGR MODEL) PANEL SCHEMATIC

REVISED BY	3808064A-3	REVISION NO.	NONE
DATE	4/13/98	DATE	4/13/98
ENGINEERING DEPT			

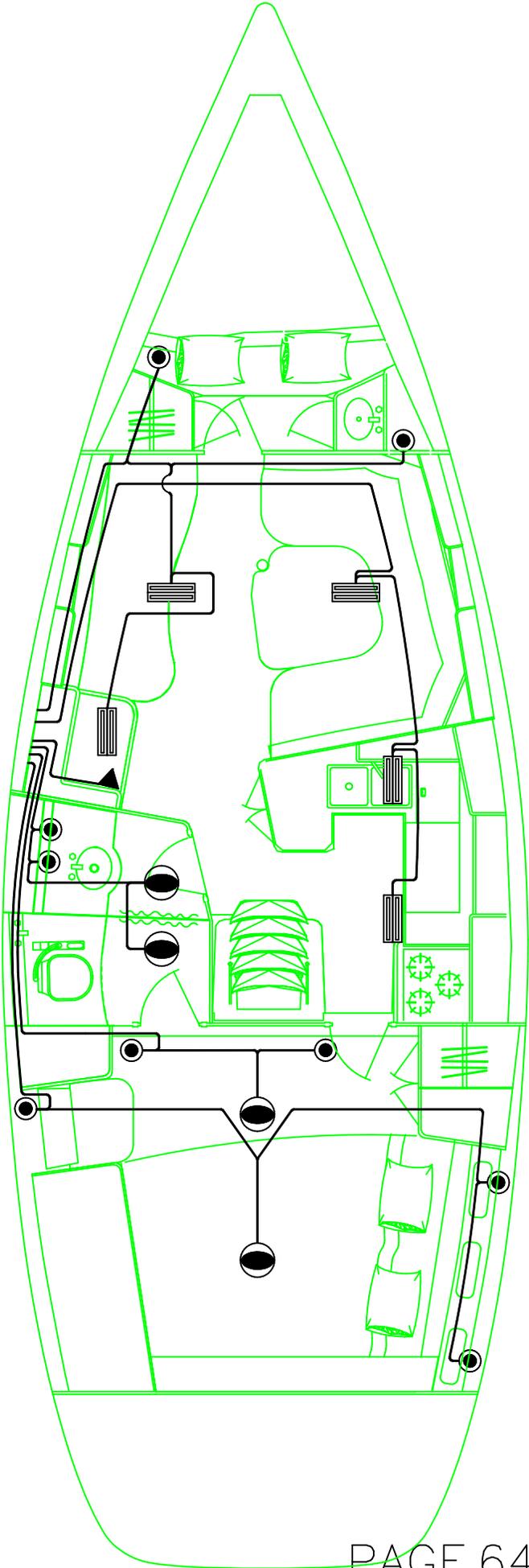
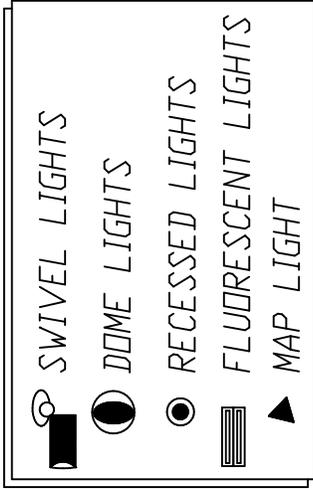
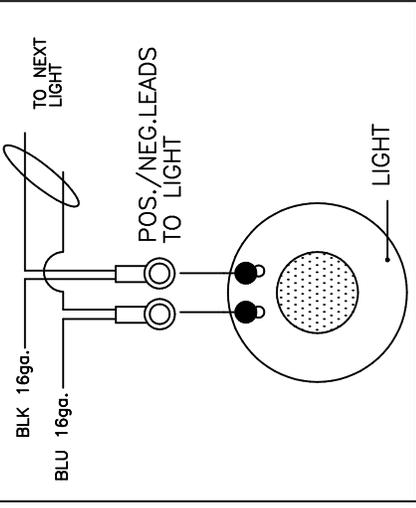


EXAMPLE SWITCH PANEL WIRING (PARALLEL CIRCUITS)

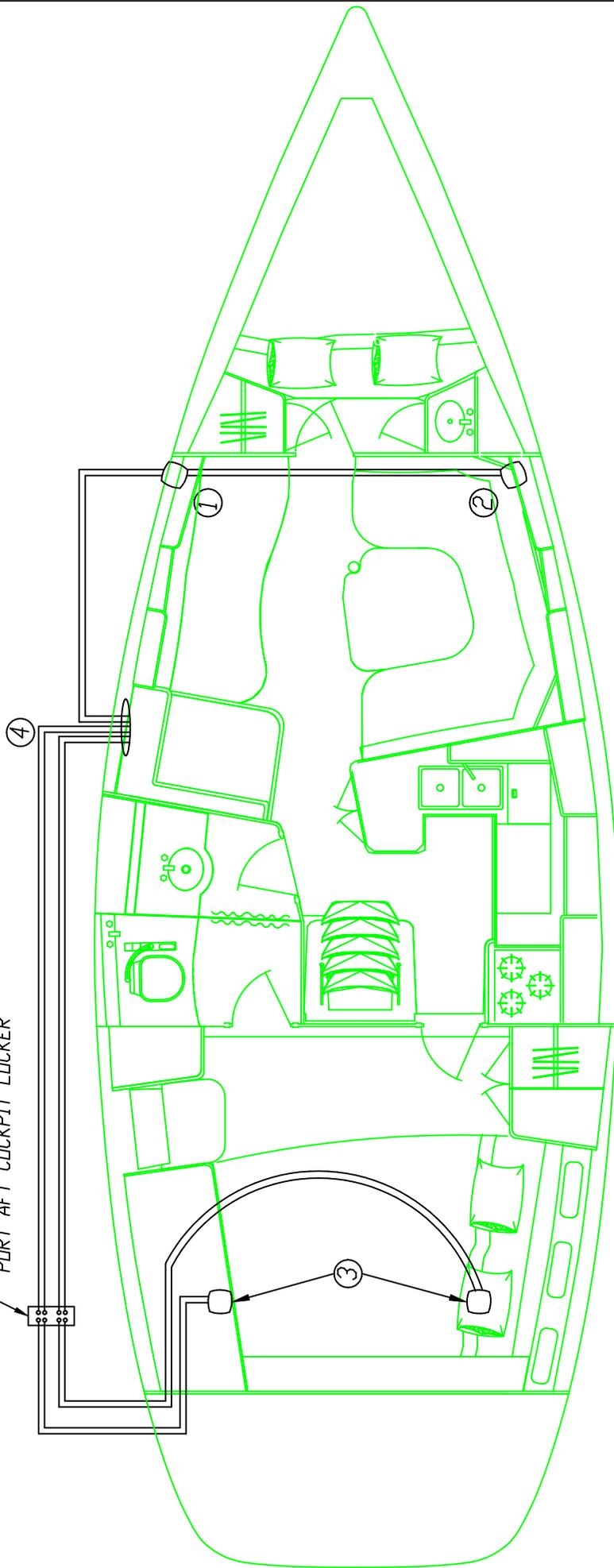


EACH CIRCUIT IN PARALLEL, 16ga. BLU (LOAD TO BREAKER)
AND 16ga. BLK. GROUND TO GROUND BUSS BAR (SEE EX.)

EXAMPLE LIGHT WIRING (PARALLEL CIRCUIT)



BUSS BAR LOCATED IN THE
PORT AFT COCKPIT LOCKER



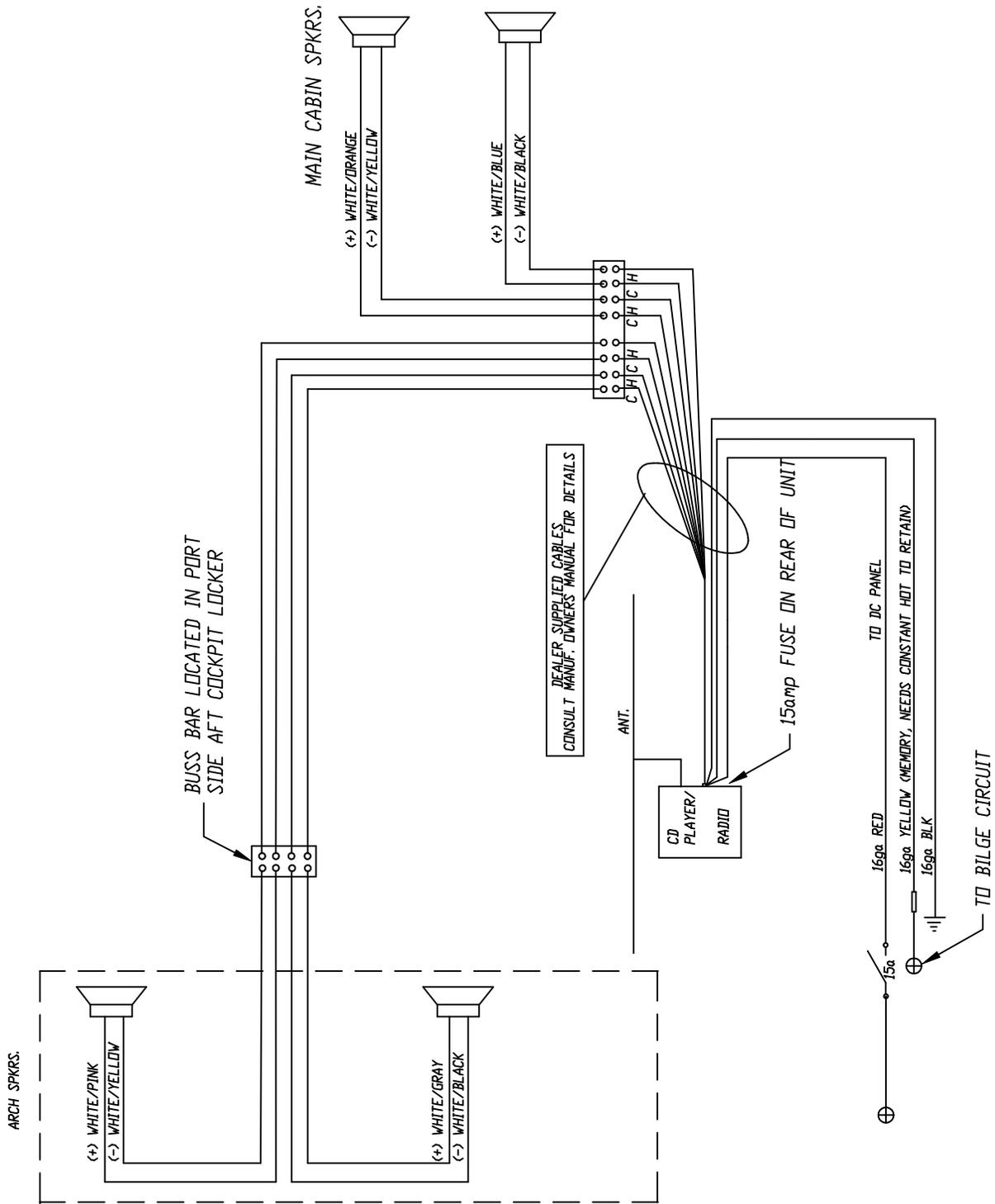
- 1 PORT MAIN SALON SPEAKER
- 2 STARBOARD MAIN SALON SPEAKER
- 3 ARCH SPEAKERS
- 4 SPEAKER WIRES TO STEREO UNIT

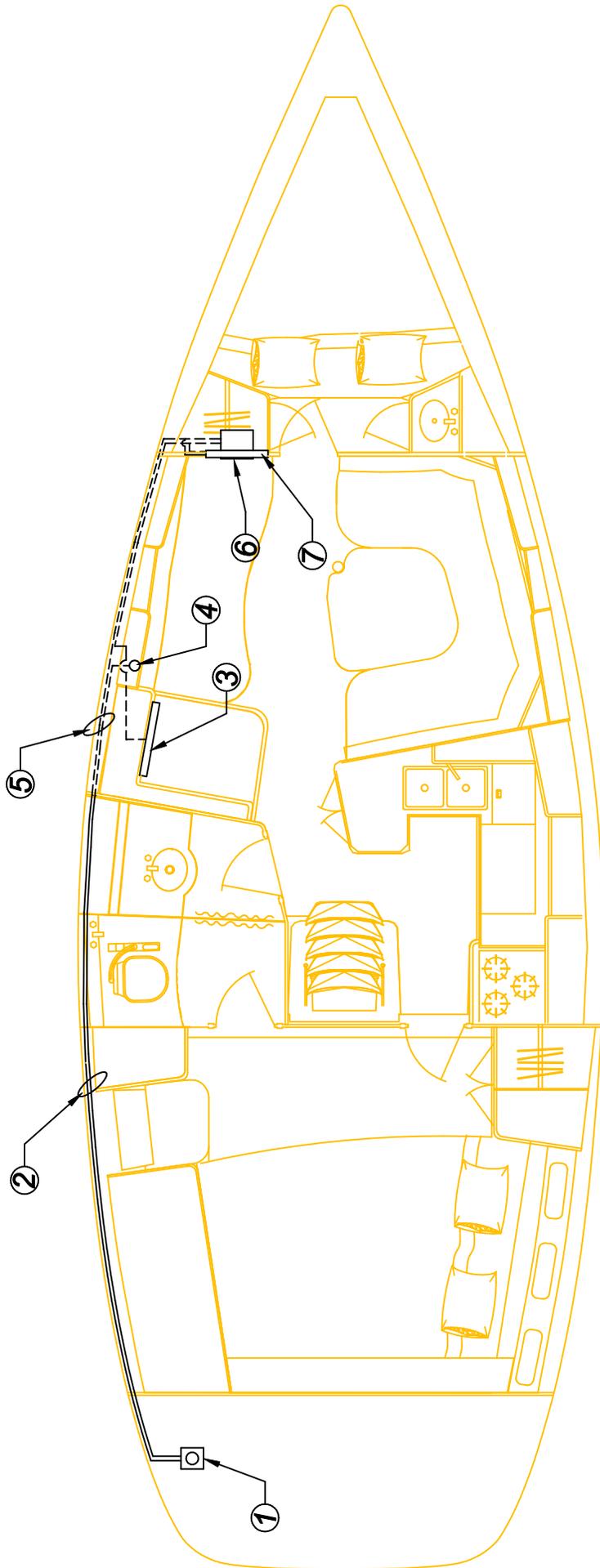
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386 SPEAKER WIRING HEADLINER

REVISED NO.	3808064B-2	REVISION NO.	NONE
DATE		DATE	3/28/98
ENGINEERING DEPT.			





- ① CABLE/PHONE INLET
- ② CABLE/PHONE LEADS IN HEAD LINER
- ③ AC/DC MAIN PANEL
- ④ PHONE OUTLET
- ⑤ CABLE/POWER LEADS TO TV/DVD
- ⑥ DVD PLAYER (MOUNTED BELOW TV)
- ⑦ 10" FLAT SCREEN TV

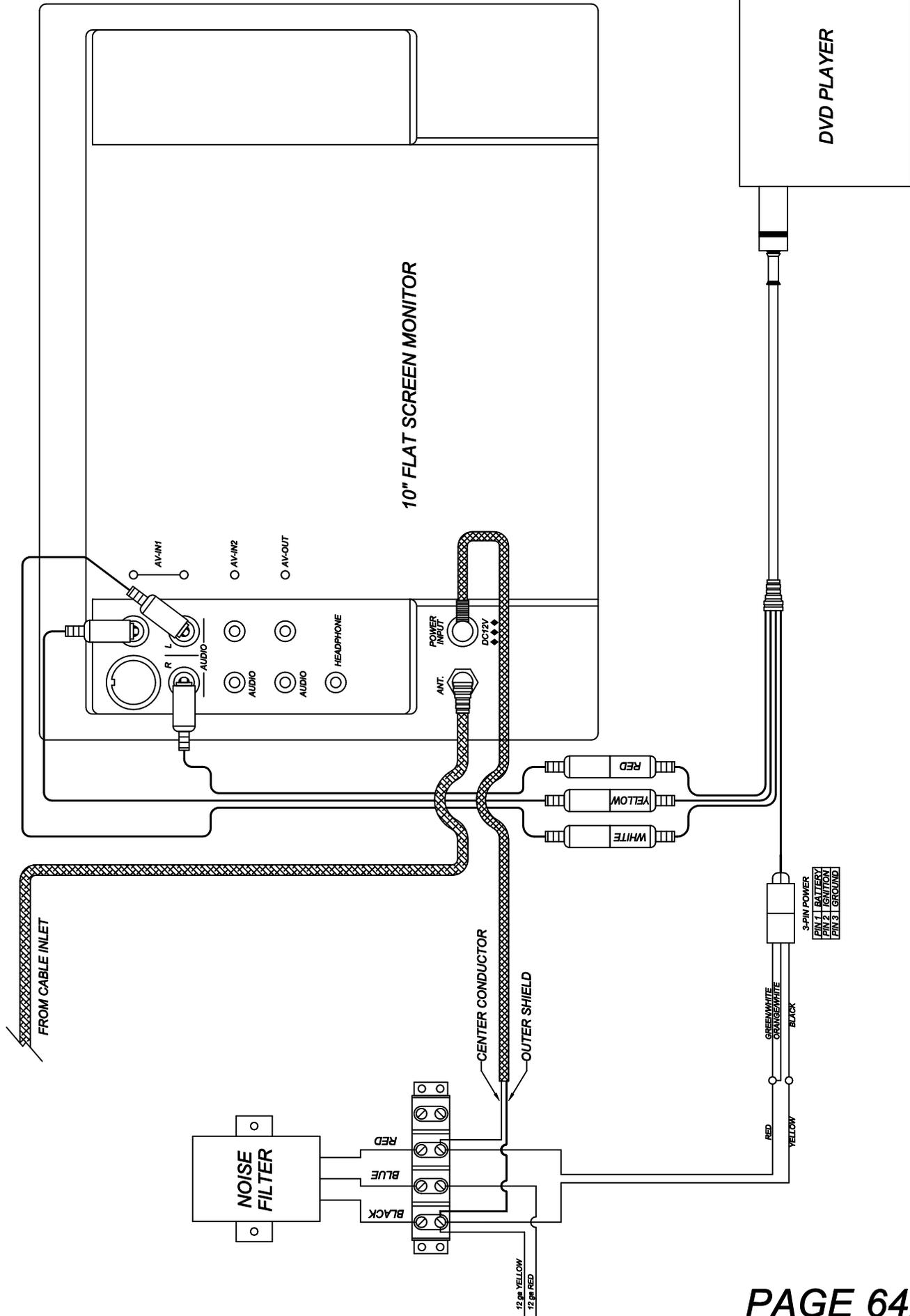
--- WIRE RUNS IN PAN
 _____ WIRE RUNS IN HEAD LINER

FOR COMPLETE WIRING INFORMATION FOR THIS HUNTER MARINE CORP. BOAT, PLEASE REFER TO THE

OPTIONAL TV/DVD LAYOUT

DRAWING NO. 3868064B-4	REVISION NO. None	DATE 08/28/02
DRAWN BY ENG		

HUNTER



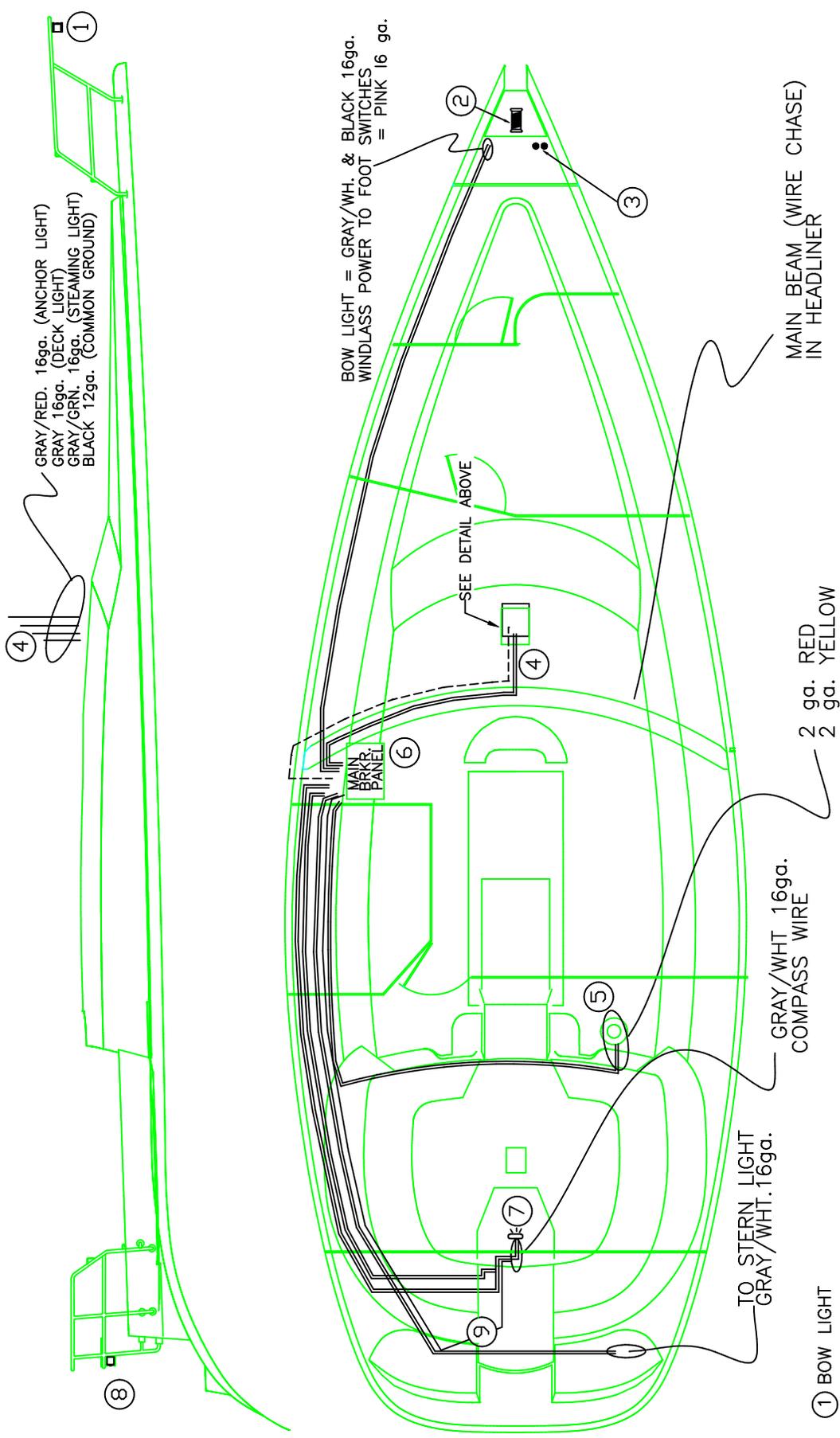
10" FLAT SCREEN MONITOR

DVD PLAYER

NOISE FILTER

3-PIN POWER
PIN 1 BATTERY
PIN 2 GROUND
PIN 3 GROUND

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HUNTER
OPTIONAL TV/DVD SCHEMATIC
 DRAWING NO. 3868064B-5 REVISION NO. None DATE 09/04/02
 DRAWN BY: ENG



GRAY/RED. 16ga. (ANCHOR LIGHT)
 GRAY 16ga. (DECK LIGHT)
 GRAY/GRN. 16ga. (STEAMING LIGHT)
 BLACK 12ga. (COMMON GROUND)

BOW LIGHT = GRAY/WH. & BLACK 16ga.
 WINDLASS POWER TO FOOT SWITCHES
 = PINK 16 ga.

MAIN BEAM (WIRE CHASE)
 IN HEADLINER

2 ga. RED
 2 ga. YELLOW

GRAY/WH. 16ga.
 COMPASS WIRE

TO STERN LIGHT
 GRAY/WH. 16ga.

- ① BOW LIGHT
- ② OPTIONAL ANCHOR WINDLASS (SEE PAGE 64D-1 & 64D-2)
- ③ WINDLASS CONTROLS
- ④ POWER LEADS TO ANCHOR, DECK, STEAMING LIGHTS
- ⑤ OPTIONAL ELEC. HALYARD (SEE PAGE 64E-1 & 2)
- ⑥ VHF RADIO (AT NAV STATION)
- ⑦ COURTESY LIGHT (IN ARCH)
- ⑧ STERNLIGHT
- ⑨ COMPASS WIRE RUN

NOTE: SOME WIRE RUNS SHOWN IN APPROXIMATE LOCATIONS FOR CLARITY, SEE PAGE 64F FOR WIRE CHASE LOCATIONS

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386 12V. WIRING DECK

PROJECT NO.	3808064C	DESIGN NO.	NONE
DATE	4/14/98	ENGINEERING DEPT	

HUNTER

----- = VHF COAX CABLE (CONNECTOR ABOVE MAST POST)

SECTION 64D...OPTIONAL WINDLASS SYSTEM

BASIC OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS:

LOWERING ANCHOR....

- ① TURN ON START BATTERY SWITCH UNDER NAV. STATION.
- ② TURN ON WINDLASS BRKR. ON MAIN D.C. BRKR. PANEL.
- ③ PUSH WINDLASS "DOWN" BUTTON INSIDE ANCHOR WELL LOCKER.

NOTE: "BUMP" SWITCH UNTIL ANCHOR CLEARS ANCHOR ROLLER AND HULL BEFORE LETTING ANCHOR DOWN FREELY.

RAISING ANCHOR....

- ① START BOAT ENGINE, THIS WILL ALLOW CONTROL OF BOAT WHEN ANCHOR BECOMES FREE, AS WELL AS REDUCING LOAD ON BATTERY
- ② SAME AS STEP #1 OF LOWERING ANCHOR
- ③ SAME AS STEP #2 OF LOWERING ANCHOR
- ④ PUSH WINDLASS "UP" BUTTON (LOCATED NEXT TO "DOWN BUTTON" BEING CAREFUL AS THE ANCHOR APPROACHES THE HULL AND ANCHOR ROLLER) UNTIL THE ANCHOR RESTS IN THE STEMHEAD PROPERLY.

NOTE: IF IT APPEARS THERE IS NO POWER TO THE WINDLASS, CHECK RESET BRKR. AT THE NAV. STATION.
IF WINDLASS BECOMES INOPERABLE ELECTRICALLY, A MANUAL WINCH HANDLE IS SUPPLIED, SEE THE "WINDLASS MANUAL" SUPPLIED IN YOUR OWNERS MANUAL PACKAGE FOR INSTRUCTIONS.

386 OPTIONAL WINDLASS OPERATING INST.

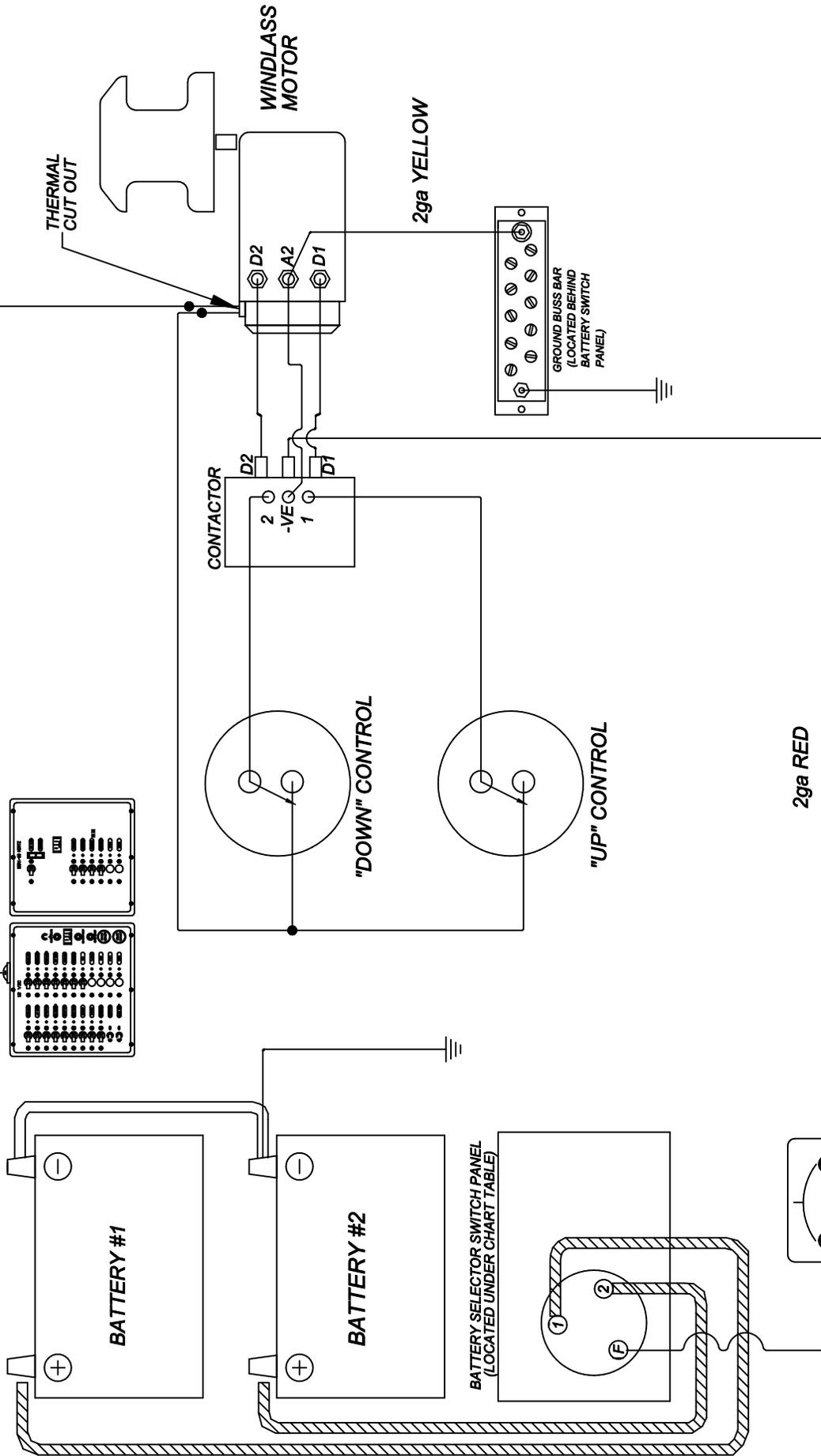
ISSUANCE NO. 3808064D-1
ENGINEERING DEPT.

REVISION NO. NONE
DATE 4/14/98

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16ga TAN



2ga RED

2ga YELLOW

NOTE: SEE PAGE 64C FOR WIRE RUN LOCATIONS, FOR BEST PERFORMANCE RUN ENGINE WHILE OPERATING WINDLASS.

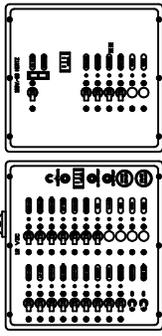
WINDLASS RESET
LOCATED ON BATTERY SWITCH

GROUND BUSS BAR
(LOCATED BEHIND BATTERY SWITCH PANEL)

CONTACTOR

WINDLASS MOTOR

THERMAL CUT OUT



386 OPTIONAL WINDLASS WIRING

REVISED NO.	3808064D-2	REVISION NO.	NONE
DATE	4/14/98	ENGINEERING DEPT.	

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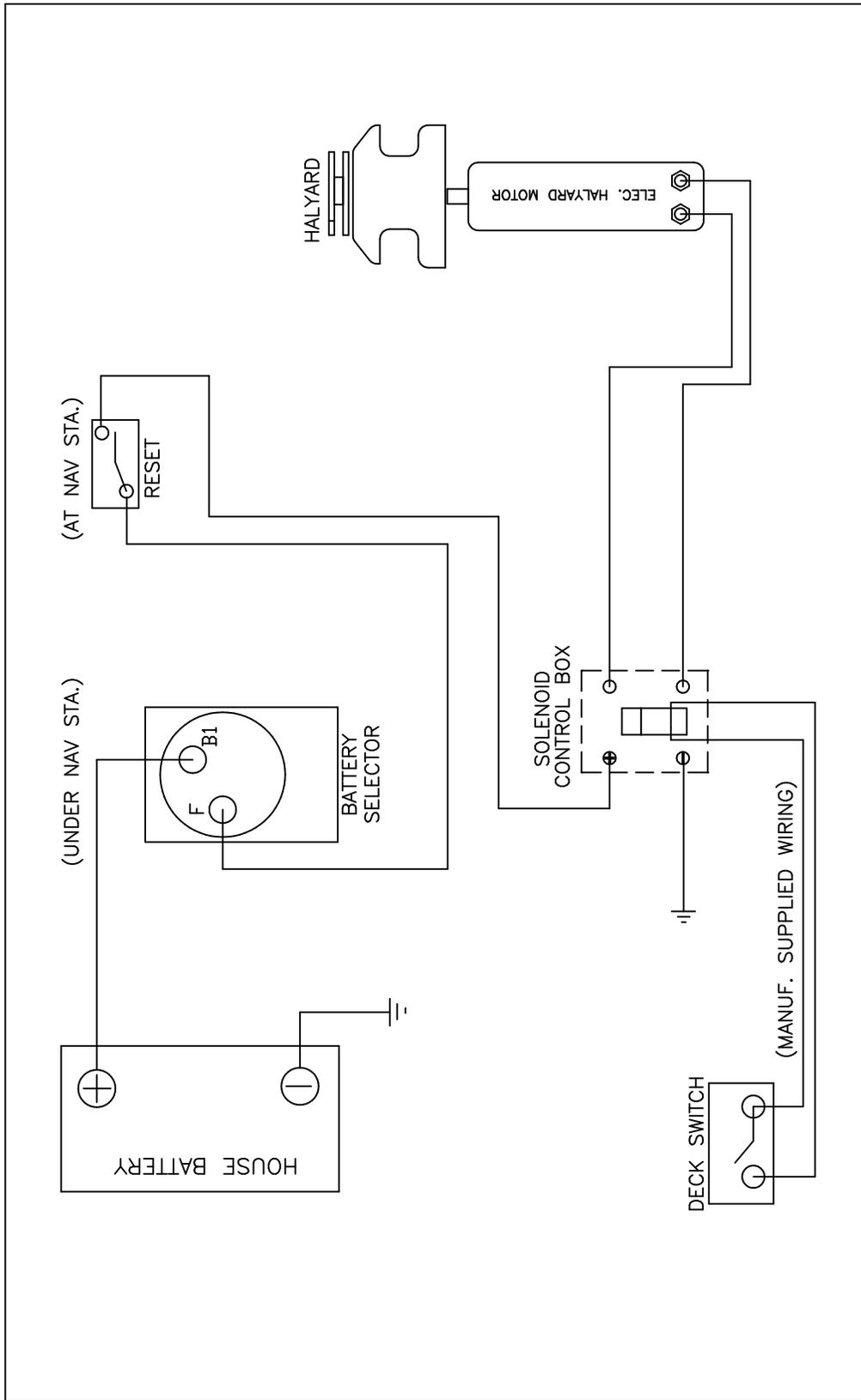
SECTION 64E...OPTIONAL ELEC. HALYARD SYSTEM

BASIC OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS:

- ① TURN ON "HOUSE BATTERY" SWITCH AT NAV. STATION.
- ② HALYARD SWITCH ON DECK SHOULD NOW OPERATE WINCH

<small>PROPERTY TITLE</small> 386 OPT. ELEC. HALYARD OPERATING INST.	
<small>ISSUANCE NO.</small> 3808064E-1	<small>REVISION NO.</small> NONE
<small>ISSUED FOR</small> ENGINEERING DEPT.	<small>DATE</small> 4/14/98





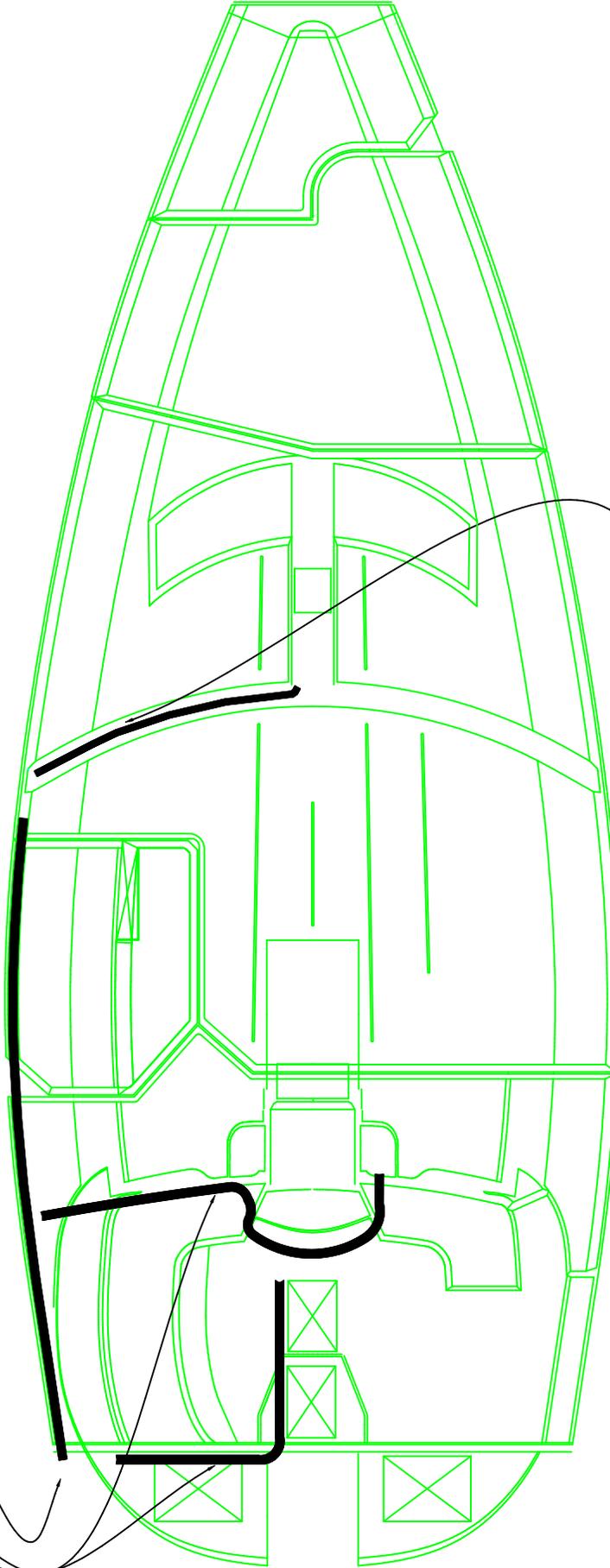
NOTE: SEE PAGE 64C FOR WIRE RUN LOCATIONS

OWNER FILE
386 (OPTIONAL) ELEC. HALYARD SCHEMATIC
ISSUANCE NO. 3808064E-2 REVISION NO. NONE
DATE 4/14/98
ENGINEERING DEPT.



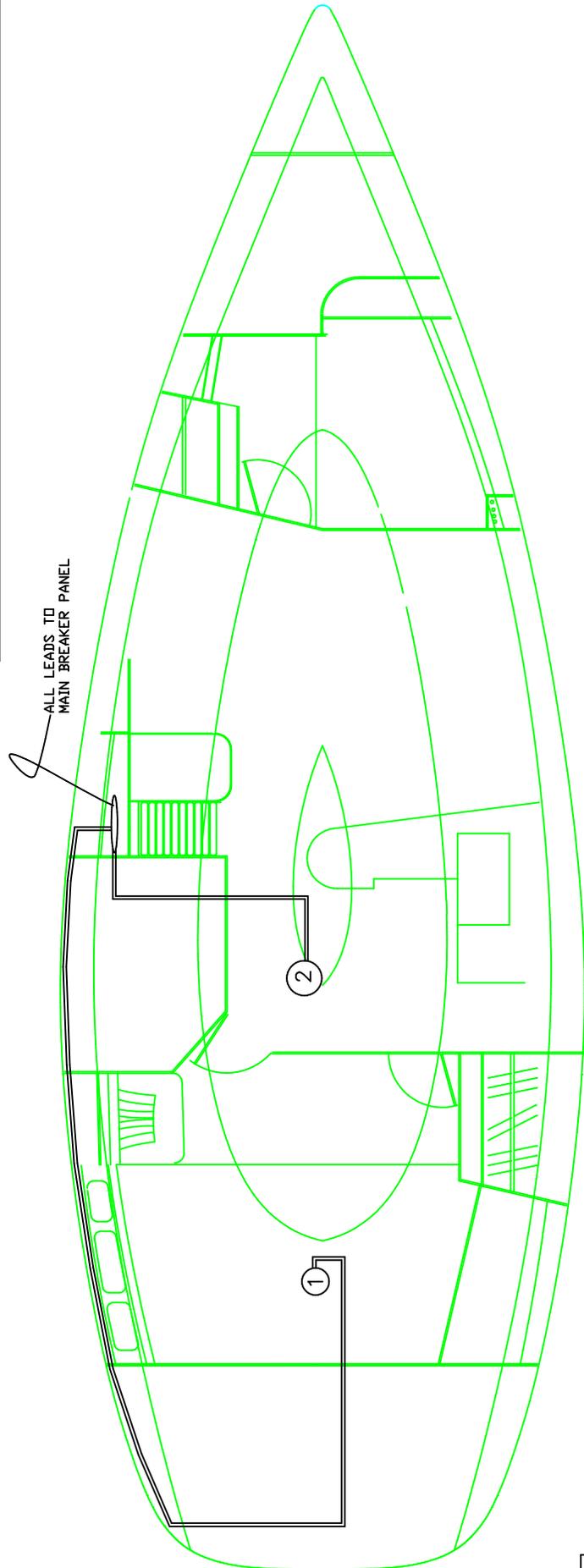
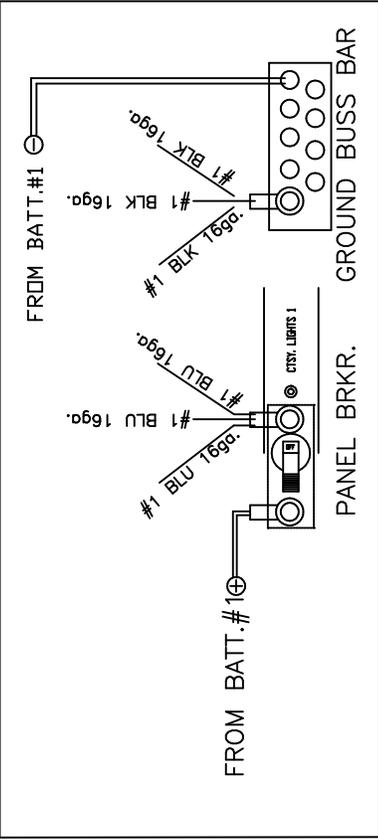
TWO 2" (101.6 mm) FLEX. CONDUIT CHASE TUBES RUN

1 1/2" (38.1 mm) P.V.C. CHASE TUBE RUNS FROM PT. AFT COCKPIT LOCKER
FORWARD TO MAIN BREAKER PANEL CABINET



1" (50.8 mm) FLEX. CONDUIT CHASE TUBES RUN IN HEADLINER
TO ACCESS PANEL ABOVE COMPRESSION POST IN MAIN SALON
MESSENGER LINES ARE INSTALLED, AND CAN BE ACCESSED THRU CHAINPLATE
AND MAST COMPRESSION POST ACCESS COVERS

EXAMPLE SWITCH PANEL WIRING (PARALLEL CIRCUITS)



- ① COCKPIT COURTESY LIGHT
- ② ENGINE BOX COURTESY LIGHT

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386 CTSY. LITE WIRING	
REVISED NO.	3808064G
DESIGN NO.	NONE
DATE	4/14/98
ENGINEERING DEPT	

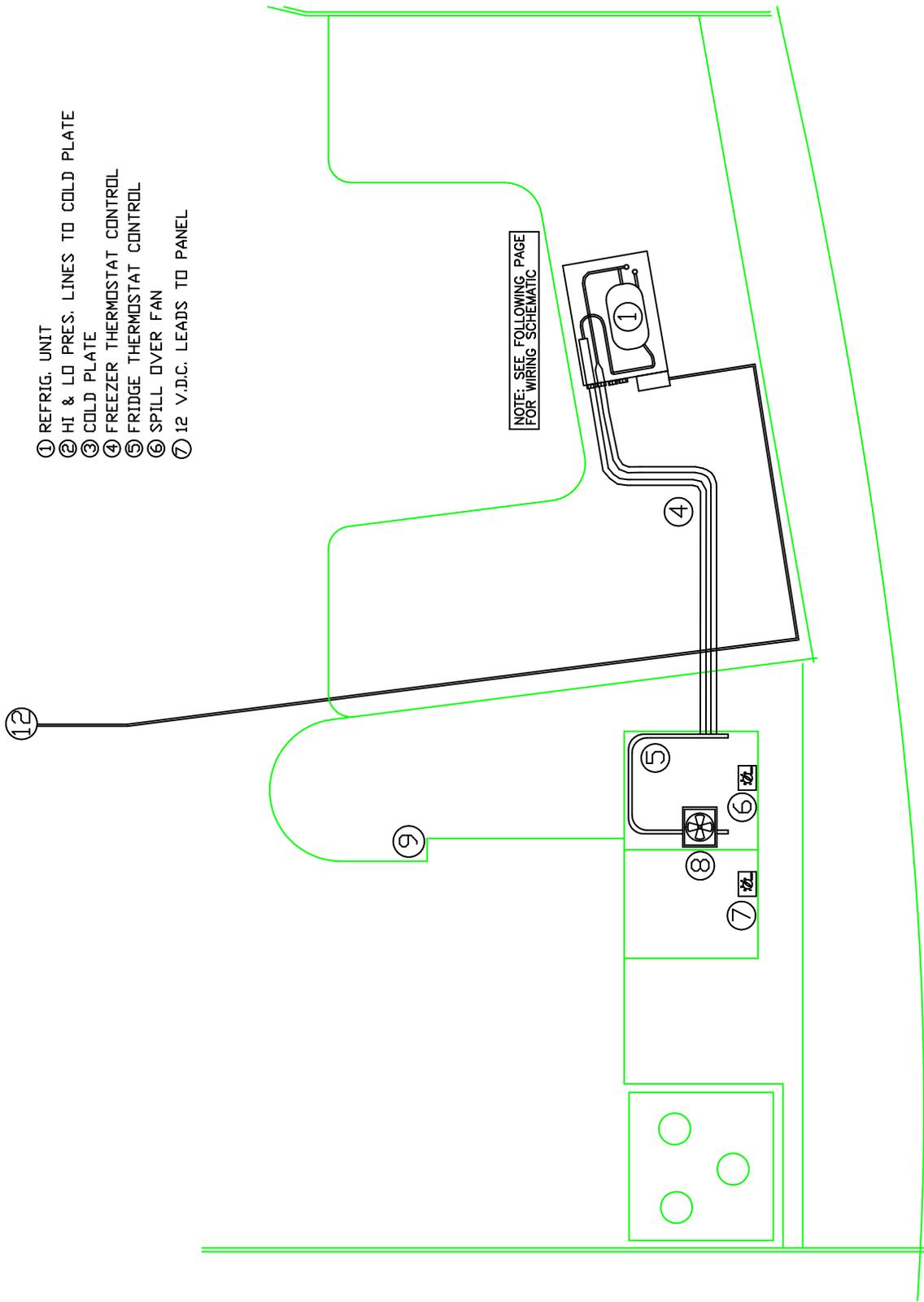
HUNTER

SECTION 64H...REFRIGERATION SYSTEM

BASIC OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS:

- ① ON STANDARD BATTERY CHARGER MODEL, TURN ON HOUSE BATTERY SEL. SWITCH (UNDER CHART TABLE)
- ② TURN ON MAIN D.C. BREAKER AT MAIN BREAKER PANEL
- ③ TURN ON REFRIG. BREAKER
- ④ SET THERMOSTATS TO DESIRED TEMP.

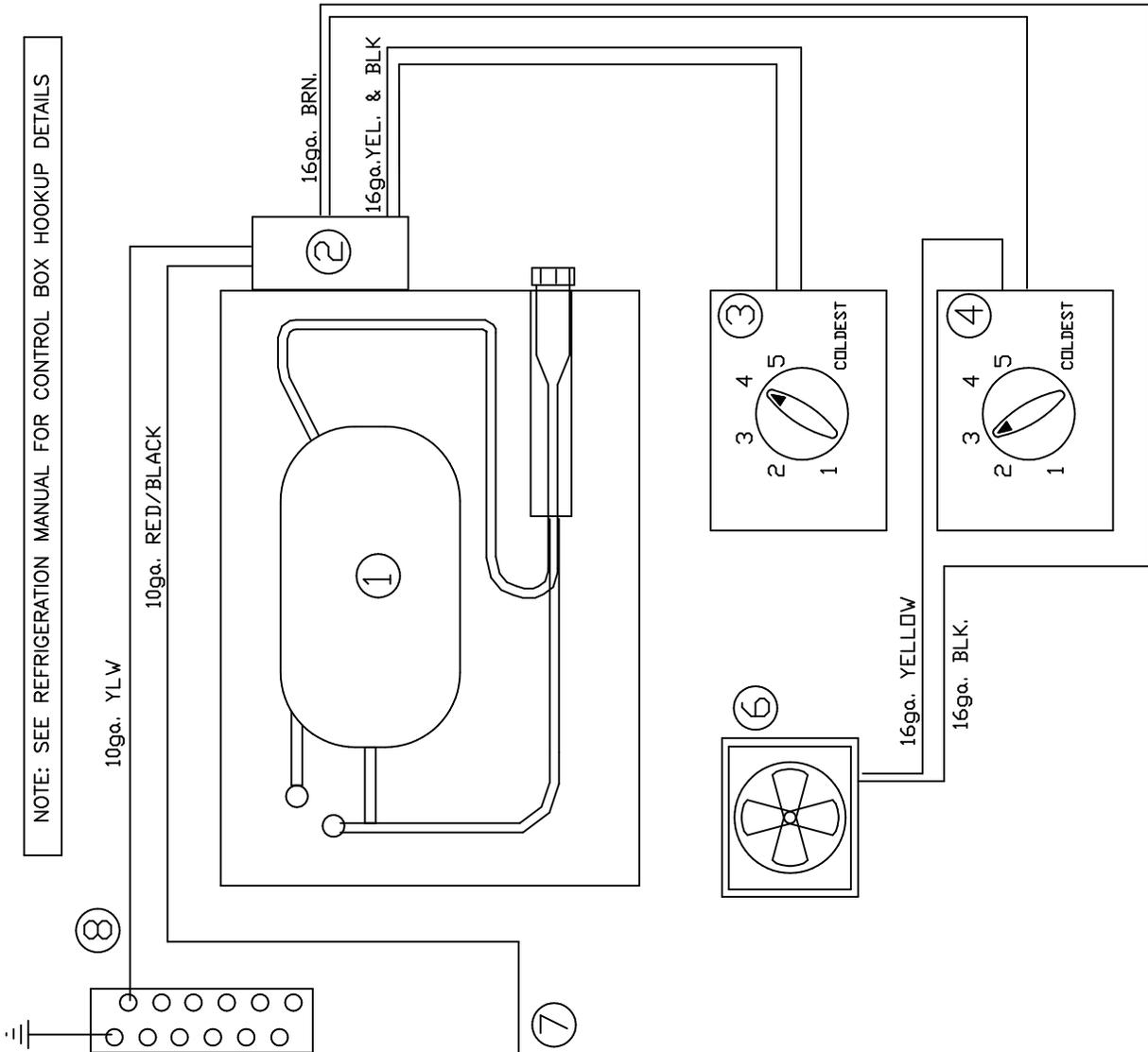
NOTE: IF LEAVING UNIT ON WHEN AWAY FROM BOAT
BE SURE SHORE POWER CABLES ARE CONNECTED AND
BATTERY CHARGER IS ON TO PREVENT BATTERY DRAIN.
(OPTIONAL INVERTER EQUIPPED MODELS CHARGE CIRCUIT
IS AUTOMATIC IF SHORE POWER IS CONNECTED AND HAS
POWER TO MAIN DISTRIBUTION PANEL.)



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386 (OPTIONAL) REFRIGERATION SYSTEM LAYOUT		
PROJECT NO.	3808064H-2.DWG	REVISION NO.
DESIGNED BY	ENGINEERING DEPT.	DATE
		4/14/98



NOTE: SEE REFRIGERATION MANUAL FOR CONTROL BOX HOOKUP DETAILS

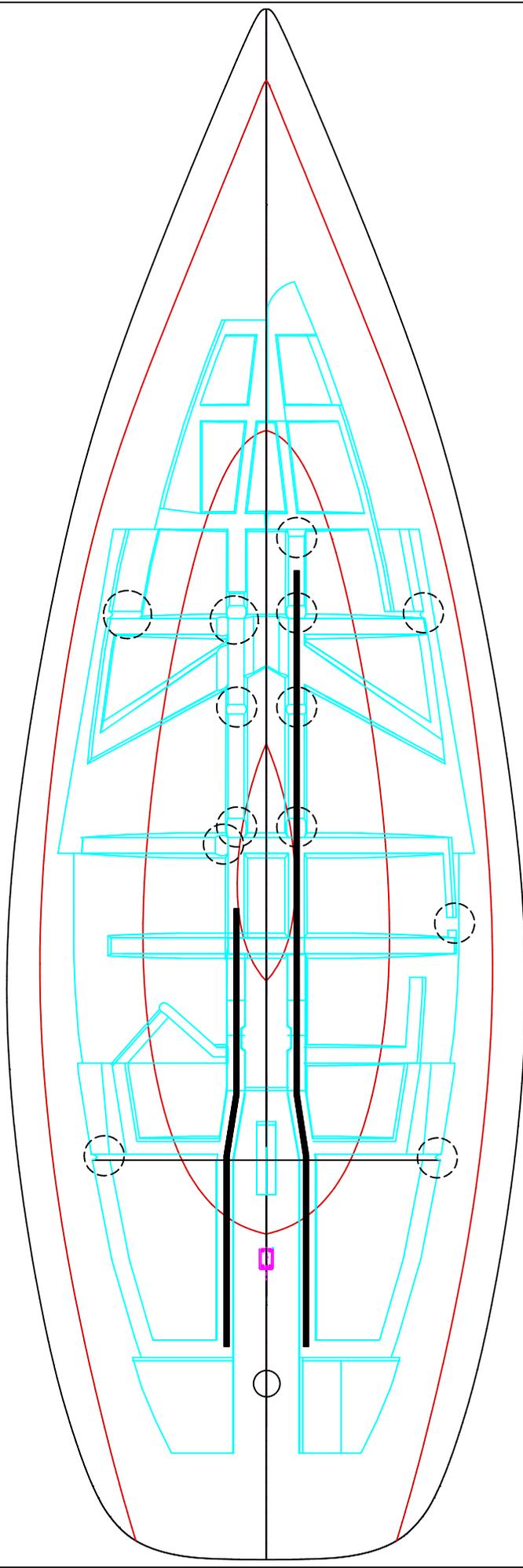
- ① REFRIG. COMPRESSOR
- ② REF. UNIT CTRL. BOX
- ③ FREEZER THERMOSTAT
- ④ FRIDGE THERMOSTAT
- ⑤ SPILL OVER FAN
- ⑥ 12V. + FROM LOAD SIDE OF BRKR. TO REF. UNIT
- ⑦ GND. FROM REF. UNIT TO GRD. BUSS BAR BEHIND BRKR. PANEL

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386 REFRIGERATION SCHEMATIC
 DRAWING NO. 3808064H-3
 REVISION NO. NONE
 DATE 4/14/98
 ENGINEERING DEPT.



— = PVC CHASE PIPE

○ = CROSSOVER/EXIT DETAILS



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386 WIRE CHASE LOCATIONS (PAN)

DESIGN NO.	380806-41	REVISION NO.	NONE
DATE	4/14/98	ENGINEERING DEPT.	



THIS PAGE IS PROVIDED FOR ANY
ADDITIONAL DC ELECTRICAL INFORMATION.

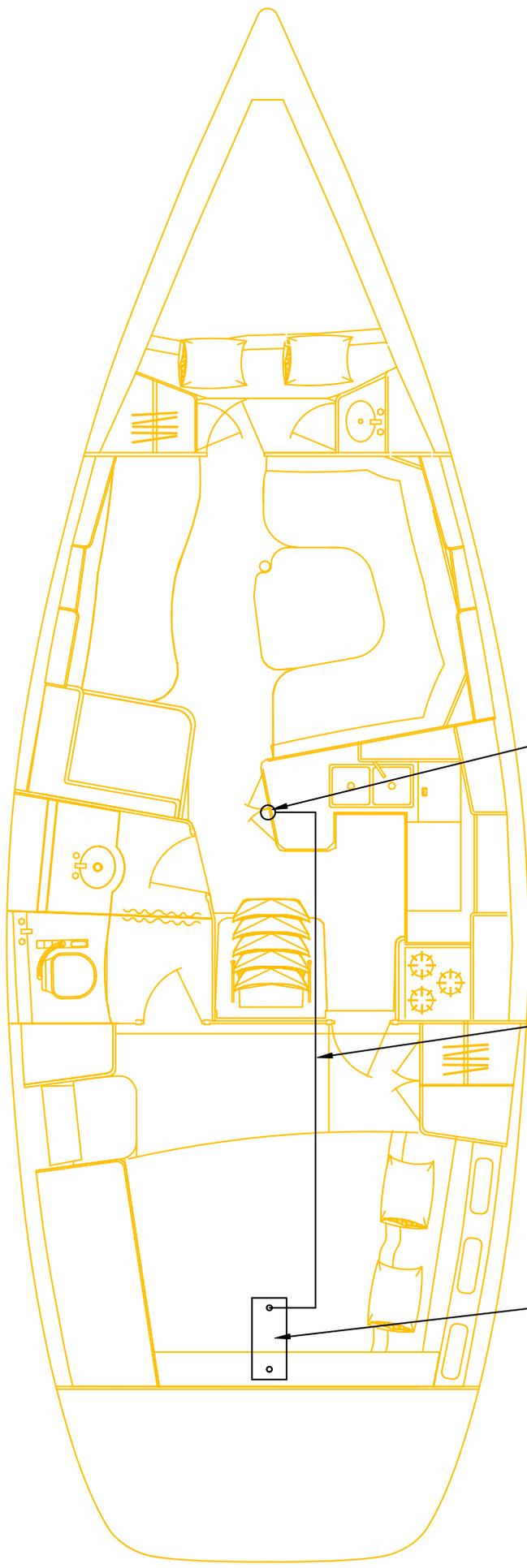
1. ALL DC WIRING WITHIN 12" OF ANY COMPASS SHALL BE
TWISTED PAIRS... THAT IS THE HOT LINE AND GROUND
SHALL BE TWISTED TOGETHER.

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386 DC CONSUMER NOTES

<small>PROJECT TITLE</small>	<small>CONSUMER NO.</small>	<small>REVISION NO.</small>
<small>DATE</small>	3808064J	NONE
<small>DEPT.</small>	ENGINEERING DEPT.	3/12/98



ATTACHED TO KEEL

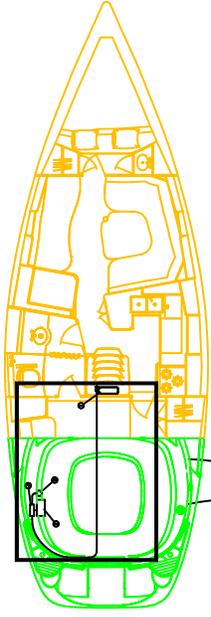
4 GA. GREEN/YELLOW CABLE

DYNAPLATE GROUNDING PLATE INSTALLED BETWEEN STRUT AND RUDDER

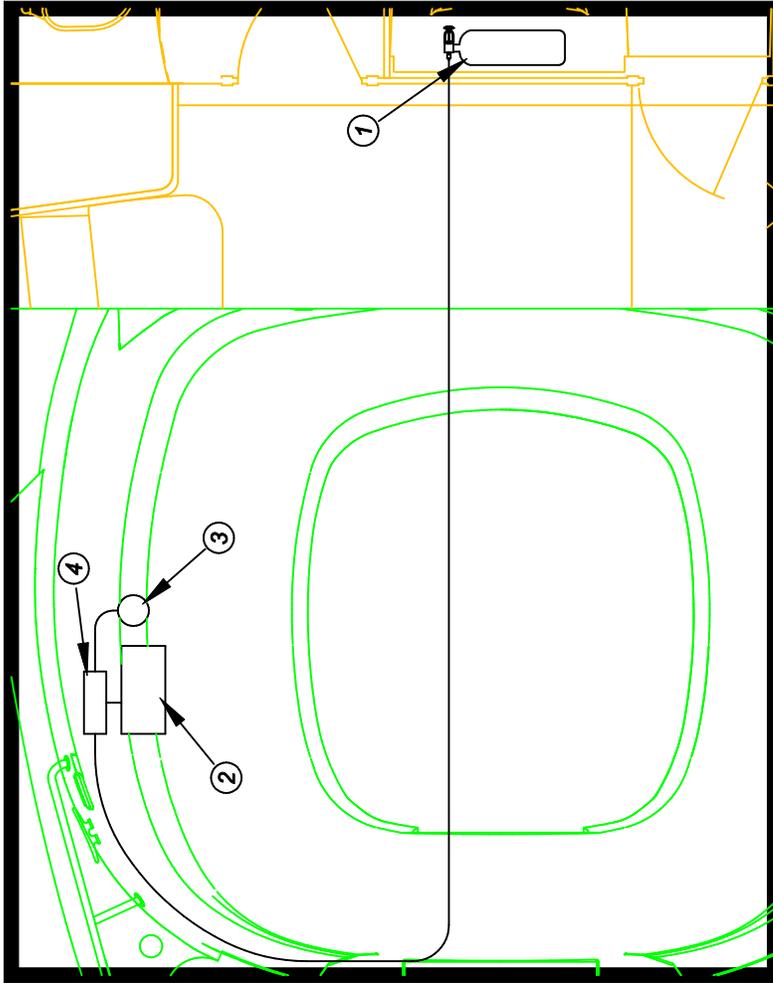
OPTIONAL DYNAPLATE GROUND LAYOUT

<small>FOR MORE FILES, VISIT www.huntermarine.com</small>	
<small>DESIGNER NO.</small> 3868064K	<small>REVISION NO.</small> None
<small>DESIGNER</small> ENG	<small>DATE</small> 08/15/02

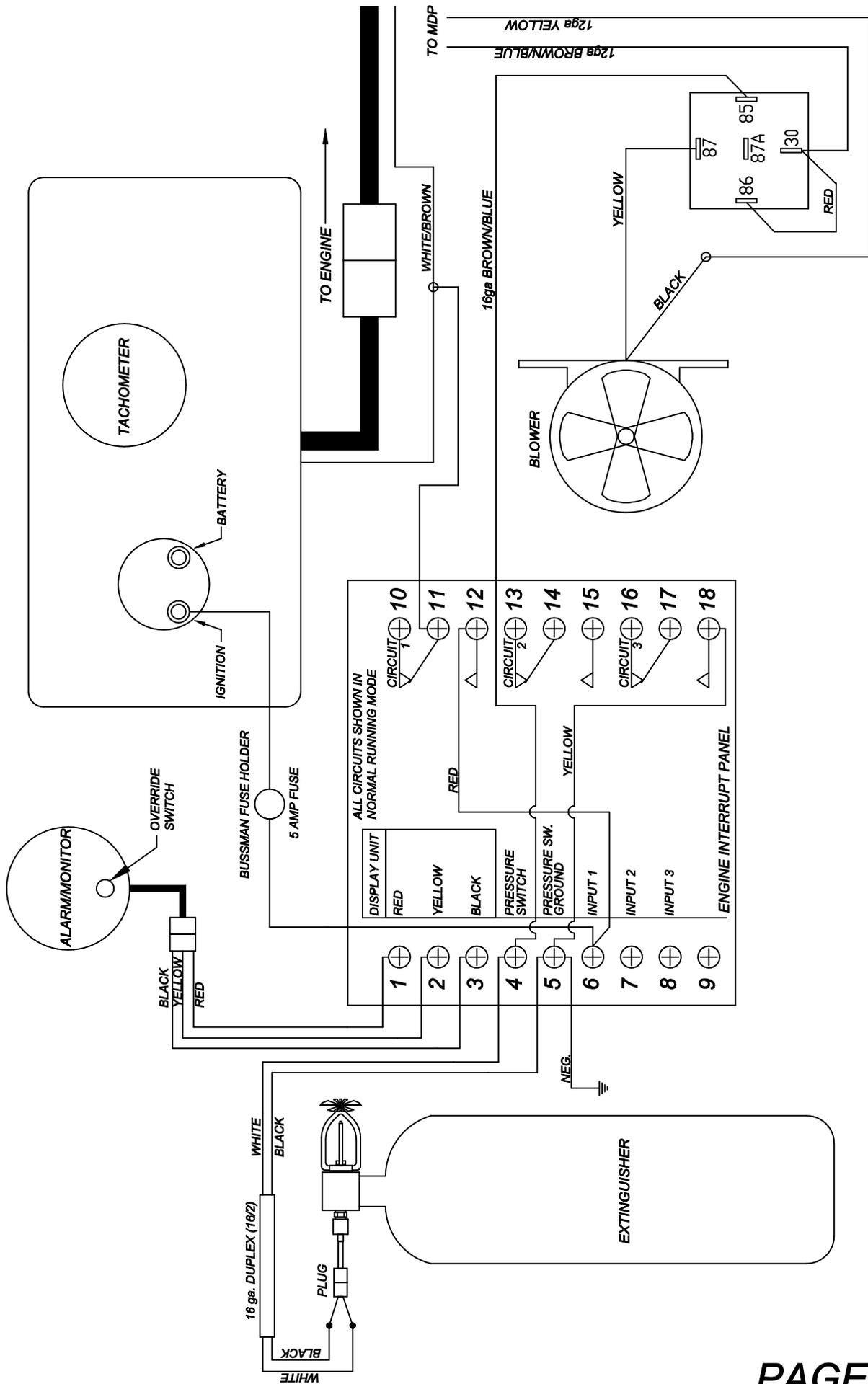


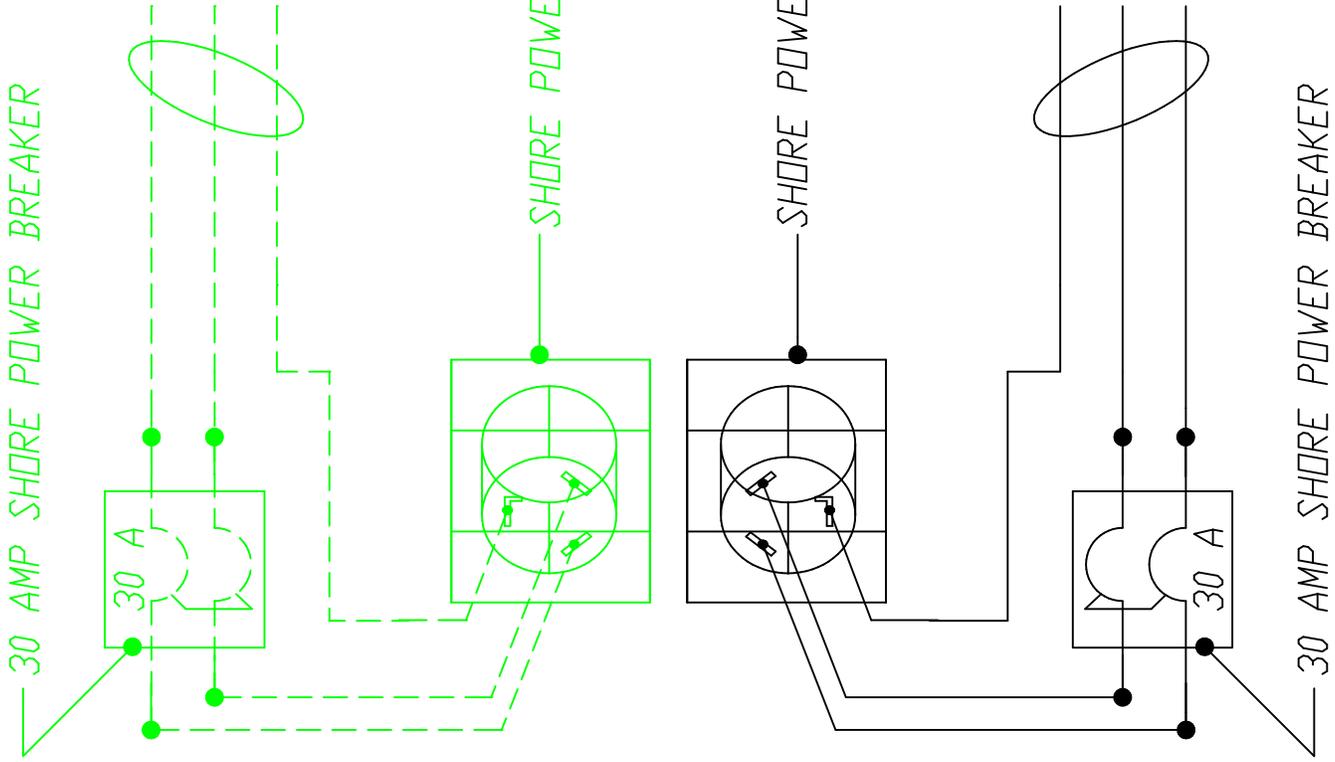


ENLARGEMENT OF BOXED AREA



- ① AUTOMATIC FIRE EXTINGUISHER
- ② ENGINE PANEL (IN COAMING)
- ③ DISPLAY (IN COAMING)
- ④ ENGINE INTERRUPT CONTROL BOX





TO ISOLATION TRANSFORMER
10/3 BOAT CABLE LINE 2

(ON AIR CONDITIONED OPTIONED BOATS ONLY)

NOTES: 30 amp BREAKERS ARE
INSIDE PORT COCKPIT LOCKER
SEE PAGE 63A-13, 14 FOR
FOR HOOKUP TO PANEL
SEE PAGE 63C FOR WIRE
RUN LOCATION

30 AMP SHORE POWER BREAKER

SHORE POWER INLET 2

SHORE POWER INLET 1

10/3 BOAT CABLE
TO ISOLATION TRANSFORMER LINE 1

30 AMP SHORE POWER BREAKER

386 SHORE POWER CONNECTOR SCH.

REVISED NO.	3808065A	REVISION NO.	NONE
DATE	4/14/98	ENGINEERING DEPT.	

386 SHORE POWER CONNECTOR SCH.

HUNTERA

H386 ELECTRICAL AMPERAGE DATA

12V.D.C. SYSTEM	
CIRCUIT/BREAKER	AMPERAGE
D.C. MAIN	50amp
PANEL LIGHTS	5amp
CABIN LIGHTS 1	20amp
CABIN LIGHTS 2	20amp
COURTESY 1	10amp
COURTESY 2	10amp
TANK INDICATOR	5amp
WATER PRESSURE	10amp
FWD.SHOWER SUMP	10amp
AFTSHOWER SUMP	10amp
MACERATOR 1	20amp
MACERATOR 2	20amp
STEREO	15amp
STEREO W/AMPLIFIER	20amp
REFRIGERATION	15amp
L.P. GAS	5amp
WINDLASS (SWITCH)	5amp
INSTRUMENTS	5amp
G.P.S.	5amp
V.H.F.	10amp
AUTO-PILOT	VARIES PER MODEL
ANCHOR LIGHT	5amp
STEAMING LIGHT	5amp
DECK LIGHT	15amp
RUNNING LIGHTS	10amp (LGR. MOD.)
RUNNING LIGHTS	5amp (SM. MOD.)
COMPASS (TIES TO RUN. LIGHTS)	
BATTERY CABLES	
ENGINE STARTER CABLE	
HALYARD WINCH	
WINDLASS (MOTOR) CABLE	

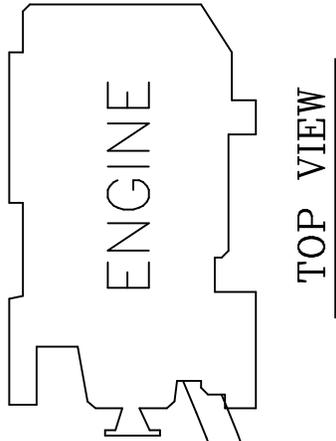
110V.A.C. SYSTEM	
SHORE POWER A.C. MAIN/S	30 amp
OUTLETS	15amp
MICROWAVE OVEN	15amp
WATER HEATER	20amp
BATTERY CHARGER	15amp
INVERTER	INTERNAL
AIR CONDITIONING	25amp

220V.A.C. SYSTEM (ON SELECT OVERSEAS MODELS ONLY)	
SHORE POWER A.C. MAIN/S	15 amp
OUTLETS	10amp
MICROWAVE OVEN	10amp
WATER HEATER	10amp
BATTERY CHARGER	10amp
INVERTER	N/A
AIR CONDITIONING	15amp

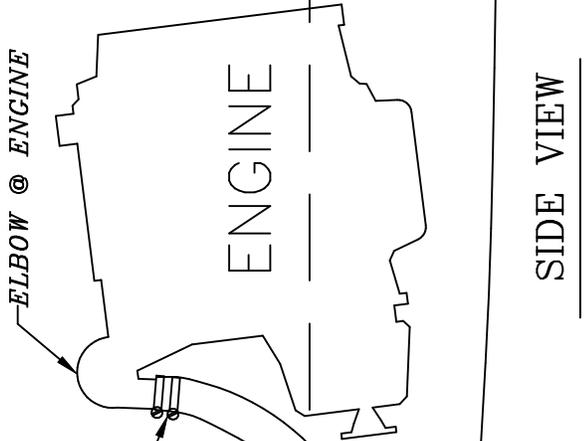
H386 ELECTRICAL WIRING/CABLE DATA

DISCRIPTION	PRT. NUMBER	WIRE SIZE	WIRE COLOR
LPG SWITCH/POWER	659802	16 gauge	ORANGE/RED
SENDER GUAGES	658600	16 gauge	RED
FUEL SENDER	658100	16 gauge	PINK
GROUND	659800	16 gauge	YELLOW
WATER SENDER	659806	16 gauge	ORANGE/BLUE
GROUND	659800	16 gauge	YELLOW
WATER PUMP	655200	12 gauge	BROWN
GROUND	659700	12 gauge	YELLOW
VACCU FLUSH	652202	10 gauge	BROWN/RED
GROUND	653631	16 gauge	YELLOW
WASTE SENDER	659805	16 gauge	ORANGE/GREEN
GROUND	659800	16 gauge	YELLOW
AFT SUMP PUMP	655400	12 gauge	BROWN/BLACK
GROUND	659700	12 gauge	YELLOW
FWD MACERATOR	655800	10 gauge	BROWN/WHITE
GROUND	653631	16 gauge	YELLOW
SOLAR PANEL	653640	16/2 DUPLEX	RED/YELLOW
VHF	653300	16 gauge	RED/WHITE
GROUND	659800	16 gauge	YELLOW
COURTESY LIGHTS	655100	16 gauge	BLUE/WHITE
GROUND	659800	16 gauge	YELLOW
CABIN LIGHTS	655000	16 gauge	BLUE
GROUND	659800	16 gauge	YELLOW
PORT FWD SPEAKERS	653620	16 gauge	WHITE/RED
STBD FWD SPEAKERS	653622	16 gauge	WHITE/BROWN
PORT MAIN SPEAKERS	653623	16 gauge	WHITE/ORANGE
STBD MAIN SPEAKERS	653624	16 gauge	WHIT/EBLUE
PORT AFT SPEAKER	653625	16 gauge	WHITE/GREEN
STBD AFT SPEAKER	653626	16 gauge	WHITE/VIOLET
PORT ARCH SPEAKER	653627	16 gauge	WHITE/PINK
PORT GROUND	653629	16 gauge	WHITE/YELLOW
STBD ARCH SPEAKER	653630	16 gauge	WHITE/GRAY
STBD GROUND	653623	16 gauge	WHITE/BLACK
COMPASS WIRE BOW	659804	16 gauge	GRAY/YELLOW
GROUND	659800	16 gauge	YELLOW
MAST	657300	16 gauge	GRAY
STEAMING LIGHT	656800	16 gauge	GRAY/GREEN
ANCHOR LIGHT	656900	16 gauge	GRAY/RED
HOUSE BATTERY	653610	2/O	RED
GROUND	653900	2/O	YELLOW
AC/DC PANEL	657900	6 gauge	ORANGE/RED
GROUND	653618	6 gauge	YELLOW
ENGINE	654100	1/O	RED
HALYARD	654010	1/O	YELLOW
T.V. / V.C.R.	658400	10 gauge	RED
GROUND	653631	10 gauge	YELLOW
REFRIGERATION	658800	8 gauge	RED/BLACK
FREEZER	658900	8 gauge	RED/WHITE
GROUND	653615	8 gauge	YELLOW
STEREO OUT	657600	12 gauge	ORANGE/GREEN
STEREO POWER	658500	12 gauge	RED
GROUND	659700	12 gauge	YELLOW
INVERTER GROUND	653642	4 gauge	GREEN/YELLOW
WINDLASS SWITCH	659200	16 gauge	TAN
MANUAL BILGE	655700	12 gauge	BROWN/RED
AUTO BILGE	655600	12 gauge	BROWN/ORANGE
GROUND	659700	12 gauge	YELLOW
AFT MACERATOR	652400	10 gauge	BROWN
AFT SUMP PUMP	655400	12 gauge	BROWN/BLACK
FWD SUMP PUMP	654600	12 gauge	BROWN/YELLOW
AUTO PILOT	658700	8 gauge	RED
GROUND	653615	8 gauge	YELLOW
CHAINPLATE	653642	4 gauge	GREEN/YELLOW
BATTERY CHARGER # 1	658000	8 gauge	ORANGE/RED
BATTERY CHARGER # 2	657800	8 gauge	ORANGE/GREEN

HEAVY DUTY FLEXIBLE EXHAUST HOSE
2" (50.8mm)



ALL HOSES ARE
DOUBLE CLAMPED.



LOOP

WATERLINE



OUTLET

HULL BOTTOM

REVISED FILE: H386 EXHAUST SYSTEM LAYOUT

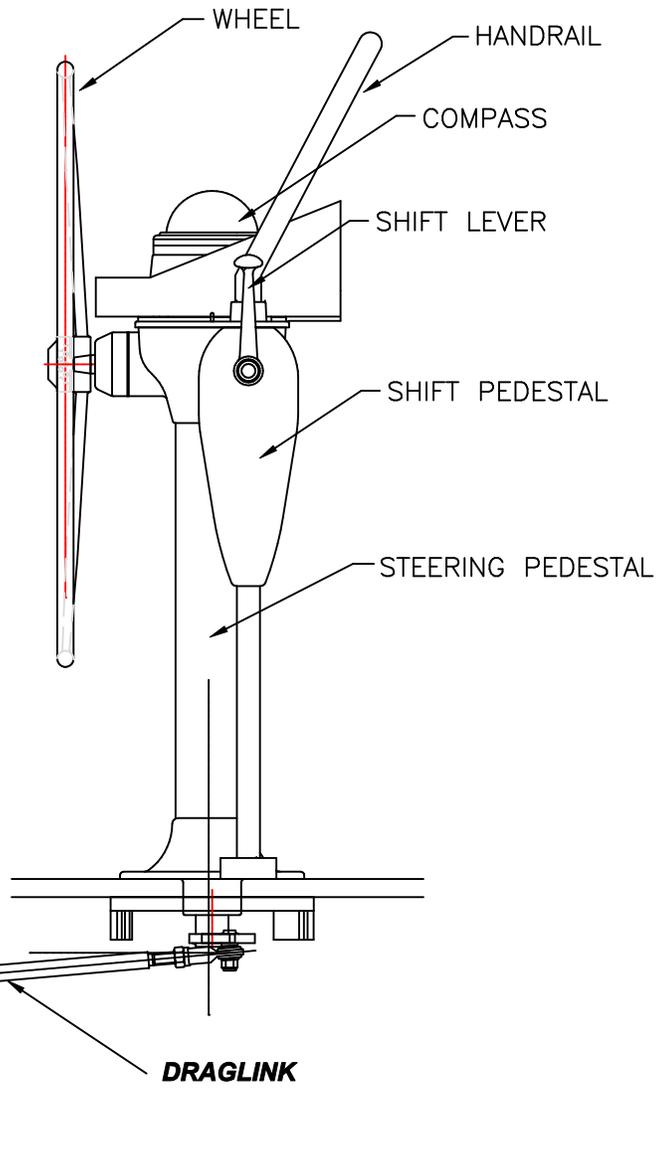
3808066 NONE 1/18/00

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HUNTERA



STEERING CONSOLE HOLDS INSTRUMENTS SUCH AS KNOTMETER, DEPTH GAUGE, WIND INDICATOR, ETC



WHEEL

HANDRAIL

COMPASS

SHIFT LEVER

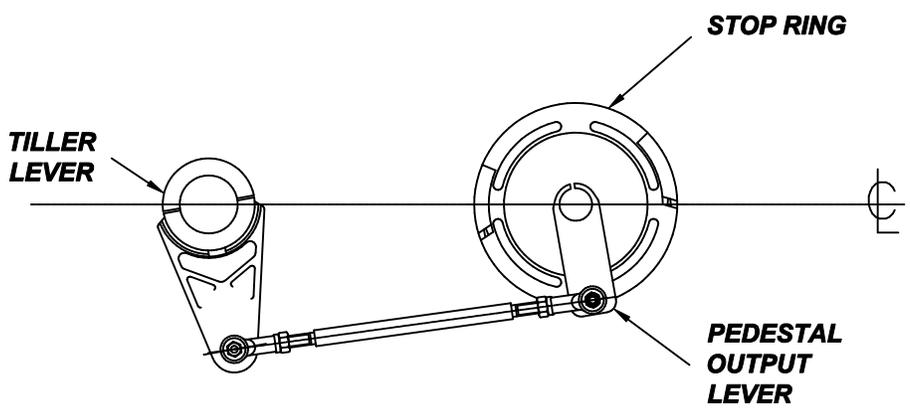
SHIFT PEDESTAL

STEERING PEDESTAL

RUDDER STOCK

DRAGLINK

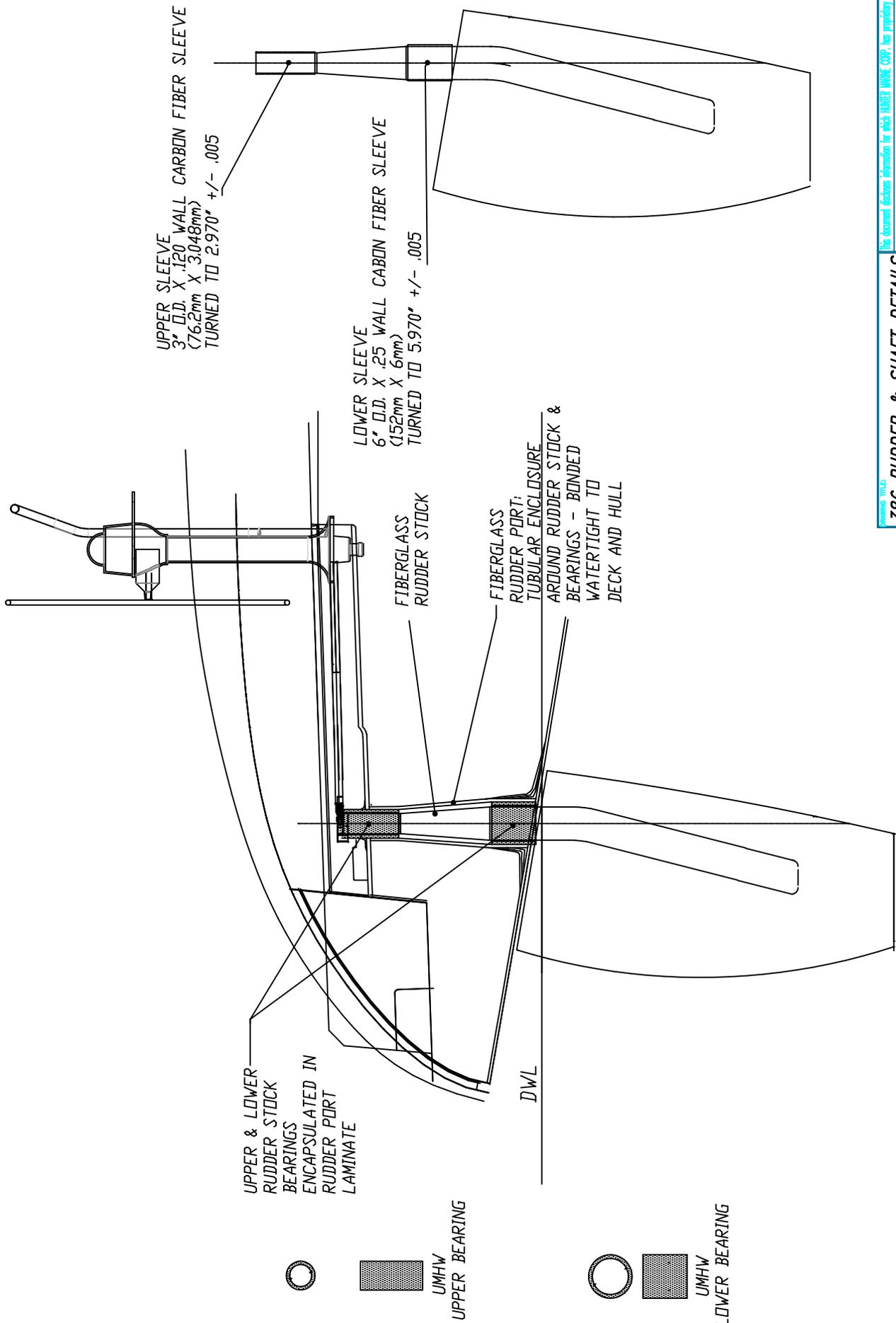
SEE WHITLOCK PROVIDED MATERIAL FOR DETAILED INFORMATION ON COMPONENTS, MAINTENANCE, ETC



STOP RING

TILLER LEVER

PEDESTAL OUTPUT LEVER



UPPER SLEEVE
 3" O.D. X .120 WALL CARBON FIBER SLEEVE
 (76.2mm X 3.048mm)
 TURNED TO 2.970" +/- .005

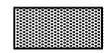
LOWER SLEEVE
 6" O.D. X .25 WALL CARBON FIBER SLEEVE
 (152mm X 6mm)
 TURNED TO 5.970" +/- .005

UPPER & LOWER
 RUDDER STOCK
 BEARINGS
 ENCAPSULATED IN
 RUDDER PORT
 LAMINATE

FIBERGLASS
 RUDDER STOCK

FIBERGLASS
 RUDDER PORT:
 TUBULAR ENCLOSURE
 AROUND RUDDER STOCK &
 BEARINGS - BONDED
 WATERTIGHT TO
 DECK AND HULL

DWL



UMHW
 UPPER BEARING



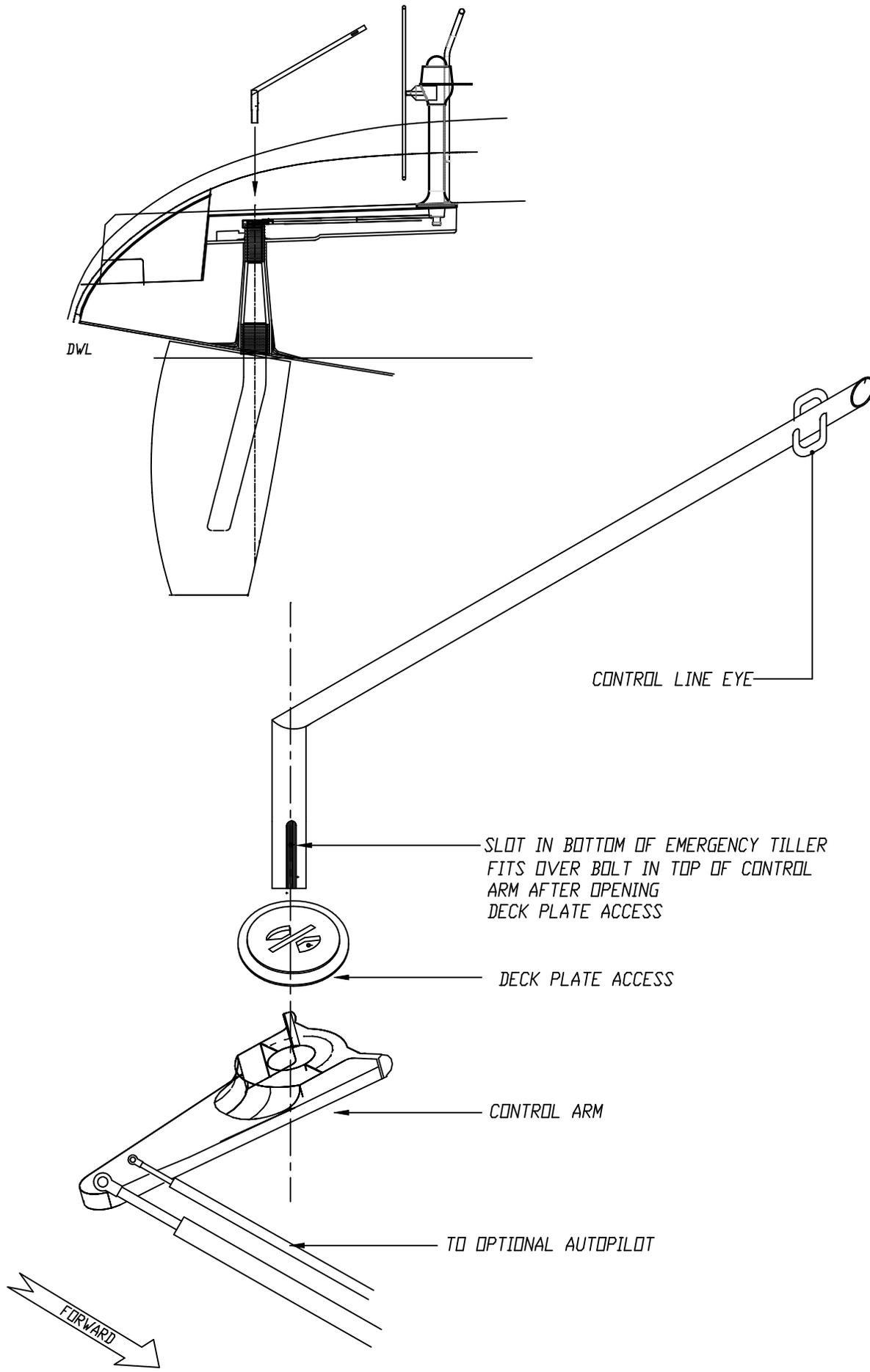
UMHW
 LOWER BEARING

386 RUDDER & SHAFT DETAILS

DESIGN NO.	3808068	REVISION NO.	NONE
DATE	4/14/98	ENGINEERING DEPT.	

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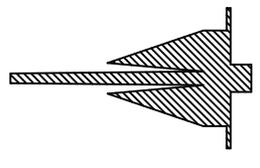
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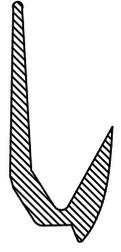
386 EMERGENCY TILLER

DESIGN NO.	3808069	REVISION NO.	NONE
DATE	4/14/98	BY	ENGINEERING DEPT.

NOTE: THE FORWARD SIDE CLEATS ON THE DECK ARE CONSIDERED THE STRONG POINT. THAT SHOULD BE THE ANCHOR POINT IF THE BOAT IS TO BE LEFT UNATTENDED.



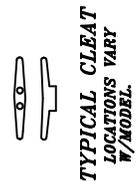
DANFORTH ANCHOR



PLOW ANCHOR

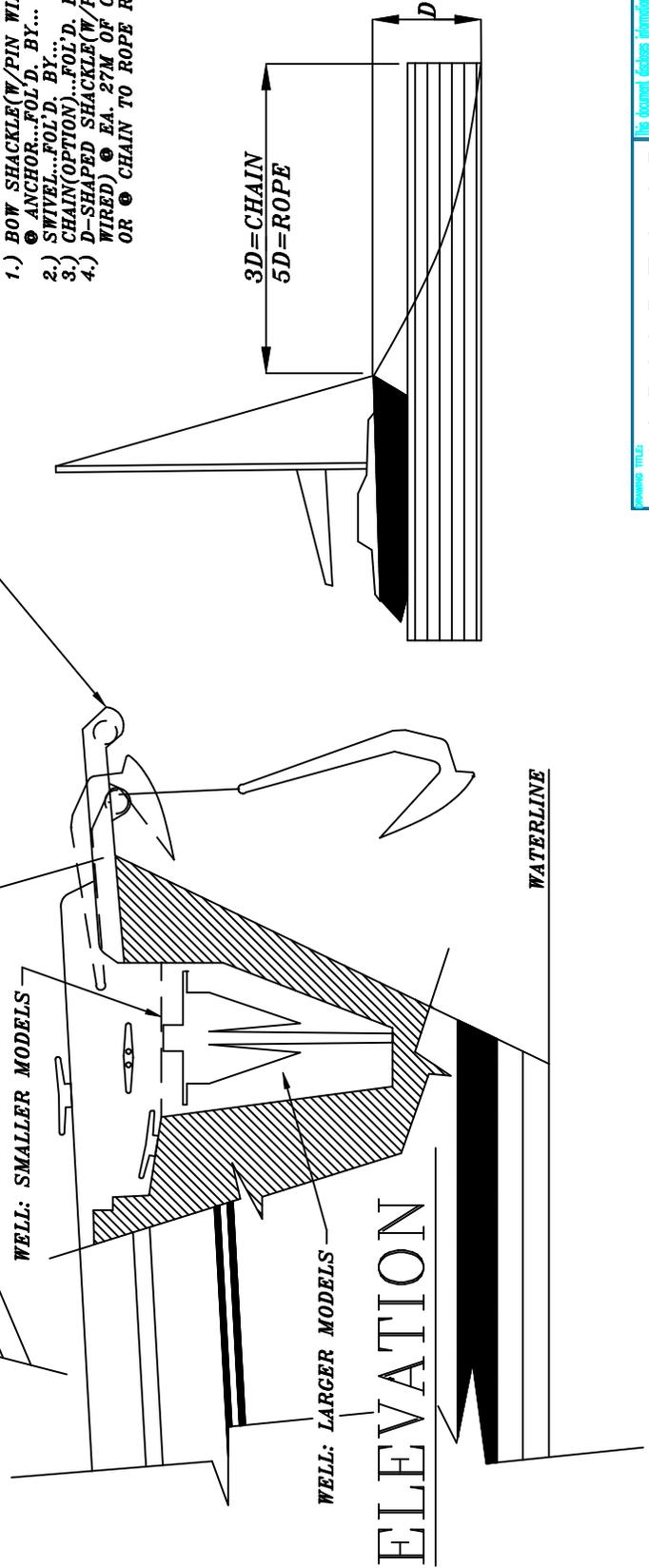
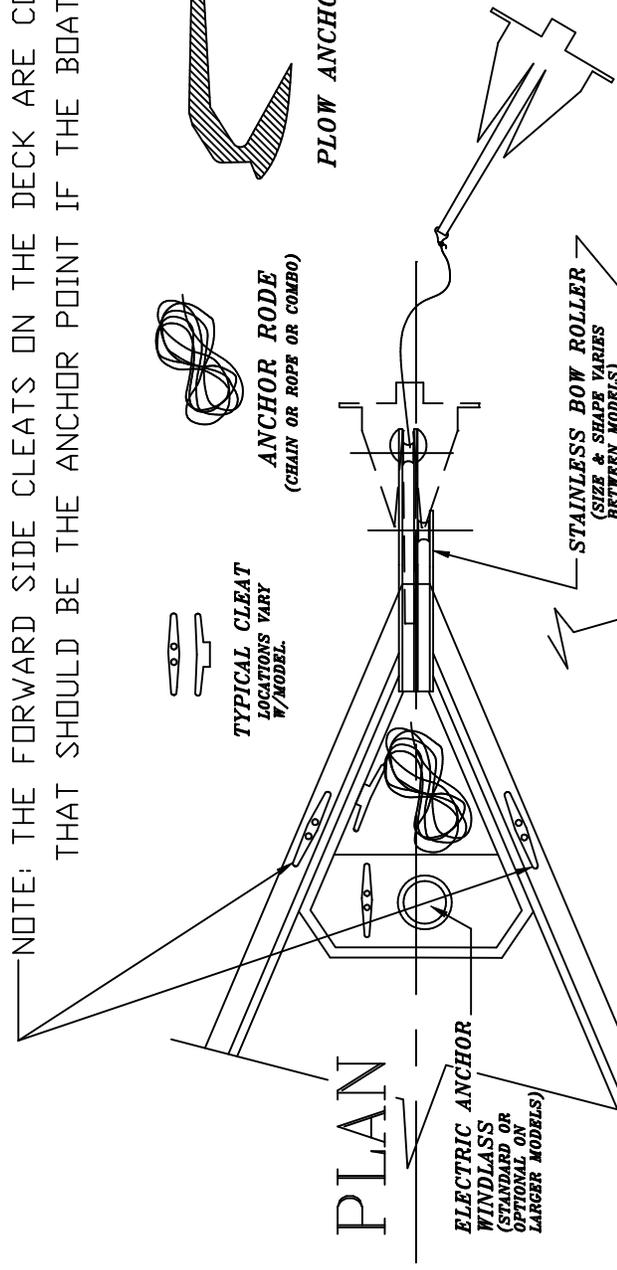


ANCHOR RODE (CHAIN OR ROPE OR COMBO)



TYPICAL CLEAT LOCATIONS VARY W/MODEL.

- GROUND TACKLE:**
- 1.) BOW SHACKLE(W/PIN WIRED)
 - ⊙ ANCHOR...FOL'D. BY...
 - 2.) SWIVEL...FOL'D. BY...
 - 3.) CHAIN(OPTION)...FOL'D. BY...
 - D-SHAPED SHACKLE(W/PIN WIRED) ⊙ EA. 27M OF CHAIN
 - 4.) OR ⊙ CHAIN TO ROPE RODE.



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